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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 161 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1949 Price: 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY BOMBAY BRANCH

O. G. LICENCE No. X1 suspended by Government. No more imports now. Hasten to call at "DECORA" to make your selection of plain and printed everglazed Chintz, Veleda Tapestry Fabrics, American Pile Fabrics, Czech Cutglassware, etc. from their rapidly diminishing stock.
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STREAM OF LOVE

NEW DELHI, July 7 (UPI): Typical of the new spirit of communal harmony and brotherliness sweeping the liberated areas the Jammu Province, is a report from Bhawani in Naoshera. On hearing that the Muslims of a neighbouring village were experiencing difficulties owing to dearth of milk during these 'Ramzan' days, the Hindus of this village, as a mark of love and goodwill for their Muslim brethren, sent them a number of cows and buffaloes. Accepting the offer, the Muslims sent a word in return that the Hindus of Bhawani had set an example for all to follow for which they were thankful to them.

Mass Contact Drive By Congress

NEW DELHI, July 7 (PTI): A mass contact drive as an immediate step to rehabilitate the Congress may be one of the items on the agenda of the Congress Working Committee meeting to be held here on July 16.

The Working Committee is also expected to consider the question of expediting agrarian reforms in the country. The report of the Agrarian Reforms Committee will be placed before the Working Committee for final consideration.

The Working Committee will review the sphere of influence of the Congress among the peasants and the labour.

The question of organising agricultural labour will be discussed by the executive of the Indian National Trade Union Congress which meets here on July 23.

Mr. Kala Venkatrao, General Secretary of the Congress, said here today that the Congress Working Committee would consider "the phases and deviations as recently manifested in the Congress and make serious attempt to devised measures to remedy these."

NEW DEAL FOR U.P.'S TILLERS

Zamindari Abolition Bill Introduced In Assembly

RED CHALLENGE WILL BE MET, SAYS PREMIER PANT

LUCKNOW, July 7 (PTI).

LEADING zamindars of the United Provinces watched today from the Governor's and the Speaker's galleries the United Provinces Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, introduce the U. P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Bill, 1949 which seeks to liquidate the century-old feudal system.

In a sixty-minute speech before a packed House the Premier, who was frequently applauded by the Congress benches, described the legislation as "the Magna Carta of the 50 million peasantry and an anti-dote to Communism.

The abolition of the Zamindari System Pandit Pant said marked the second phase of the freedom of our people, the first phase having been completed with the transfer of power to Indian hands in August 1947.

Turning to the members of the Zamindar Party in the House, Pandit Pant said: "Emulate the example set by 600 Indian princes who have voluntarily surrendered their rights to the people without any compensation."

He said the Government went to the extreme limit to provide statutory rights for the tenantry but abolition of zamindari became a historical necessity because of continued exploitation by the zamindars.

The main opposition to the Bill came from the leader of the Zamindar Party, Raja Jagannath Bux Singh who sought circulation of the Bill for eliciting public opinion. He said: "The zamindars have borne the brunt of foreign oppression in the past and it will be inadvisable to liquidate an order which has bravely fought the enemies of the country. You may still need us in future."

SECOND PHASE

The Premier was cheered when he declared: "The liquidation of zamindari is the realisation of the peasantry's dream of 'Purna Swaraj' inasmuch as this will usher in a new era of economic and social advancement for the rural population."

For over twenty years, Pandit Pant said, th esubject had been agitating the public mind and had also been discussed by the Indian National Congress. The Congress manifesto enjoined acquisition of rights of intermediaries by payment of equitable compensation. It then became "the nation's mandate and abolition of zamindari an inevitable necessity."

Replying to Socialists' criticism the Premier said: "The Socialists are opposed to payment of compensation. The Congress manifesto was also ac-

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 7)

Britain's Hope Of Peace In Kashmir

LONDON, July 7 (PTI-Reuter) Mr. Philip Noel Baker Secretary for Commonwealth Relations, answering a question about Kashmir in the House of Commons today, said the British Government earnestly hoped the differences of view which were holding up progress for a plebiscite would soon be resolved.

He was confident, he said, that both the Indian and Pakistan Governments still desired the matter to be settled by the vote of the inhabitants of Kashmir in plebiscite conducted under free and fair conditions.

RESTORING PEACE IN CALCUTTA

Drafting In Of Troops Likely: Emergency Control Far Off

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, July 7.

"FLIGHTS of imagination", is the comment in authoritative circles here in regard to the reported proposal to take over the Administration of West Bengal.

As matters stand at present, neither the Governor-General nor the Governor of West Bengal can override the written constitution which at present lacks emergency provisions such as Sections 92-A or 93.

With this lacuna in the constitution, law officers of the Crown could neither advise the Government nor draft an ordinance suspending the constitution in West Bengal. The Governor-General, under Section 126 of the Government of India Act can give direction to the Governor of West Bengal for the purpose of preventing any grave menace to peace and tranquillity of India or any part thereof.

But the direction is not annexation of powers of suspension of the constitution. Moreover, disturbances mainly localised in Calcutta could not be called menace to peace and tranquillity of West Bengal, much less to talk of India. Furthermore, the constitution was suspended in 1942 because there was no alternative Government in the Provinces. It could not be said that the alternative Government is an impossibility in West Bengal.

It may be recalled that the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly has called a conference of Provincial Premiers along with Sardar Patel later in the month to discuss whether emergency provisions were necessary and should be included in the constitution. It is possible that pending the adoption of the constitution, the Constituent Assembly may be asked to amend the existing Government of India Act by inserting emergency provisions therein. Even such a course can only be adopted after the Constituent Assembly meets on July 30.

NEHRU'S VISIT

The Prime Minister is going to Calcutta on a two-fold mission, namely goodwill and fact-finding. That he will be giving hot to Bengal Congressmen is regarded a certainty here. In any case, he will study conditions first hand and make his report to the Congress Working Committee which meets here on July 16.

The object of the Central Government is to restore law and order in Bengal. It can be depended upon to give all-out support to the West Bengal Administration in combating forces of anarchy in Calcutta. For this purpose, the drafting in of troops is regarded very much on the cards.

JULY FOURTH CELEBRATION IN NEW DELHI

His Excellency Sri C. Rajagopalachari, Governor-General, enjoys a chat with the U.S. Ambassador to India, Hon. Loy W. Henderson at a July 4 reception in honour of American Independence Day. Among other guests present were (left to right): Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Minister for Transportand Railways, Sardar Baldev Singh, Minister for Defense and Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Minister for Labour.—USIS Photo.

LEAGUE LOSES GRIP IN EAST BENGAL

Failure Of Government To Tackle Food Problem

DACCA (East Pakistan), July 7 (PTI-Reuter).

THE Muslim League has lost much of its popularity in East Bengal, Maulana Akram Khan, President of the East Pakistan Provincial League declared at a Press conference yesterday.

The main reason for this he said, "is the failure of the League Government to tackle the food problem of the Province".

Maulana Akram Khan said he made the following points in a letter to Choudhury Khaliquzzaman, President of the All-Pakistan Muslim League.

CORRUPTION.

The Muslim League Government of the Province "has been much discredited due to the vices of corruption, jobbery and nepotism rampant in almost all the departments of the Administration."

"Officers are flouting the Muslim League and they do not care to consult or take advice of Muslim League leaders even in matters of general administration.

"Among the Muslim members of the Provincial Legislature, who are ex-officio members of the Provincial League Council, there are some opportunists, self-seekers and undesirable people, who stab the Muslim League from behind at the most critical moment."

Maulana Akram Khan suggested a general election at an early date as the only remedy to purge the provincial legislature of these "evil forces."

A spokesman for the nationalized gas and electricity industry said there would be substantial cuts in the amount of gas allotted to householders.

Administration In Mahe Buying Votes

A LEADER'S CHARGE

CALICUT, July 7 (PTI): Mr. C. E. Bharatan, General Secretary of the Mahajan Sabha, Mahe, charged the administration of Mahe with "freely distributing Government funds among Muslims, Christians and fishermen to win over voters among these minority communities in Mahe".

Mr. Bharatan said that the fourteen political prisoners in Mahe were lodged in rooms which were wet and damp as a result of the tidal action of the Mahe River, on the banks of which the jail is situated.

STATION ON B.N. RAILWAY RAIDED

Armed Men Loot Staff Premises

CALCUTTA, July 7 (PTI): The Bogri Road station of the B. N. Railway, about 112 miles from Calcutta, was raided last night by about a dozen armed men, according to information received here.

It is stated that after ransacking the station office, where they looted the railway cash, the miscreants raided the staff quarters. They robbed the women folk of their ornaments and also looted some cash.

A railway clerk and a porter, who received serious injuries while offering resistance, have been removed to hospital.

SALES OF HYDERABAD SILVER TO CONTINUE

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Manager of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay has issued the following:

The Hyderabad Government has announced its intention of effecting sales of silver bars from their silver reserves for the purpose of strengthening their cash position. Such sales will be effected over a period of months by the Reserve Bank of India, acting as agent for the Hyderabad Government, by calling for daily tenders for moderate quantities and will be made only at rates acceptable to the Hyderabad Government.

The Far Eastern Commission did not hold its regular weekly meeting on July 7. Commission delegates earlier this week voted to postpone this week's meeting because of the current heat wave. The Commission probably will meet on Wednesday, instead of Thursday next week, because of the French Bastille Day which falls on Thursday.

TRADE WITH JAPAN

In the Far Eastern Area of Japan, development of export trade to India has become a matter of great concern. Mrs. Mulherkar, wife of Mr. D. G. Mulherkar, Indian Commercial Counsellor in Japan was recently invited in Tokyo by the Tokyo Chamber of Commerce and Industry, to inspect and advise on export samples of goods, intended for Indian markets. Mrs. Mulherkar is seen watching samples of the goods at the T.C.C. & I.

FINANCIAL PROVISIONS OF DRAFT CONSTITUTION

Provincial Premiers To Meet In Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 6 (PTI).

THE financial provisions of the new draft constitution will be discussed at a conference of provincial Premiers and Finance Ministers with the Drafting Committee on July 21 and the following days.

Clauses relating to the miscellaneous financial provisions with particular reference to provincial finances, borrowing, etc., will come up for discussion before the Constituent Assembly at its session next month.

The Drafting Committee, it is recalled, has already incorporated in the draft constitution the recommendations of the Expert Finance Committee on the question of the provincial share in the Central finances and other soguate items. In so far as the States are concerned, a separate committee had submitted its report on the integration of the States finances, which will also be considered by the appropriate authorities.

In view of the unstable financial conditions, the Drafting Committee thought it best to retain the present arrangement in respect of the provinces and suggested that at the end of five years, a finance commission might be set up to review the situation.

The problem, in its various aspects, will again be discussed with the representatives of the provincial governments before it is finalised.

The conference will also consider the lists of the draft constitution, namely, Union, concurrent and States and the desirability of doing away with the upper chambers in the provincial legislatures.

It is understood that the Prime Minister Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel will also meet the provincial Premiers at a conference for a general review of the political and economic situation in the country with particular reference to the food problem.

SHOOTING IN JAVA AGAIN?

BATAVIA, July 7, (UPA): The Dutch Army reported today that Indonesian guerillas striking mostly at night are attacking Dutch troops railroads and highway traffic throughout south central and eastern Java.

The Dutch report was issued only 24 hours after Republican President Soekarno's return to the Indonesian capital of Jogjakarka. It also claimed fighting was widespread on the island of Sumatra.

No formal Dutch-Indonesian ceasefire agreement has been reached but United Nations officials hoped one would be signed next week and that fighting would have ended with return of the Indonesian Government to Jogjakarta. The Dutch report however, said there was a "great deal of shooting nightly" in Soerkarta north of Jogjakarta and especially in the Malang area of East Java where armed guerillas reportedly were attacking railway and highway traffic "most frequently."

Karachi Fruit Vendors Clash With Police

KARACHI, July 7, (PTI-Reuter): Four persons including two policemen sustained injuries in a scuffle between "keep roads clear police squad and fruit vendors in front of the Karachi Municipal Corporation at midday today.

The scuffle occurred when the police was alleged to have manhardled a fruitvendor objecting his stall being carted away to court in lieu of a fine of rupees 50 imposed by a mobile Magistrate. Order was restored, later.

CRUCIAL TALKS IN LONDON

Snyder Takes Stock Of Situation

LONDON, July 7, (UPA): Britain's three highest officials tonight completed plans for critical financial talks with United States Secretary of the Treasury John Snyder, who thinks the British crisis is caused by just a "healthy" readjustment of American business.

Snyder will arrive here from Paris tomorrow morning and begin his round of conferences immediately, starting with Prime Minister Clement Attlee and Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir Stafford Cripps. He will then meet Cripps alone and continuing in the evening with informal talks with Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin. The talks will be three-way, with Canadian Finance Minister Douglas Abbot attending. Canada is also a dollar creditor of Britain.

PREVIEW

Snyder gave a brief preview of the ideas he will express to the British at a farewell press conference in Paris. He said he will tell British officials that:

Firstly, Britain's dollar crisis is due to a drop in American business of British goods. The drop is partly "seasonal" resulting from a "healthy" readjustment of American business to more normal circumstances.

Secondly, the United States is not heading toward another disastrous depression. He has "complete confidence in the soundness of United States economic situation."

Thirdly, British sale in the United States will increase as soon as current "readjustment" is completed.

Fourthly, basic policies of the Marshall Aid programme—multilateral trade and convertibility of surrencies—must be fortified.

Cripps and Snyder are prepared to cover the gamut of Britain's financial problems, including persistent reports denied by Cripps on Wednesday that the pound should or will be devalued.

The immediate aftermath of firstly, the Board of Trade announced Cripp's "crisis" statement included, that June imports of £ 201,500,000 far out-balanced exports which totalled £ 143,200,000.

Secondly, Conservative Members of Parliament succeeded in getting two days instead of one set aside in Commons next week for a full debate on the crisis.

(SEE PAGE 10)

MERRIE OLDE ENGLAND

LONDON, July 7 (UPI): Britain is going broke fast and Britons face probably more austerity, but London's afternoon newspapers gave top billing today to actor Danny Kaye and a fire aboard an airliner on which he was returning to the United States from a successful stage engagement here.

The economic crisis ran second.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a well disciplined, smart and fair-looking hostess for a Milk Bar in Central India. Rs. 250 salary p.m. with free food and lodging. Apply with photo, height, age, qualifications and other full details to Box No. 917 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted experienced Lino Operators with good speed. Apply with certificates to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle", Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

PERSONAL ADLETS

A qualified lady doctor or nurse without encumbrance and ties desirous establishing herself independently, but unable to do for financial difficulties, house accommodation and field, may apply with full particulars and a copy of photo to Box No. 4867 "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Homoeopathy taught by postal lessons. M.D.H. Diploma awarded afterwards. Apply Standard Homoeopathic Medical College, Post Box No. 75A, Delhi. 4854

Learn Journalism, story Writing, Masterly English Accountancy, Shorthand, D. Com., Commercial Courses by post. Associated Schools, Delhi. 904A

MEDICAL ADLET

"Snakam"—The famous snake-bite cure on inhalation. Successful in Scorpion stings. 'Snake-bite and treatment" with case reports free. Price Rs. 1/- per dram. Cotton & Co., Colgong, E. I. Rly. Loop. 909

MACHINERY FOR SALE

New 'Wilson' Horizontal cold start crude oil engines, 32, 55, 57, Blackstone 140 slow speed 160, delivery immediate. Dinshaw, 105 Apollo Street, Bombay. 4894

Atlas Machines are sturdy, dependable for sheet metal works. Send your inquiries to the Sole Selling Agents, The Industrial Syndicate, 119-B, Ripon Street, Calcutta 16. 4984A

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted experienced parties to act as Chief Agents on permanent basis for Bombay on very lucrative terms by a sound and bonus paying Life Office. Apply care of No. 4970 "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS OFFERS

Best Australian Self-raising flour and Semolina in 2 lbs. packets, ready stock. Local and mofussil buyers please contact Near East Trading Company, 32, Apollo Street; Telephone 33407. 897

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Dunlopillo—The original Latex Foam Matress for the utmost in hygiene and comfort. Supplies available at The Army & Navy Stores Ltd., Esplanade Road, Bombay, M.S Good Housekeeping Co. Ltd., 38, Queen's Road, Bombay and M.S Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co. Ltd., 278 & 286, Hornby Road, Bombay. 5047

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.,

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy numbered 83397/8 on the life of Asgarali Mulla Fidahusein Patanwala of, 163, Mutton St., Bombay 3 a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

B. K. SHAH
General Manager.

Date 8/7/49.

916

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of various used articles from the India United Mills, Ltd., No. 1 Mill, Nos. 2 and 3 Mills, No. 4 Mill No. 5 Mill and Dye Works which will be received upto 15-7-1949 at the Registered Office, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tender Forms can be obtained from this Office.

5037

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard and Soft) from The India United Mills, Ltd., No. 2 & 3 Mills and will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Tuesday, the 12th July, 1949, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 5045

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

CANTEEN STORES DEPARTMENT
(IN LIQUIDATION)

DISPOSAL OF SALVAGE MATERIAL

The Liquidators invite offers for the purchase of salvage materials comprising empty wooden cases, bottles, straw covers, metal caps where available, etc. from items located as follows:—

	BOMBAY	CALCUTTA
Cordials each 12 x Qrts	60,180 cases	14,100 cases
Chutney 12 x 2 lb bots	3,400 cases	101 cases

Contents of all bottles from packed cases will have to be emptied out by tenderers at their own cost and risk, prior to removal of the salvage materials. Delivery to be completed within 45 days of the acceptance of the offer.

The Liquidators reserve the right to accept any offer.

Offers accompanied with Rs. 1,000/- earnest money irrespective of items tendered for will be received by the undersigned upto 4 p.m. July 20th, 1949.

SORAB S. ENGINEER & CO.,
C/O Canteen Stores Dept. (In Liquidation),
Amar Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road,
Bombay 1.

5059

OSLER ELECTRIC LAMP MANUFACTURING CO. LTD. AND REDUCED

Re: REFUND CAPITAL

The existing Ordinary Shares scrips of the Company on which Refund Claim at Rs. 5/- per Share can be made will be received at the Registered Office of the Company at 12, Old Court House Street, Calcutta, from the 12th July, 1949 onward on all working days (except Saturdays) between 10 A.M. and 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. for engrossment of the reduced value of the Shares and for issue of refund warrants and all tenderers are requested to obtain a prescribed receipt, for the Shares forwarded. The Share scrips will be returned after engrossment and refund warrant made over only in exchange of the prescribed receipt when authorised by the Registered holder/holders or his/their constituted Attorney.

Calcutta, 4th July, 1949.

S. B. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CO. LTD.
Managing Agents.

5053

TENDER NOTICE NO. E 281

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Ministry of Food (Division II) Jamnagar House, Man Singh Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of 200,000 (two lakhs) 2 gallon size tins required to be delivered at Ghee Centre, Bangalore. Requisite quantity of tinplate will be made available from Messrs. Tinplate Co. of India, ex-Tatanagar on payment at controlled rates.

The tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 25.7.1949 on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from this office upto 18.7.1949 at Rs. 10/- (Rupees ten only) (not refundable) per set paid in cash or by Money Order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender notice number and remitter's full Name and Address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers.

5046

NOTICE OF TENDER

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES

TENDERS are invited from Contractors, borne on the Approved List of M.E.S. and within whose limits the value of the work lies, by the CHIEF ENGINEER, SOUTHERN COMMAND, POONA for the "Provision of Swimming Pool (1,60,000 Gallons capacity) including Water Purification Plant at S.M.E., Kirkee". The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 1,4 LAKHS.

Other suitable contractors, though NOT on the M.E.S. List may also apply for tender and in the event of their being selected to tender, they will be required to be enlisted as M.E.S. Contractors before concluding contracts with them.

Application for tender forms must be submitted on or Before 18th JULY, 1949, to the CHIEF ENGINEER, SOUTHERN COMMAND, POONA.

Copies of conditions of contract, drawings and all other documents connected with the work will be open for inspection in the office of the CHIEF ENGINEER, SOUTHERN COMMAND, POONA, during office hours.

Tender documents will be issued on and after 20 July, 1949 and upto 22 July 1949.

Tenders will be received by 5 Aug. 1949.

5055

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of 200 gallons Insulating Varnish, Baking quality, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Wednesday, 13th July, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post.

5058

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE BOMBAY CITY CIVIL COURT AT BOMBAY.

Summary Suit No. 200 of 1948

Messrs. VASUDEVA LIMITED, a private Company having its Registered Office at Simla and a Branch Office at New Queens Road, without the Fort of Bombay.
.... Plaintiffs

versus

(1) MOHINDER NANDA of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Captain Building, opp. General Post Office within the Fort of Bombay. (2) TRILOK NATH KOTLI of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, last residing at Chembur Refugee Camp, whose present whereabouts are not known.
.... Defendants.

To
1. Mohinder Nanda 1st Defendant.
2. Triloknath Kotli, 2nd Defendant.

WHEREAS the Plaintiffs have instituted this suit in this Court against you under order XXXVII of the Code of Civil Procedure, for Rs. 2,495-10-3 in respect of a cheque dated the 14th June, 1948 for Rs. 2475-10-0 drawn by you the 1st Defendant in favour of you the 2nd Defendant on the Punjab National Bank Ltd., and endorsed by you the 2nd Defendant in favour of the Plaintiffs for valuable consideration and for interest and costs. You are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you, within ten days from the service hereof, in default whereof the Plaintiffs will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such ten days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. 2495-10-3 and interest thereon and the costs of the suit. Dated this 16th day of October, 1948.

Seal of The Bombay City Civil Court, Bombay | (Sd.) P. A. DHRUVA for Registrar.

Messrs. PEREIRA FAZALBHOY & CO.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
(5064)

STOP THAT
COLD WITH
VAPEX
INHALANT
Breathe the pleasant, fragrant vapour from your handkerchief or use the handy Vapex Inhaler.

20 AKALIS TO BE RELEASED

East Punjab Order

SIMLA, July 7 (PTI): The East Punjab Government have ordered the release of 20 Akalis detained in connection with the agitation for Master Tara Singh's release. This is said to include those, who led 'Jathas' to Delhi, and also those arrested at Amritsar following the protest-day incidents on March 2, last.

Announcing the release, the East Punjab Premier, Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar in a statement said: "The Sikhs took Master Tara Singh's arrest with a great measure of restraint and thereby they showed that they were not only well organized but under proper discipline. The result was that only 20 Akalis were detained."

The Government, he said, had come to the conclusion that they would not be taking an undue risk in releasing them, especially when the Akali leaders realised the difficulties of the Government and had no desire to embarrass them in any way.

DETENTION ORDER CHALLENGED

Socialists File Habeas Corpus Application

RAJKOT, July 7 (PTI): Three Socialist workers of Saurashtra have filed a Habeas Corpus application before the Saurashtra High Court, challenging their detention under the Public Safety Act.

Anupchand Shah, Pranu Bhat, and Prabhashankar Dave, who have been detained in connection with the labour agitation in Wadhwan following the closure of the Jaiswar Mechanic Works there for over two months.

In their application the detenus have contended that their orders of detention were illegal as they have been issued under the signature of the additional Secretary of the Home Department who had no powers to issue them.

Brochure In Hindustani On Hindu Code Bill

NEW DELHI, July 7: A brochure in Hindustani entitled "Hindu Joue Bill-Tatha Uska Uddheshya" (Hindu Code Bill- Its Aims and Objects) has been compiled and copies of the same are now available for sale to the public.

MULTI-PURPOSE PROJECTS

State To Give Priority

BANGALORE, July 6, (PTI): Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, today defined Government's policy as regards major projects and minerals.

Mr. Gadgil who was addressing the Mysore Chamber of Commerce said the projects were of three kinds—those already under construction, those under investigation and those under survey. The first, he said, were pushed through with the utmost expedition and highest priority had been accorded to the multi-purpose works which were intended to increase food, power and employment, the other two categories would be taken up when finances permit, he added.

As regards minerals, the policy of the Government was to encourage these to be processed in India. Many of India's imports were from minerals exported from India and processed abroad. He had no doubt that in future more of these would be processed here and that manufactured goods would leave India's shores for sale abroad.

Mr. Gadgil who has just concluded a two-day visit of Mysore's hydro-electric and irrigation projects expressed satisfaction at the progress made and said that Government of India would continue to extend to Mysore every assistance required.

CONVICTED FOR OFFERING BRIBE

Jubbulpore Workman Sentenced To 6 Months

JUBBULPORE, July 7: For offering a bribe to an officer of the Employment Exchange, N. C. Bannerjee, a workman in the Gun Carriage Factory, Jubbulpore, was sentenced and convicted to six months R.I.

The accused was charged with writing a letter to the Assistant Employment Officer offering a bribe for providing the job of cooly to a man. The officer-in-charge instructed him to come and see him in the office. The accused brought the man and paid Rs. 12 as bribe.

The Special Police Establishment of the Home Ministry, Government of India, investigated the complaint and brought him to trial.

Definition Of Local Regional Language

GOVERNMENT CLARIFIES ORDERS NO MEDIUM IN SCHOOLS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE Government of Bombay has been receiving representations seeking clarification of its various orders regarding the medium of instruction in Primary and Secondary schools writes the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay. It appears from these representations that there is no uniformity in the practice followed by the School Boards in implementing the orders. The Government, therefore, considered it necessary to clarify the position. The following are the Government's decisions:

MEANING OF "LOCAL REGIONAL LANGUAGE" IN PRIMARY EDUCATION RULE 32:—The expression "local regional language" means the predominant regional language of the district for which the District School Board is constituted or in which the Authorised Municipality concerned is situated.

DETERMINATION OF "MOTHER TONGUE":—A language should be accepted as the mother tongue of a child if its parents make an authoritative declaration that such language is the child's mother tongue.

POSITION IN "BORDER AREAS":—In the border areas of linguistic regions, the medium of instruction should be that desired by the local population without the compulsion to learn the local regional language from Standard III onwards. Where, however, the local population does desire to have instruction in the local regional language also, the district School Board or the Authorised Municipality concerned shall provide for such instruction. In case of any doubt about what is a "border area" or any other point, the matter shall be referred to the Government for decision.

POSITION IN BOMBAY CITY SUBURBAN DISTRICT:—If in a school in the Bombay City or Bombay Suburban District instruction is imparted through one of the three regional languages of the Province, there shall be no compulsion to teach any 'other regional language. In schools in which instruction is imparted through a language other than the three regional languages of the Province, teaching of one of the three regional languages shall be compulsory from Standard III onwards.

MAINTENANCE OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS BEYOND STANDARD IV: As regards Authorised Municipalities, Section 17(1)(a) of the Bombay Primary Education Act, 1947, requires that they should make adequate provision for maintaining the existing Primary schools. If, therefore, an Authorised Municipality was maintaining prior to the coming into force of the Act, a Primary school imparting instruction through a non-local regional language beyond Standard IV, it will have to maintain such a school.

A District School Board and an Authorised Municipality, in addition to the schools already maintained by it, shall maintain schools teaching beyond Standard IV up to Standard VII, through the medium of Urdu or Sindhi or a regional language other than the local regional language if there are, in any area, in all the seven standards together, at least 60 pupils, whose mother tongue is such other language and whose parents desire that their children should receive education through the medium of such other language.

The existing orders regarding the maintenance of a school imparting instruction through a language other than the local regional language up to the IV standard continue in force.

STAGE OVER WHICH THE LOCAL REGIONAL LANGUAGE IS TO BE TAUGHT:—In the schools in which the medium is not the local regional language, it should be, subject to the orders regarding border areas, Bombay city and the Bombay Suburban District, be compulsorily taught from standards III to VII (in Primary and Secondary schools), i.e., for a total period of five years.

Rule 32 of the Bombay Education Rules, 1949, is being amended accordingly.

MAKE EVERY HOME A SCHOOL

Karnatak Leader's Call

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, (By Mail): "It is not enough if every village has a temple and a school. If India is to attain its past glory and if it is to take its place among powerful nations in the world every home should be converted into a temple and school' observed Dr. N. S. Hardikar, Organiser of the All India Congress Seva Dal and a prominent Congress worker of Karnatak laying the foundation stone of a school building in Rayanal, a village five miles from here.

The village school which is being run under the auspices of the District Local Board has a strength of 60 including boys and girls. The school had no building of its own. Hence the villagers themselves had collected a sum of Rs. 2,000 towards its construction.

Dr. Hardikar in his address deplored the present state of affairs in the country where the common folk had still no chance to reap the fruits of Independence which was meant exclusively for them. He threw the blame for this on the so-called leaders who had after the advent of freedom become selfish and corrupt.

Warning the people against listening to the advice of some of the leaders who were trying to incite them against the present administration, Dr. Hardikar reminded them that the administration was being run by men who belonged to Congress Organisation which had won freedom for the country after a continuous struggle extending over half a century.

The men at the top were besides being the representatives of the people were picked men who had received training at the hands of the late Mahatma Gandhi. They had been following, the path laid down by the Mahatma who was responsible for the bloodless revolution in the country

FORTIFYING RICE WITH VITAMINS

Dr. De's Research In Food Technology

BANGALORE, July 7 (PTI).—Pilot plant experiments on fortification of rice with vitamins will shortly be undertaken in the Food Technology section of Indian Institute of Science in Bangalore. Work on the use of radio-active isotops in the study of utilisation of minerals in human system will also be simultaneously taken up. Requisite equipments for this purpose are now on their way from America.

Dr. S. S. De, Assistant Professor of Food Technology, who had been deputed by the Institute to study the latest development in food and nutrition research in America has returned and is now engaged in reorganising the section on uptodate lines.

During his 16 months stay abroad Dr. De carried out extensive research on the fortification of rice with vitamins. The process he has evolved is claimed to be even better than the processes used in America. The loss of vitamins on cooking the fortified rice is claimed to be much lower in his process.

About 70 per cent of vitamin complex of rice is lost in cooking.

Fortification is ensured by impregnating raw rice with a vitamin solution. After drying it, a protective coating of water-insoluble material is given to the grain which allows the rice to be cooked without the loss of vitamins. One pound of fortified rice is stated to be sufficient to vitaminise about two hundred pounds of raw rice.

PROMOTING ADIVASIS' INTERESTS

Centre Near Dahanu Soon: Rs. 4 Lakh Scheme Envisaged

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

DAHANU, July 7.

UNDER the Sarvodaya Scheme of the Bombay Government, Thana District will soon have a centre at Kasa village, 15 miles off Dahanu, where schemes for the development and welfare of Adivasis will be taken up under the guidance of Acharya Bhise who has been appointed as the sole organiser for this district.

In his work Mr. Bhise will be helped by an Advisory Committee consisting of seven members. Government, it is understood, will spend nearly Rs 4 lakhs during the course of the next four years to finance this scheme which will operate in a compact area comprising of 20 villages with a population of 20,000 Adivasis. These villages are situated within a radius of five miles from Kasa.

Development of agriculture with the help of improved seeds and manure will receive the prime attention. Encouragement of cottage industries, health and hygiene, social education and better living conditions are among the highlights of the scheme.

The Advisory Committee held its first meeting yesterday here under the chairmanship of Acharya Bhise and chalked out a programme of activities for the next two months as part of the Sarvodaya plan.

A tree planting function was also celebrated yesterday at Kasa village; villagers, mostly Adivasis from 40 villages and prominent Congress Workers of Dahanu participated in the ceremony.

INDO-CEYLON RELATIONS

Mr. Frank Moraes On Need For Tolerant Attitude

BOMBAY, Thursday.

With a spirit of tolerance and a fund of goodwill, a much better understanding could be brought about between India and Ceylon, said Mr. Frank Moraes, Editor of the "Times of India" in a talk on "Ceylon in Retrospect", delivered by him under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council at the BEST Conference Room, on Thursday evening.

"We in India are regarded as a big territorial power by the Sinhalese. We are not regarded as a big brother but a big neighbour," he observed.

Mr. Moraes felt that Indian labour in Ceylon was irreplaceable, as the average Sinhalese labourer was too lazy compared to his Indian counterpart.

The Indian labourer in Ceylon was far better off than in his own country, as he was paid much more on account of the higher cost of living in Ceylon.

Mr. Moraes traced the latent subconscious hostility of the Sinhalese towards the Indian to historical reasons. This hostility had existed since the Tamil invasions of the island.

It was the lack of political rights, he said, that made the Indians in Ceylon look back to the mother country.

NEW EXPORT DRIVE COMMITTEE SET UP

A. D. Gorwalla To Be Chairman

NEW DELHI, July 7 (PTI): It is understood that Mr. A. D. Gorwalla, a Bombay Civilian, will be the Chairman of the Export Drive Committee, the setting up of which was announced by the Government of India, yesterday.

The members include Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi (Oil Seeds) Mr. K. D. Jalan (Jute Industries) Mr. Devish Ghose (Tea) Mr. Eutho Polo (Ralli Brothers) and Mr. L. K. Jha, Chief Controller of Exports (Secretary). The Committee will also have a representative of the Primary Producer and another representing Industry and Supply Ministry.

The Committee will examine in detail what modifications are required in the existing system of export licensing and excise taxation structure affecting the exportable commodities and other cognate matters.

IMPROVED STRAINS OF PADDY

Government Scheme For Distribution

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay is undertaking a scheme for the multiplication and distribution of improved strains of transplanted paddy seeds in Kanara district.

Under the scheme, it is proposed to cover an area of about 30,000 acres with strains Nos. 1690, 244, 1315 and 1061 within a period of three years. Of these, which were evolved at the Kumta Farm, the first was found suitable for cultivation in the upghat areas of Sirsi, Siddapur and Yellapur talukas and the rest were suited to the coastal areas.

The seed of improved strains of paddy will be multiplied in five successive stages—the first two on the Kumta Farm and the last three in the cultivators' fields.

Legislative Council To Meet On Sept. 16

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay has summoned the Bombay Legislative Council to meet at the Council Hall, Poona, at 2 p.m., on Friday, September 16, 1949.

Registration Of Dentists

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. B. M. Sidhaye, Registrar, Dentists' Registration Tribunal in a statement draws attention of the dentists practising in Bombay Province to the fact that the Bombay Government, by their notification dated September 13, 1948, have fixed September, 1949 as the last day for filing applications for enrolment in the first Dental Registrar of the Province. Those dentists who have not yet filed their applications are advised to do so before the last date, with the Registrar of the Dentists' Tribunal, Swadeshi Mills Estate, near Roxy Cinema.

ABBAS TO START A WEEKLY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. K. Ahmed Abbas, appeared before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate this morning to file a declaration as Editor, Printer and Publisher of "SARGAM", a Hindi literary and film magazine to be published from Bombay.

The magistrate, ordered Mr. Abbas to deposit a security of Rs. 1,000.

Convicted Under Prohibition Act

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Ismail Nanoo, described as a businessman of Bombay was convicted and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500 in default to further six weeks' R.I. under the Prohibition Act by Mr. M. Nemazee, Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Court today on a charge of being in possession of 160 tolas of Ganja without a permit.

Hydro-Thermal Scheme For Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, (Deccan), July 6 (P.T.I.): The Hyderabad Government have drawn up hydro-power and thermal schemes capable of generating 11,67,000 kilowatts, said Mr. V. Krishnamurthy, Engineer-in-Chief and Secretary, Public Works Department, Hyderabad Government broadcasting from the Hyderabad radio today.

Mr. Krishnamurthy said that these hydro and thermal schemes would all be inter-linked into one system, technically known as the hydro-thermal grid. The target for the next 10 years, however, was only 1,62,500 kilowatts. It was anticipated that during this period the power generating stations, that were to be set up, would give a supply of 600 million units of consumption or 30 units per head per year, at rates much below those charged at present, and at the same time give a net annual return, after payment of interets, depreciation and operation costs of the order of five to ten per cent on the capital invested.

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NEW EMPIRE

Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

From TODAY
THE GREATEST SEA PICTURE OF ALL

SUNDAY MORN. AT 10
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS Jr. In
ALEXANDER DUMAS CLASSIC
THE CORSICAN BROTHERS
At Reduced Rates

STRAND

WHERE THERE'S ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW
3-15, 6-15 and 9-15 p.m.

SEE AND CHEER THE DELIGHTFULLY ROMANTIC TEAM OF
LORETTA YOUNG and VAN JOHNSON
IN A TECHNICOLOUR HIT
MOTHER IS A FRESHMAN
A 20TH CENTURY FOX PICTURE

IN BRITISH MOVIETONE NEWS
SECOND CRICKET TEST MATCH AT LORDS

Sunday Morn at 10-30
SOHRAB MODI PRITHVI RAJ
IN
SIKANDER
At Evening Rates

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE
METRO
(Every Seat a Cool Retreat)
DAILY 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Also SUNDAY MORN at 10
JOHN FORD'S
Legend of the West
"3 GODFATHERS"
in Technicolor
Starring:
JOHN WAYNE

SONG-LADEN STORY OF IMMORTAL LOVE

NAVYUG'S musical Hit
Sajan ka Ghar
Starring RANJANA & JAIRAJ
Direction: SHOREY DAWLTALVI
OPENING TODAY
KRISHNA
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Sun. 1 P.M.
Plans Open 10 to 12, 4 to 6
KISMET, NEPTUNE, KASTURBA
— Timings As Usual
A JAYANT FILM EXCHANGE Release

RANJIT'S
PARDESI MEHAMAN
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
SWASTIK

7th BIG WEEK!
BEYOND all compare!
INDIA'S and NEW THEATRES' BEST!!!
CHHOTA BHAI
MINERVA 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m
Sun. & Holi 12-30
(Adv. Bkgs.: 10 to 12)

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Ashad Shud 13, 2005.
Muslim: Ramzan 11, 1368.
Parsi: Behman 9, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-7 a.m. Sunset: 7-20 p.m.
Hightide: 11-05, 22-28.
Lowtide: 04-00, 17-14.

Domestic Occurrence

SHROFF—Amarchand Nemchand, Solicitor (of Messrs. Amarchand & Mangaldas), expired on Thursday, the 7th instant, at 10 p.m. Uthamna at his residence at 67, Roopam, Worli Sea Face, at 5 p.m., today the 8th instant.

Today's Engagements

TAGORE SOCIETY: The annual varshna Mangal festival, at 6-30 p.m., at the New Era School.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study class on "Manas" at Jehangir Wadia Building, 6-15 p.m.

AMAR HIND MANDAL: Mr. P. M. Lad, Secretary to the Legal Department, Government of Bombay will speak on "Hindu Code Bill" at Kitte Bhandari Hall, Dadar, at 9 p.m.

No Change In Foodgrains Ration Quantum

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The foodgrains ration quantum and the maximum proportions prescribed for different cereals in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District rationed areas for the 28th Rationing Week commencing from Sunday, July 10, 1949 to Saturday, July 16, 1949, will remain the same as during the current week.

WORKERS' DELEGATE TO I. L. O.

Asoka Mehta On Future Selections

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Asoka Mehta, Socialist leader, in a statement issued today says that the explanation of the Government of India about the selection of workers' delegates to the International Labour Conference is partly true. He denies that the Government tried to arrive at an agreement between I. N. T. U. S. and Hind Mazdoor Sangh.

Mr. Mehta says that it is gratifying to note that Credentials Committee of the I. L. O. has expressed "the fervent hope that in future the Indian Government will be able to nominate a workers' delegates and advisors in agreement with all the most representative organisations.'

"Our information is that Mr. Shamaldharee Lali, Indian Government delegate, has assured the Committee that in future the procedure suggested by it shall be folowed," he adds.

Mr. Mehta hopes that the delegations to the I. L. O. conferences and its Industrial Committees will now be chosen by agreement with the various labour organisations and they will cease to be the exclusive preserve of the I. N. T. U. C.

R-E-G-A-L
(Air-Cooled & Comfortable)
Daily At 3-30, 6-30, and 9-30 p.m.

FROM to-day:
Excitement! Suspense!! Thrills!!!

Plans Open. — Book Early.

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
Paramount's "GOLDEN EARRINGS"

GOPINATH is, the unusual story of a girl, who tried to be polite even in love - - - !

13th glorious week!
Lovely SURAIYA
in Director M. SADIQ'S musicomedy:
Char—Din
ROXY 3-15, 6-15, 9-15 o.m.
Sun. Holi. 12-30
(Adv. 9-30 to 12 ; 4 to 6)

CONGESTION IN BOMBAY DOCKYARDS

City Fathers Criticise Workers' Go-Slow Methods

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE Municipal Corporation today referred to its Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee the Socialist Party resolution, moved and debated during an earlier meeting, criticising the imposing of a surcharge of 25 per cent on freight rates between U.K., Europe and Bombay.

Mr. V. B. Gandhi said that the Socialists had blamed the authorities for the congestion in the docks, which had prompted the shipping companies to increase the rates, but the attitude of Labour towards the problem of relieving the congestion had not been helpful. While the Labour leaders censured the Government and the Port Trust for not tackling the problem satisfactorily, the cranesmen in the docks were resorting to "go slow" tactics. He pointed out that a cranesman who was drawing Rs. 58 a month during 1939 was now being paid no less than Rs. 129. When the two-shift system was in existence their average output per day stood at 13,0000 tons but surprisingly enough, it came down to 11,000 tons with the introduction of three shifts by the Port Trust. Mr. Gandhi asked whether this was the type of co-operation the Socialists envisaged in the solution of the congestion problem.

CHARGE AGAINST SOCIALISTS

Mr. Homi J. Talayarkhan charged that the Socialists were responsible for inducing the cranesmen to embark on their go-slow tactics.

Mr. V. S. Bhide, Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust and a member of the House, said that many factors had contributed to the congestion in the docks. With the loss of Karachi, Bombay became the only major port on the west coast for handling big consignments of cargo. About 700,000 square feet of covered accommodation were lost as a result of the 1944 explosions and enough steel was not available for carrying out the repairs.

Mr. Bhide felt that if the Socialists gave up their present attitude of non-co-operation, which amounted to "a war against the common man", they would be earning the gratitude of the country.

REASON FOR GO-SLOW TACTICS

Mr. Devji Rattansey attributed the go-slow tactics of the cranesmen to their unwillingness to abide by the Port Trust decision in stopping the "speed money" practice by which they were benefitting for several years.

"This is a time of emergency and all parties should forget their private interests and get together to solve the problem of congestion", said Mr. Gordhandas Morarji.

Replying to the debate, the mover, Mr. Asoka Mehta said if go-slow tactics had become "chronic" with the cranesmen there should be some deeper cause. The "speed money" that used to be paid to them was neither corruption nor bribery. He charged that the Chairman of the Port Trust had consistently "refused" to resort to the machinery for solving industrial disputes. Mr. Bhide had been unwilling to allow him "to take up the responsibility which I am willing to shoulder."

The resolution was referred to the L. R. and G. P. Committee on an amendment moved by Mr. V. B. Gandhi.

BEST COMMITTEE

The House threw out a resolution moved by Mr. J. D. Daruvala criticising certain remarks made by Mr. A. L. Guilford, General Manager of the BEST Committee on leave, on the eve of his departures for England. Mr. Daruvala quoted Mr. Guilford as having stated at a farewell function in his honour that the frequent debates in the Corporation on the affairs of the BEST Committee were "most discouraging" to the proper working of the administration and had "the worst effect possible" on the staff of the Committee.

Mr. Daruvala's resolution said: "This House is of the opinion that these remarks of Mr. Guilford were only meant to cover the utter inefficiency of the BEST administration at the time and that the Corporation are surprised that such a responsible officer of the BEST Committee should have made such irresponsible remarks which are derogatory to the status of Councillors and were calculated to lower them in the esteem of the public."

Mr. Dinkar Desai stated that Mr. Guilford's remarks amounted to "an insult to the whole city of Bombay whom we represent in this House."

Mr. Ganpatishankar Desai pointed out that it was open to Mr. Guilford to say why he was leaving the service of the Corporation. That did not amount to casting aspersions on the Councillors. Mr. Guilford, he held, had served the BEST Committee loyally and faithfully.

Mr. C. C. Shah expressed the view that it was proper for every Officer of the Municipality to exercise his "discretion and independence of judgment". The mover of the resolution should not forget they were living in democratic times.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha held that if the advice tendered by Mr. C. C. Shah were followed by every officer of the Corporation, it would amount to a dangerous practice.

The motion was defeated by a large majority.

Tagai For Constructing Wells

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Satara District Rural Development Board has so far sanctioned a sum of Rs. 9,55,220 as tagai and subsidy to cultivators for constructing new wells and repairing old ones.

THE WEATHER

POONA, July 7.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours and departure from normal with total rainfall from June 1, 1949 recorded at 0.8-30 hours (I S T) on July 7, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 100 82 0 0.2 minus 5.9 Ahmednagar 82—0.1 3.2 minus 2.7 Ajmer 99 79 0.1 2.5 minus 1.2 Akola 82 Bangalore 77 66 0.3 5.9 plus 2.1 Baroda 100 Belgaum 79 70 0 1.2 minus 10.0 Bhopal 78 72 0.5 10.3 plus 1.0 BOMBAY 88 78 0.1 19.2 minus 6.2 Calcutta 89 79 2.0 12.2 minus 2.4 Darjiling 65 58 1.5 38.6 plus 7.0 Dehradun 88 75 2.0 6.1 minus 7.2 Delhi 98 85 0 0.2 minus 4.6 Hyderabad (Dn) 84 72 0.4 8.1 plus 2.5 Indore 80 71 2.5 10.8 plus 2.5 Jaipur 97 78 0.2 1.8 minus 2.1 Jubbulpore 82 75 0.5 9.3 minus 1.8 Kolhapur 81 73 0 2.5— Lucknow 93 82 0 4.6 minus 2.3 Madras 92 78 0 4.9 plus 2.2 Mahableshwar 67 63 1.0 23.6 minus 38.3 Mussorie 75 62 4.3 9.4 minus 3.5 Ootacamund 64 55 0.1 4.9 minus 3.0 Patna 90 80 0.8 11.2 plus 1.5 Poona 82 74 0 1.0 minus 4.7 Rajkot 98 82 0 1.0 minus 5.0 Shillong 74 65 0 17.7 minus Sholapur 87 72 0.8 8.8 plus 3.5 Simla 74 61 0.2 4.4 minus 5.7 Surat 92 78 0.3 2.1 minus 10.1

The following is the daily weather summary for Thursday, July 7, 1949.

Yesterday's 'low' lies this morning over Vindhya Pradesh and under its influence the monsoon has extended into the West United Provinces, the hills of the East Punjab, East Rajputana and Madhya Bharat. It has been generally active over the country outside the East Punjab, West Rajputana, Gujarat, Saurashtra and the Bombay Deccan. It is likely to extend into Gujarat, Saurashtra, West Rajputana and the East Punjab in the course of the next 26 hours.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 8th:—

Rainfall will be fairly widespread in Northeast India outside Orissa, in the United Provinces, the East Punjab, Rajputana, the Central parts of the country and the west coast of the Peninsula. Local rain will occur elsewhere except in Saurashtra and southeast Madras where scattered showers are likely.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely in and near the hills of the West United Provinces, in southeast Rajputana and Madhya Bharat with isolated heavy falls in the Konkan during the next 48 hours.

Intermittent Rains For Next 36 Hours

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Bombay city and suburbs have been experiencing fairly heavy rainfall since early this morning. The sky continues to be overcast with dark clouds and the prospect of further downpour seems to be bright, as the Santa Cruz Weather Forecasting Station predicts intermittent rains for Bombay during the next 36 hours.

The total rainfall in Bombay uptodate is 19.2 inches which is 6.2 inches below normal. Santa Cruz recorded 1½ inches of rainfall, Juhu and Malabar Hill ¾ inch each and Colaba 6 cents during the last 24 hours ending 8-30 a.m. today.

The noteworthy amounts of rainfall along the Konkan coast during the same period were Vengurla 1½ inches, Mahabaleshwar 1 inch and Devagad ½ inch.

The weather expert stated this afternoon that the monsoon has extended in East and West Gujarat and East Saurashtra during the last 24 hours. Widespread light to moderate rains are expected in Gujarat with a few heavy falls in and around the Panchmahal District and local light showers in Saurashtra during the next 36 hours.

GRIEVANCES OF CRANE DRIVERS

Attitude Of Port Trust Authorities Deplored

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Asoka Mehta, President of the Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union, in the course of statement, says:—

"The Central Labour Commissioner had promised to come to Bombay, in May, and look into the grievances and demands of the Cranedrivers. He could not come in the month of May and informed the Union that he would come in June. In the last two days we have received three telegrams informing us of his arrival, and three different days have been suggested.

"Such delays are inevitable because the Chief Labour Commissioner has heavy responsibilities. We have therefore, been seeking the intervention of the Regional Labour Commissioner and the Conciliation Officer. For the past two years, unfortunately, the Port Trust authorities have persistently refused to make use of the good offices of the local officials. They have insisted on waiting for the Chief Labour Commissioner and the result has been avoidable prolongation of disputes. We are unable to understand the attitude of the Port Trust authorities in refusing to make use of the local machinary of conciliation in trade disputes."

ALLEGED MURDER OF S.I. OF POLICE

Eye Witness To Incident Gives Evidence

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The first prosecution witness to tender evidence in the Nadkarni Murder case was Sadoo Dhondu Pawar alias Narayan, who stated before Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Police Court, today, that he was a witness to the incident, involving assault, which lead to the death of Dattatray Sadashiv Nadkarni, a former Sub-Inspector of the Bombay Police force.

Charged before the court with the murder of Nadkarni are Kishori Alla Datta, whose age according to the charge sheet is 25, and whose occupation is given as film actress. Along with her, facing the same charge, are her employees, Jagdeshkumar Hiranand Shetty, a 24-year old youth, who acted as Kishori's secretary, Rampalsingn Narendrasingh and Mohan Alvares alias Bertal. The accused are alleged to have fatally assaulted the deceased at Kishori's flat at Worli on the night of February 9, last.

In his evidence today, Sadoo Dhondu Pawar deposed that he was employed by Kishori as kitchen boy upto February 9, and that he had witnessed the assault on Nadkarni by the four accused. He stated that dancing and singing parties were held in the hall of Kishori's flat. On the night of February 9, at about 11 p.m. Nadkarni came to the flat and Jagdeshkumar, Rampal and Kishori started assaulting him, using fists and chappals and kicking him. Nadkarni being a frequent visitor to the place, had kept some of his clothes at the flat, and soon after the assault these were thrown out of the flat. Nadkarni and Mohan then left the place together and went down.

Subsequently Mohan and John, the chauffeur, put the clothes in a jeep which was parked near the staircase in front of which the garage was situated. Later Kishori called Nadkarni upstairs. When Nadkarni came back witness alleged, Kishori, Jagdesh and Rampal belaboured him in the veranda adjoining the kitchen till he was unconscious. Afterwards all the accused went to their respective rooms to retire for the night.

After the others had retired, witness, Mohan and Francis, another servant, carried Nadkarni into the hall and laid him on a sofa. Witness then went to the kitchen.

The next morning, in accordance wiht Mohan's instructions, witness went to wake up Nadkarni. It was about six o'clock, and Mohan asked the witness to enquire if Kadkarni would have some tea. Kadkarni was not in the room where he had been left the previous night, and witness told Mohan about it. Mohan asked the witness to see if Nadkarni was on the terrace. Witness saw from the balcony Nadkarni lying in the garden below. When again in accordance with Mohan's instructions witness informed Jagdesh, who had been sleeping in another room, about Nadkarni, Jagdesh asked him to go downstairs and raise an alarm. Witness did as was told and shouted for the chauffeur, John, and the mali.

On seeing John bringing some water, Kishori, witness stated, told John from the balcony where she was standing, not to give Nadkarni any water. Witness with the help of the mali and Francis, carried Nadkarni to the flat and placed him on the carpet in the hall. In the meantime Jagdesh phoned for an ambulance. At about 11 a.m. the ambulance arrived and Nadkarni was taken to the hospital, Jagdesh and Rampal accompanying him.

In reply to a question by the prosecutor, witness added that he did not know whether first aid was administered to Nadkarni, or whether any medicines were given to him at the flat. Jagdesh and Rampal returned at about 12 noon.

Witness deposed that he was instructed by Jagdesh, Rampal and Kishori to state in case the police made enquiries that Nadkarni had fallen from the staircase, and that was the statement he made to the police the same night when along with the mali, and Francis, the chauffeur, he was taken to the DeLisle Road Police Station, for questioning, and previously when the police took down his statement at the flat. This statement was also recorded at the C.I.D. Office. The following morning when witness was released from the Police Station he went to his uncle's place near the Charni Road Station.

Here the evidence of Sadoo Dhondu Pawar, alias Narayan, concluded. Further evidence will be heard on Saturday when another prosecution witness will give testimony.

Mr. Sushil Kavlekar appeared for the prosecution and Mr. K. L. Gauba and Mr. C. T. Nadkarni appeared on behalf of the defendants.

Tree-Planting Week

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The West Khandesh District Rural Development Board has decided to observe the second week of July as a Tree-Planting Week in the district.

Ahmedabad Workers' Cost Of Living

BOMBAY, Thursday.

During May last, the working class cost of living index number for Ahmedabad (with the average prices for the year ended July 1927 equal to 100) was 249, being six points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by eight points to 254.

Industrial Dispute For Adjudication

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The industrial dispute between the Ahmedabad Victoria Iron Works Company, Limited Ahmedabad, and its workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. P. D. Vyas.

Crucial Stage In City Sweepers' Strike

CORPORATORS ASK FOR SPECIAL MEETING

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE long-drawn strike of Bombay's Municipal sweepers reached a crucial stage today and its resolution seemed to rest on a legal interpretation.

Despite the warning issued by the Municipal Commissioner a fortnight back that if they did not resume work on July 7, they would stand dismissed none of the strikers turned up for duty, nor was there any sign of their doing so on any specific future date. Questioned by a representative of this paper, if they were now to be regarded as having been dismissed ipso facto, a spokesman of the Municipality said that they were liable to be dismissed.

Meanwhile, several confusing trends have arisen. First, Mr. Naushir Bharucha met Dr. B. R. Ambedkar and sought his assistance and advice, generally about the strike and particularly about the case of certain sweepers now pending before the Chief Presidency Magistrate in which the defence is challenging the contention of the Municipal Councillors that the strike is illegal.

As far as his intervention was concerned, it is understood that the Law Member told Mr. Bharucha that he could not effectively intervene unless both the parties are agreeable to his intervention. Therefore he could do nothing unless the Municipality invited him to intervene.

REQUEST FOR SPECIAL MEETING

Meanwhile, the opposition parties in the Municipal Corporation have sent a requisition for a special meeting to discuss the situation arising out of the judgement of the High Court holding the detention of Mr. G. J. Mane, General Secretary of the Municipal Kamgar Sangh to be illegal. There appears to be considerable doubt about the exact implications of the judgment and authorised copies of the judgement are awaited by the Municipal Executive as wel as the Opposition Parties.

The argument of the Opposition is that if the strike is perfectly legal, then none of the strikers can be dismissed. Therefore the question of their reinstatement does not arise. And since that is th eonly hitch today in the way of the resumption of the workers, they are hopeful of persuading them to resume at once.

A spokesman of the strikers told a reporter of this paper that the judgment of the High Court fully vindicated them and that the strike was lawful. An opposition member expressed the hope that the Municipal Executive will not stand on its prestige and raise any difficulties but smoothen the way for an early resumption of work by the strikers.

Social Workers Training Class

The Secretary of the Social Service League, writes:—

The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class has commenced on 6th July and will run well into September. Those who are desirous of joining the class are advised to enrol themselves without delay. The course combines lectures on a variety of socially useful subjects with visits to well-known social work institutions. The hours are 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. on Wednesdays and 5 to 7 p.m. on Saturdays. Enquiries should be made at the Social Service League, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon.

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CHANDRA LEKHA

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE & CITY LIGHT,
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AND AT MANY OTHER CENTRES ALL OVER INDIA.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

C. P. M. SPECIAL TENDER NO. DGD/CPM-3/WATCHES.

Tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase of the following located at Disposals Retail Shop, Queensway, New Delhi:—

(1)	Wrist Watches (Longinis, Omega, Lacutra, Movado, Zenith, Cyma etc. & Stop Wrist Watches etc.).	268 Nos.
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(3)	Clocks (Wall, Electric, Navy & Airforce etc.)	2,983 Nos.
(4)	Chronometers	14 Nos.

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed forms, which can be had from the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay and Madras at Re. 1/- per set.

Tender forms contain instructions to Tenderers, conditions of sale, inspection permit and full particulars of stores in 12 different lots. All offers to be made lot-wise. Tenders should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, C. P. M. Directorate Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and should reach him by 4 P.M. on 10th August, 1949. Apart from representative samples which may be seen with the Regional Commissioners, these Watches & Clocks may be inspected at the Disposals Retail Shop, Queensway, New Delhi, between the hours of 9 A.M. and 12 noon from 10th July to end of July, 1949.

Issued by

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,

NEW DELHI.

Behind Movie Headlines

By Harold Heffernan

Stand-in is a bit of jargon from the Hollywood lexicon, but its usage has spread so far afield that it rates a two-line definition in Webster's. Charles Rosher, veteran cameraman, famous as the man who photographed Mary Pickford so glamorously in her heyday, invented the stand-in.

On the set of "Red Danube" at MGM, the chubby, graying Rosher, who has been making pretty women of the screen look prettier for the past 32 years, told us some little-known facts about the stand-in. This pictuure, by the way, chalks up Rosher's 400th as a lenser.

"Contrary to general Nation, the stand-in wasn't conceived with the idea of saving year and tear on the star," Rosher said. "In those old days our stars used to spend too much time in wardrobe and makeup while the rest of us waited. I finally got the stand-in idea. The first one was a wooden dummy. It was made to the exact size and proportions of Mary Pickford. We togged her out in curls, even had her face made up to a startling resemblance."

RAMPAGE

That started a wild rampage on the part of all other stars, Rosher explained. Norma Talmadge, Gloria Swanson, Anita Stewart and others insisted on having one of those life-like wooden images, but Mary remained the only one so distinguished. The other players finally got their stand-ins, but they were of the human variety. Humans came cheaper and were much more flexible and understanding.

Papa of the stand-in has proof of his inventive genius. Dummy Mary, 31 years old, five feet even, and gorgeous in blonde curls, stands in the Rosher home among his most cherished mementos.

THE REAL GOODS

Barbara Stanwyck, playing a murderess in "Thelma Jordan," got a chance to talk it over with some real ones at the Los Angeles County Jail last week. Director Robert Siodmark took his troupe over from Paramount to photograph behind-the-bars sequences and the Sheriff obligingly cleared out a cell block containing trusties for the film flock to occupy.

Peering out at the make-believers were some of Los Angeles's headline characters of the moment, among them Betty Ferreiri, the meat-ax Wielder and Lila Leeds, recently sentenced with Bob Mitchum for Marijana smoking. Miss Stanwyck spent all her time between shots chatting with the lady inmates, all of whom turned out to be typical movie fans. They asked for and received autographed pictures of the visting star.

"Say, when 'll this movie be out?" one woman inquired of Barbara.

"I believe about September first," the star calculated.

"Gee, that's good," came the reply after a brief pause. "I'll be out about then myself."

MOVIE AUTHOR

Jeanette MacDonald has joined the long list of movie-star authors and in her book, "A Lady's Fans," will pay tribute to the movie patrons, especially those on her long correspondence list.

Miss MacDonald is basing the text on letters received from fans since her start as a screen star. She will trace her career by these letters—from the days when she began with Maurice Chevalier at Paramount, through the golden years as co-star with Nelson Eddy, her period of retirement, and the current comeback.

"In the book," explains Miss MacDonald, "I am attempting to show how advice, suggestions and loyalty of those thoughtful enough to write have actually influenced my career. It was these letters that prompted me to return to the screen."

LANCASTER'S WIFE

Burt Lancaster's wife may have given up her acting career when she married the star, but her face will not be missing from the screen. Mr. Lancaster is in charge of this little paradox. Now starring in "Rope of Sand," burt also has his own independent unit, "Norma Productions," so named in honour of his wife. Her face, furthermore, will be used in profile on the medallion trade mark that hits the screen just ahead of the main title.

"Why", smiles Burt, "she" even have top billing over me!" Greater love than this hath no actor.

French Cyclist-Tourist At Ambala

AMBALA, July 6. (P.T.I.): The French cyclist-tourist, Lionel Brans, arrived in Ambala this afternoon from Jullundur, covering 140 miles in four hours.

On arrival Brans said he had left Paris on a tour round the globe on a push like on November 14 last and had covered 11,220 kilometres so far. He passed through Italy, Yugoslavia, Turkey, Syria, Iran, Afghanistan and Pakistan.

He is bound for Delhi where he will meet the French Ambassador in India and will assist an industrialist in setting up a cycle factory in India.

Telegrams To North-East China

CALCUTTA, July 7. (P.T.I.): Telegrams in plain languages only are now admitted for the following cities in north-eastern China, states a Posts and Telegraphs Department notification: Antung, Changchun, Harbin, Kirin, Mukeden (Shengyang), Newchaang, (Yinkow) and Tsitshar.

Foreign Films For This Week

JOHN PAYNE & GAIL PUSSELL IN "EL PASO"

"EL PASO"

At The Regal

Lovely Gail Russell was in greater luck than she realized when she awarded the plum role of Susan Jeffers in Paramount's spectacular Western drama, "El Paso." Not only is she complemented by four unusually handsome leading men, but, unlike the average Western film in which the heroine's part is the fairly routine one of adding a touch of beauty and romance, Gail's role is a pivotal one. The highly absorbing story stems from her presence in the wickedest town in Texas in 1865, and has its climax because of her influence on its most vengeful killer.

Co-starred with Gail in the Cinecolor drama which opens on Friday at the Regal, are John Payne, Sterling Hayden, George "Cabby" Hayes and Dick Foran. They are supported by handsome Eduardo Noriega, Mexican star who makes his American debut in "El Paso", Henry Hull, Mary Beth Hughes H.B. Warner and Bobby Ellis. Vying for her affections are Payne and Hayden. Foran and the tall, south-of the-border Noreign complete the quartette of handsome men who surround the raven-haired beauty.

The beautiful colour in which "El Paso" is filmed is said to do full justice to Miss Russell's unusual beauty. It is the first time she has been photographed in colour.

Gail has a long list of film successes to her credit, including "The Uninvited", "Calcutta", "Salty O'Rourke" and, most recently, "Night Has a Thousand Eyes". In 'El Paso" she has one of her most dramatic roles as the aristocratic Charleston girl whose loyalty to her broken, besotted father, known as the "hanging judge", keeps her in the violent, lawless town, until Payne arrives from Charleston to claim her. But first he has the town to contend with, and his and Gail's adventures add up to mighty exciting film fare.

MOTHER IS A FRESHMAN

At The Strand

The Technicolor comedy, "Mother Is A Freshman", starring Loretta Young and Van Johnson, is a college movie where students really act like students, with no chorus of shapely chronies, no absent-minded professor or not even a game-winning, last-minute touchdown in the final reel.

Instead, there is projected against a realistic college background the novel story idea of a lovely young widow, who financially embarrassed after years of luxury, discovers that she is eligible for a college scholarship. Following her sophomore daughter to the campus, she enrolls as a freshman and promptly falls in love with the handsome professor of English literature, with whom her daughter is also enamoured. Seen in the title role, Loretta Young has Betty Lynn as her daughter while the apex of the unusual triangle is Van Johnson, as the youngish professor.

Prior to production, Director Lloyd Bacon made a tour of leading Western colleges and universities, finally selecting the picturesque University of Nevada for exterior and class-room scenes. This is the third time in two years that Twentieth Century-Fox companies had been in Reno, where much of the background footage for the successful "Margie" and "Apartment for Peggy" productions was filmed.

VAN JOHNSON IN "MOTHER IS A FRESHMAN"

Heading the featured cast of "Mother Is A Freshman" are Rudy Valee and Barbara Lawrence, while Robert Arthur, Betty Lynn, Griff Barnett and Kathleen Hughes are featured. Walter Morosco produced the film.

FIRING ON DISPLACED PERSONS

Sindhi Panchayat's Protest

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Sindhi Panchayats Federation, Bombay, at a meeting held last week viewed with deep regret and alarm that firing had been resorted to at several places in Bombay Province of late on displaced persons.

The Panchayat contended that legitimate reasons justifying firings as the only means for restoration of law and order did not exist. The Federation requested the Bombay Government to appoint an inquiry committee to go into the circumstances of the firing incidents.

The Federation also requested the Central and the Bombay government to extend the right to vote to the adults displaced from Pakistan.

Implementation Of Greater Bombay Scheme

SECRETARIAT CONFERENCE TO DISCUSS VARIOUS ISSUES

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Financial and administrative issues arising out of the implementation of the Greater Bombay Scheme will be discussed at a conference of the representatives of the Bombay Municipal Corporation and the Provincial Government, tomorrow, at the Secretariat.

The first stage of the Greater Bombay Scheme envisages the extension of the city limits to Jogeswari on the B.B. & C.I. Railway line and to Ghatkopar on the G.I.P. line which will come under the jurisdiction of the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

MAIN ISSUE

The main issue that will figure at the discussions will be the extent of financial help the Provincial Government would be willing to give to the Corporation in the implementation of the scheme. It was stated at the Secretariat, today, that the Government would readily extend all possible financial assistance to the civic body, as even as it is they are providing some help to the Borough Municipalities. However, it is suggested that the Government could not be expected to shoulder the full financial burden arising out of the implementation of the scheme.

With the extension of the jurisdiction of the Corporation, Borough Municipalities will cease to function in the areas concerned.

A draft Bill is being prepared by the Municipality in this connection and after the approval of the Government, it is likely to come up before the next session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Government will be represented at the Conference by the Premier Mr. B. G. Kher, the Finance Minister Mr. V.L. Mehta and the Local Self-Government Minister, Mr. G.D. Vartak, while the Corporation deputation will be led by Mr. S.K. Patil, the Mayor of Bombay.

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

REGAL:
"El Paso" starring John Payne, Gail Russel, Sterling Hayden and Dick Foran.

NEW EMPIRE:
"Down to the Sea in Ships" starring Richard Widmark, Lionel Barrymore, Dean Stockwell, Gene Dockhat, Cecil Kellaway, and Harry Davenport.

METRO:
"Three Godfathers" starring John Wayne, Pedro Armendariz, Harry Carey (Jr.) Ward Bond, Jane Darwell and Guy Kibbee.

STRAND:
"Mother is a Freshman" starring Loretta Young, Van Johnson, Rudy Valle and Barbara Lawrence.

PALACE:
"Tap Roots" starring Van Heglin, Susan Hayward.

AURORA:
"If You Knew Susie" starring Eddie Cantor, Joan Davis.

LIBERTY:
SUNDAY, July 10, at 10-30a.m.: "Fievres" (French Film with subtitles in English).

THRILLS IN 'DOWN TO THE SEA IN SHIPS'

At The New Empire

The thrills and romance of the great whaling days brought to the screen with all their pulse-pounding excitement, have never been better delineated than in Twentieth Century-Fox's "Down to the Sea in Ships".

Starring Richard Widmark, Lionel Barrymore and Dean Stockwell in their best roles to date, director Henry Hathaway has weighed cinematic anchor on a whaling story replete with action, human conflict, and emotion against a background of high adventure.

Here, captured on celluloid, is the gripping tale of an old whaling master who refuses to relinquish his traditional post at the wheel of his beloved "Pride of Bedford" until his young grandson is ready to assume his responsibilities. Here, too, is the rebellious mate who covets the command of the ship and refuses to accept his skipper's iron-clad authority.

Richard Widmark enacts the role of the mate, and it is his finest characterization, eclipsing his noteworthy performances in "Kiss of Death", "Street with No Name" and "Road House". In his first "straight" sympathetic role, Widmark more than lives up to advance notices as a truly fine actor of tremendous range and ability.

Seen as the crotchety captain is venerable Lionel Barrymore, marking his fifty-fifth year at the forefoont of American stage and screen actors. Eleven-year-old Dean Stockwell, who scored so sensationally in "The Green Years" and "Gentleman's Agreement" is outstanding as the captain's young grandson, new in the ways of the sea.

Much of the exciting action, which is shown in realistic fashion, takes place aboard the 45-ton big, "Pride of Bedford". Her crew battles the sea and the elements in their pursuit of the valued mammals, and their hunting ground covers the Atlantic Ocean from Newfoundland to Cape Horn.

Heading the cast of "Down to the Sea in Ships" are Cecil Kellaway and Gene Lockhart, while other members of the distinguished cast include Berry Kroeger, John McIntire, Ruth Donnelly, Henry Morgan, Harry Davenport and Connie Marshall.

Ably directed by Henry Hathaway, who keeps the action mounting to the spectacular climax when the ship runs aground on an iceberg in the South Atlantic, the film was produced by Louis D. Lighton. The screen play is by John Lee mahin S. Bartlett from a story by Bartlett.

GERMANS STRANDED IN GOA DURING WAR

Repatriation Arrangements

RANGOON, July 6. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Forty Germans stranded in the Portuguese Indian port of Marmagao since the outbreak of war in 1939 are to be repatriated by the International Red Cross Society, Doctor Rowland Marti, a Red Cross delegate, said here today.

Doctor Marti, who came to Rangoon recently in response to an appeal by the Burma Red Cross Society, said he would leave for Goa tomorrow to complete the repatriation arrangements. Most of the Germans are members of the crews of four Nazi ships which scuttled themselves in Marmagao in 1934.

Prizes For Kaira Villages

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Three villages in Kaira district have been awarded prizes for the improvement work done by them during 1947-48. They are Navagam in Matar taluka (Rs. 200); Zankharia in Anand taluka (Rs. 150); and Vadala in Borsad taluka (Rs. 100).

3 GODFATHERS

At The Metro

John Ford and Merican C. Cooper, the producing team that gave the screen such distinguished films as "Fort Apache" and the "Fugitive" have come through with another notable offering in "3 Godfathers".

Here is western drama done with adult perspective. The thrills, spectacle and suspense are there, the conflict of desperados, gunfights and pursuit, the awesome, panoramic Technicolor backgrounds, of Death Valley and the strange tale of three badmen who find themselves with a foundling on their hands. But the far-fetched melodrama and exaggerated histrionics of the usual horse-opera are absent. Instead, we have credible action, intelligent dialogue and a lift of emotion in the story's dramatic highlights that gives this colourful outdoor drama vitality and distinction.

Briefly, the plot encompasses a trio of badmen who make their escape over the desert after holding up a bank. Balked by a pursuing posse in their attempt to reach a water hole, they battle the elements and undergo the torture of thrist. A dramatic encounter with a dying woman results in their vow to take care of her infant son. But only one of the trio survives to bring the child to safety, an act of heroism which brings its vindication.

Outstanding performances on the part of the principals give the swift-moving drama its honesty and credulence. John Wayne offers a forthright and perceptive portrayal of the leader who brings the adopted infant home. Pedro Armendariz is the Mexican member of the trio who sacrifices his own life so that the child may live. Harry Carey, Jr. son of the western star, carries on in the tradition of his famed father in the part of the youngest desperado. Excellent also are Ward Bond as the sheriff, Mr. Sweet, Mae Marsh as Mrs. Sweet, Guy Kibbee as the impartial judge, Dorothy Ford as the girl willing to wait for Waynes, Jame Darwell and Ben Johnson.

"3 Godgathers" gives the screen's outdoor drama its widest scope. It has its share of laughs, tears, melodrama and two-fisted action.

LIONEL BARRYMORE IN "DOWN TO THE SEA IN SHIPS."

Iron And Steel For Agriculturists

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Some hundred tons of steel., 1680 powrahs, 1,506 pickaxes, 610 crow bars, 181 bundles of barbed wire and 25,121 feet of piping, valued approximately at Rs. 432,000 were dispatched to the various agencies in Bombay Province for distribution to agriculturists through the District Rural Development Boards, in June last.

Surat Ban On Transfer Of Arms

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The order of the District Magistrate of Surat prohibiting the transfer of arms and ammunition from one person to another, without a special permit from him, has been extended for two months, from July 9. Dealers in arms and ammunition are not affected by the prohibitory order.

Work Of Literacy Boards Widened

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Government of Bombay has widened the functions of the Workers' Literacy Boards so as to enable them to supervise the literacy classes conducted by the mills and factories for the benefit of their employees. The Boards were established at Ahmedabad, Sholapur, Hubli and Jalgaon towards the close of 1947.

Pretty Dorothy Ford promises to wait for John Wayne forever in a romantic moment from "3 Goodfathers," thrill-packed Technicolour drama directed by John ((Fort Apache") Ford and opening this week at the Metro Theatre. The new picture also features Pedro Armendariz and Harry Carey, Jr. son of the famed western star.

HOLLYWOOD ADOPTS NEW RULES FOR FILMS' FOREIGN VILLAINS

With the tense international situation what it is, Hollywood studios have quietly adopted a code on how to treat filmdom's foreign villains.

A Russian heavy, for instance, can be bad, but musn't be allowed to overstep the bounds of dastardliness. Moviemakers, in fact, would much rather get along without having to picture a Red villain at all, but when such a story as "Red Danube" comes along (an adaptation of the best-seller "Vespers in Vienna"), historical facts wouldn't permit a shift in his nationality.

This part presents one of the touchiest casting problems in Hollywood today and the final decision will be carefully weighed. As a Producer Carey Wilson sums it up, "The Russian General plays a lot of scenes with our Walter Pidgeon. Pidgeon is six feet four, a heartylooking chap. We must show the Russian just as big, otherwise, if we get a fellow only a mere six feet and not as good looking as Walter, Stalin's boys will take it as an insult and maybe say we're starting a movie cold war".

Boiling it all, down, Wilson is on the hunt for a Russian baddie six feet four, talented, good looking, endearing—and still able to put over one of the meanest roles ever written into a film script.

Thirteen years ago James Broderick of M.-G.-M.'s casting office made out a work-permit request for a youngster just signed by the studio. Her name was Judy Garland. Now Broderick has prepared the same type permit for another youngster—A dark-haired girl not quite three years of age. Her name is Liza Minelli and she was accompanied by her screen-star mother, the little Judy Garland of 13 years ago.

Small Liza will appear with her mother in "Annie Get Your Gun", the big musical slated to go into production next week.

Betty Grable, who is almost without temperament and rarely bothers with her screen assignments, has asked 20th Century-Fox's Darryl F. Zanuck for a slight favour. Bettey called on Zanuck and asked please wouldn't he give her a modern story next, instead of adding to that long string of period movies which she's been doing the past four years. Most recent of these was the just-finished "The Beautiful Blonde from Bashful Bend".

Betty has never issued an ultimatum. But as the industry's top box-office star in recent polls, even a smiling suggestion from her gets deep consideration. Betty will get her wish. A modern story is being hunted far and wide for her next start in September. (NANA).

Tatas Enter Final After Disappointing Display

MAHARASHTRA NOSED OUT OF HINRICHS SHIELD

BOMBAY, Thursday.

THE first semi-final in the Hinrichs Shield Football Tournament proved a great disappointment. Both Tata's and Maharashtra served up football that was just mediocre. Tata's emerged victorious by a solitary goal scored in the fifteenth minute of play by Basil Menezes.

Maharashtra, barefooted on a ground that was perfect controlled the ball perfectly, but being afraid to tackle their completely booted opponents and gradually gave way to what would have otherwise proved to be an interesting encounter. This is the main reason for the Poona side's downfall.

Mention must be made of the valuable efforts made by centre half Yesoo Dass to save the game, but all his clever scheming was in vain against the defence of Papan. Yesoo was ably supported by Subrayalu, who with his long reach kept Menezes and Balan in check and was seen even in goal area making that last minute effort to save. In the forward line Ganesh and S. K. Rao were prominent, out they received little support from the wingers.

TATA'S UNIMPRESSIVE

For Tata's very little can be said but their idea of using Balan as a right wing was of little consequence for when Balan is put on the right extreme, he uses his left foot and does the contrary when he is being worked up on the left flank. Diago again proved to be of little use to the intermediate line. Papan had to shoulder the brunt of the attack and kept them well away. He once again showed that he is definitely one of the best full backs in Bombay today and is playing at the top of his form.

Up and down play was the keynote for the first quarter of an hour's play and Tata's missed an early opportunity of scoring through Peter Ferrao but the Poona side pressed and the Tata goal had a few anxious moments but with very little confidence Thingalaya effected some lucky saves.

MENEZES LUCKY GOAL

Tata's opened their account due to the carelessness of Maharashtra's goalie, Chinathamoi, who failed to gather or push out a high kick from Basil Menezes who lifted a loose pass from Peter Ferrao, Tata's would have gone further ahead when Anthony Braganza had outwitted the entire opposition and the ball rolled off to Balan who shot way above the bar.

Maharashtra had fought hard to get on even terms and just before the breather Ganesh, their centre forward rushed to a well placed uppish pass and had Papen beaten and had made a fine left shot, but Thingalaya leapt and covered the shot well to push it out of play.

With renewed vigour Maharashtra commenced attacking in the second half but never once proved a real threat to Thingalaya. Tatas in their return, forced the pace to increase the slender lead they were enjoying. Once a fine centre from Balan went abegging and on another occasion Keshav ideally placed to shoot, sent the ball soaring over the crossbar.

Maharashtra's efforts to draw level and save the game was foiled to the end by Tatas who now await the winners of the other semi-final between Trades and Burmah Shell which is being played to-day Friday.

The Teams:—

TATA: Thingalaya; Ananthram Papan; Diago, Krishnan, Damodar; Balan, Menezes, Peter Ferrao, Braganza Keshav.

MAHARASHTRA: Chinathambi; Pillai, Manuel; Rawal, Yesoo, Subrayalu; Tulshi Ram, Eath Raj, S. K. Rao, Jaganath.

Referee: L. Panton.

MOTORMEN TROUNCE ASBESTOS CEMENT

Indian Football League At Parel

BOMBAY, Thursday.

General Motors found little difficulty in disposing of Asbestos Cement Sports Club this evening in the First Division of the Indian Football League at St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

The Motormen experienced a field day for goalgetting and no fewer than seven goals were registered, to which there was no reply. Samuel was the most outstanding player on the field and scored four of his side's goals. Rebello netted twice while Sawant completed the tally.

Earlier, in the Second Division of the Indian Football League Khatau Sports Club scored eight goals against St. Xavier's College second string, who scored on two occasions. Govindraj netted four goals. Panjri two. A Solomon and D. Solomon one each for the winners, while Gonsalves and Ayres D'Souza scored for the Collegians.

In the Fifth Division of the Harwood Football League which is confined to local Schools South India Education School scored a solitary goal victory over St. Isabel's H. School Sadashivan scored the all-important goal.

In the Senior Section of the same league, St. Stanislaus High School beat Tutorial High School by four goals to nil. On two occasions Stephen D'Souza netted, while D. Moraes and Theo D'Silva scored once each for the winners.

SOCCER FANS INVADE FIELD IN CALCUTTA

Match Abandoned. Referee Chased By Mob

CALCUTTA, July 7 (PTI): The only match down for decision in the First Division Calcutta Football League today between East Bengal and Aryans had to be abandoned seven minutes before time owing to an ugly incident in the field.

The Aryans were leading by two goals to one during the second half of the play. About mid-second half, East Bengal effected a corner and from a melee Dhannanjoy, one of their forwards, pushed the ball into the goal when an Aryans defender managed to clear it. East Bengal claimed a goal but the referee declined.

At this, a section of the spectators rushed into the field and chased the referee. The players of both the teams intervened and drove the crowd back.

"In the seventeenth minute, East Bengal again claimed a goal. This time a defender in clearing the goal from the goal line, used his hands and the ball appeared to have crossed goal line. The referee, however, awarded a corner.

The field was invaded by a crowd for the second time, when the referee stopped the game and made for the tent. Before he could leave the field, he was surrounded by some men one of whom hit him in the face. Officials of East Bengal rushed to his help and carried him out of the field. Mounted police then appeared and dispersed the crowd.

Aryans right out, S. Choudhury, headed in their first goal in the 18th minute of the first half. Ahmed drew level in the 7th minute of the second half. Within three minutes Aryans led again. D. Chatterjee cleared with a mild shot, which the keeper could have saved.

INTER-PROVINCIAL FOOTBALL

14 Teams Enter For Santosh Trophy

CALCUTTA, July 7.

The Inter-Provincial Football Tournament for the Santosh Memorial Trophy, for which fourteen teams have entered this year, will begin in Calcutta on July 26.

The following is the Draw.

FIRST ROUND:

(A) Hyderabad vs. Orissa.
(B) U. P. vs S. S. C. B. (Services Sports Control Board)
(C) Assam vs. Bihar
(D) Delhi vs. Madras.
(E) Bengal vs. C. P.
(F) Rajputana vs. Travancore

SECOND ROUND

(1) Winner of (A) vs. Western Indian Football Federation
(2) Winner of (B) vs. Mysore.
(3) Winner of (C) vs Winner of (D)
(4) Winner of (E) vs. Winner of (F).

Willie Pep-Jean Mougin Fight Postponed

NEW YORK, July 7 (PTI-Reuter)—The Willie Pep-Jean Mougin non-title feather-weight fight, which was to have been held in the open air here last night, has been postponed until Tuesday night because of threatening weather.

Pep is world featherweight champion but Mougin agreed to a non-title bout.

ROAD RACES FOR JUNIORS

Athletes' Club Second Meet

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The next meet of the Bombay Junior Athletes Club will be held on Sunday the 17th instant at 7.45 a.m. There are two road runs round the Oval Maidan 880 yards run for boys under 15 and 1 mile for boys under 18.

No entry fees will be charged for the competitors. All the competitors are requested to be present at the Band Stand Cooperage at 7.45 a.m. to take away their respective numbers. Boys have to bring their own needle and thread to stitch the numbers.

Entries close on 6th July at 6 p.m. and may be forwarded to Mr. Ullal Rao C/o. Taj Mahal Hotel, Apollo Bunder, Bombay, or J. Jameson, c/o. Esplanade Police Station, Bori Bunder Bombay.

In the Day's Sport

FOOT BALL
Cooperage

5-45 p.m. Trades vs Burmah Shell (Semi-final Hinrichs Shield).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m. Goan S.C. "E" vs Bombay Metal and Alloys (Musry Cup).

5-40 p.m. Dockyard "A" vs Goan S.C. "B". (II Div. Harwood League).

G.I.P. Rly. Ground, Parel

4-40 p.m. Little Flower H.S. "B" vs. Antonio D'Silva H.S.

5-40 p.m. St. Mary's H.S. vs St. Joseph's H.S. (V Div Harwood League)

TABLE TENNIS
Byculla Y.M.C.A.

6 p.m. First and Second rounds of Lower Half of Juniors' Singles.

7 p.m. Third round of Lower half of Men's Singles.

DYER SCRAPES HOME

Fully Extended By Ezeikel In Byculla Table Tennis

BOMBAY Thursday.

Top-seeded Ossie Dyer came very near to meeting his Waterloo" in the third round of the Men's Singles of the Byculla Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis Tournament this evening, when he was taken to full five sets by J. Ezeikeu, a layer possessing stubborn defence

Dyer with the carefree style of a caster of both the flanks found it most disconcerting to see most of his apparent winners being sent back over the net with the same amount of consistency with which he hit them, and was always in arrears during the first two sets both of which he incidentally lost. Being two games behind, Dyer rallied brilliantly, and by clever manoeuvrings he pulled the game out of the fire, and won the next two after a desperate struggle for supremacy. Ezeikel's dogged defence told its own tale, and Dyer was hard put to it to score points but playing cautiously and choosing the right ones for the "kills", he got the better of his determined opponent.

The fifth and the deciding game saw both the players on the extra cautious side, with Dyer playing a very restrained game, but inspite of these tactics, Dyer found himself all along in arrears of a few points until he levelled the scores at sixteen all. Ezielkel was lucky to get a few points at this stage by the ball accidentally hitting the edge of the table. Dyer was however not to be denied the victory, and won a gruelling game at 21-18, and the match with it.

In another interesting match of the evening, Bhatkal managed to get the better of an attacking player in I A. Laljee. The latter who was responsible for the execution of many beautiful forehand drives was however prone to be a little erratic, and paid the penalty of such rashness but not before he had taken his opponent to full five sets.

In addition to the third round matches of the Men's Singles, the first and second rounds of the Junior's singles were also decided this evening

The following were the results:

JUNIOR'S SINGLES
First Round

S. K. Thakersey beat S.B. Jog, 22-20, 21-19; R. Kapadia beat E. Pereira, 22-24, 21-7, 21-19; A. N. Dossa beat M. N. Dossa, 21-12, 21-5; P. Dave beat H. Kripalani 18-21, 21-16, 21-11.

Second Round

S. K. Thakersey beat P. Dave 21-5 21-12; A. N. Dossa beat R. Kapadia 21-12, 21-12.

MEN'S SINGLES
Third Round

D. P. Sampat beat S. C. Mudnany 21-14, 21-18, 21-17; Ossie Dyer beat J. Ezeikal, 17-21, 24-26, 21-17, 24-22, 21-18; P.K. Joshi beat J.A. Ramkrishna 18-21, 21-11, 17-21, 21-14, 21-19; P. Kumar beat H. V. Bairy, 21-10, 21-16, 21-16; D. Somaya beat S. V. Gaoker, 21-13, 21-10, 21-9; V. D. Kalavar; beat P. S. Nath, 21-15, 27-25, 21-17; K. H. Kapadia beat G. Reuben 21-11, 21-13, 21-9; D. N. Bhatkal beat I. A. Laljee, 18-21, 21-12, 21-14, 13-21, 21-12.

"COMMONWEALTH TEAMS TOUR WILL HELP BUILD INDIA'S FUTURE TEAMS"

De Mello Completes Tour Of Europe's Best Stadia

LONDON, July 7. (PTI-Reuter):

ANTHONY DE MELLO president of the Indian Cricket Control Board left London today for India completing a 2,500-mile two months air trip of Europe. He has been to most of the best stadia and sporting arenas in Europe.

Mr. De Mello who was seen off by the Indian test cricketers Vijay Hazare, Vinoo Mankad and Dattu Phadkar said he was glad to be getting back as "there is so much to be done."

He said that Phadkar had already made great strides in improving his cricket under the guidance of Alf Gover the former England fast bowler.

Questioned about the visit of the Commonwealth Cricket Team Mr. De Mello said that he was very happy about the team that was going to India. "This is a team, a great all-round team which will teach India a great deal in all its aspects. In the field they may be the best seen in any country, speed artistry and no butter fingers. The team consists of tireless workers and no inconsiderable artists."

Mr. De Mello was sorry that neither Martin Donnelly, of New Zealand nor Keith Miller, of Australia, could accept his invitation to go with the team and captain it, but was pleased that the players had themselves picked Jock Livingston as their captain.

"The Commonwealth Team will be led and not pulled or pushed. The captain will command and not demand respect and something more and deeper," he added.

As to test matches in India Mr. De Mello said: "In tests fate has a way of arranging that cricketers reach their proper niche and I feel sure that India will do their best. We shall do all we can to beat the visitors with youth and novelty and begin to build up a team for the New Zealanders next year, if they will come and England in 1951-52."

The Commonwealth team will arrive in Bombay by air on October 10th and the tour is expected to cost the Indian Cricket Board some £ 15,000.

Mr. De Mello thought the visitors would prove such an attraction that the costs would easily be recovered.

The players will do well. They get £ 4 a match, a £ 400 bonus and all expenses paid together with blazer, cap and shirts. The colours of the blazer presented the Indian Board of Control President with a problem which he solved by having the national colours of the three countries on the pocket of blue blazer green for Australia, maroon for the West Indies and blue for England.

By the time they reach home, the second week in March after visiting India, Pakistan and Ceylon the Commonwealth players will have flown more than 30,000 miles.

Von Nida's Fine Performance

SYDNEY, July 7 (PTI-Reuter)—Norman Von Nida, the Australian professional, returned a first round of 75 in the Lakes Open Golf Championship here. He was four strokes behind the leader T. Tanner.

India Invites New Zealand

The President of the Indian Cricket Board of Control, announced, prior to his departure by air for India to-night, that he had invited the New Zealand Cricket Association to send a team to India for the 1950-51 season.

Mr. DeMello stated that although the M. C. C. would be touring Australia at the same time and probably going to New Zealand after that tour, the New Zealand cricket team would be back in their own country after the Indian tour in order to meet the M. C. C. tourists.

Official confirmation of the acceptance of this tour is being awaited from the New Zealand Cricket Association.

Livingstone To Lead Empire Team

UNANIMOUS ELECTION BY PLAYERS

LONDON, July 6 (PTI-Reuter)

Anthony De Mello, President of the Indian Cricket Board of Control, said here to-night, that "Jock" Livingston had been appointed captain of the Empire Cricket team which was to tour India and Pakistan this year.

Livingston, a left-hand bat and wicket-keeper, and former Captain of New South Wales (Australia), was appointed captain by the unanimous decision of the sixteen Empire cricketers taking part in the tour. Of these sixteen cricketers, eleven are Australians, three are from the West Indies and two from Britain.

They are: Livingston, Fred Freer, George Tribe, Bill Alley, Ken Meuleman, Harry Lambert, Dep Fitzmaurice, Jack Pettiford, Vicejackson, Cecil Pepper and Ken Grieves, all of Australia, Everton Weekes, Frank Worrell and J. K. Holt, all of the West Indies and George Pope and W. Place, from Britain.

The manager will be George Duckworth, former England wicket-keeper.

The team is expected to leave for India early in October.

Milan Soccer Team In U. S.

NEW YORK, July 6 (UPA).—Fifteen members of Italy's Milan International soccer team was received at New York City Hall by Italian born Vincent Impelliteri, President of the City Council.

Dr. Nico Minosovich of Milan told Impelliteri that "we hope we will be able to contribute to the friendly relations already existing between our two countries."

Impelliteri replied, "This visiting soccer team is a symbol of friendship between America and Italy in sports, government and human relations."

The team plays its first game on Sunday at New York against an all-star United States team.

FAULKNER LEADS IN BRITISH GOLF

SANDWICH (Kent) July 7.

In the British Open Golf Championships here, Max Faulkner, British Ryder Cup player, took the lead with a magnificent second round of 71 for a total of 142.

He turned in 32, had five minutes over the next six holes, but finished strongly for 39 inward.

American amateur, Frank Stranahan, did 73 for an aggregate of 144.

In the strong cold north westerly wind Jimmy Adams, the first round leader, and Bobby Locke, South African favourite to win the title, both faltered, taking 40 over the long wind-swept homeward half.

Adams added a 77 to his 67 to finish in 144, two strokes behind Faulkner. Locke returned 76 for a total of 145.

Arthur Lees, the British Ryder Cup player, had the best round of the day among early finishers with splendid 70 for 144. He covered the first nine holes in 32.

Roberto De Vicenzo, long hitting 26 years old Argentine player, and Richard Burton, former open champion, shared the lead with totals of 143 with half the field in. Vicenzo took 75 on his second round and Burton 70.

Thirtyone players with scores of 147 and better qualified for the final two rounds tomorrow.

The leader at the end of the second round was Sam King, British Ryder Cup player, with a total of 140. He had rounds of 71 and 69.

Charles-Lesnevich Bout Not Recognised By New York

NEW YORK, July 6 (UPA).—New York State Boxing Commisioner Eddie Eagan said, today, that he will not recognize the winner of the Ezzard Charles-Gus Lesnevich bout as the world heavyweight champion. Eagan insisted that a championship match must involve the winner of the Woodcock-Savold bout to be held at London.

The Cincinnati Boxing Commision and Cincinnati promoter Sam Becker have protested against Lesnevich fighting Charles at New York on August 10. Lesnevich already has signed to box Joey Maxim at Cincinnati on September 19. The Commission and promoter say the bouts are too close together.

New Zealanders Forced To Follow On

SCORE 237 IN FIRST INNINGS: GRIEVES AND GREENWOOD PLAY HAVOC

MANCHESTER, July 7 (PTI-Reuter)—The New Zealanders gave a surprisingly listless display of batting at Old Trafford today where they followed on for the first time of the Lancashire's first innings total of 467 for 5 declared. By close of play the tourists were 48 for no wicket in their second innings.

With his key batsmen feeling the effects of the heavy programme, Hadlee departed from his usual batting order, but the failure of Reid and Smith, two of the promoted men, put the New Zealanders on the defensive and both Donnelly and Wallace looked tired. Rabone, the New Zealander's best all rounder, closed up one end for nerly four and a half hours during which time he he made 81 including five fours. He too seemed faded after the hard work he had been called upon to do in bowling.

Lancashire declared their first innings closed at the overnight total of 467 for five when their match against the New Zealanders was resumed today in fine weather.

New Zealanders faced a big task and fortunately the pitch remained easy paced, but Scott and Rabone defended with such caution that only thirteen runs came in the first half hour before Scott gave a catch at the wicket when playing to a ball which moved late in flight. Scott had then scored six and Rabone seven not out. Reid joined Rabone.

Rabone remained entirely on the defensive and with Reid taking care to play himself in the New Zealanders made no more than 33 in the first hour.

After the pace attack, Berry, left arm slow, and Grieves, legbreaks and googlies, kept the scoring to minimum.

Berry began with three maidens and Grieves, in his third over, got Reid legbefore with a ball which kept low, at 49.

The tourists captain, Hadlee, livened things up an dpushed along the score. By lunch he had caught and passed Rabone who still batted with caution.

Hadlee resumed to the same enterprising mood and the crowd of 10,000 saw him send the total past the hundred with a fine drive off Pollard.

Neither he nor the stubborn Rabone appeared in difficulty until Hadlee lifted a catch to deep midoff at 107.

Smiths liking for the cut brought about his dismissal when he sliced a leg break from Grieves into slips hands at 133.

Lancashire gave nothing away in bowling or fielding and Rabone gratefully took the opportunity to complete 50 from a sweep to four from one of the rare loose balls sent down. He spent three hours for his 50

SCORE BOARD

LANCASHIRE (First innings) for 5 wkts declared 467

NEW ZEALANDERS (1st Innings)

Scott c Wilson b Greenwood	6
Redbone c Greenwood b Grieves	81
Reid lbw. Grieves	19
Hadlee c Greenwood b Grieves	41
Smith c Pollard b Grieves	16
Wallace b Pollard	25
Donnelly c Grieves b Greenwood	1
Mooney b Grieves	4
Burtt b Greenwood	1
Cave b Berry	11
Cowie not out	15
Extras	17
Total	237

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Pollard	24	7	59	1
Greenwood	26	9	42	3
Berry	16.1	8	35	1
Tattersall	8	0	20	0
Grieves	34	10	64	5

FALL OF WICKETS:—1 for 13; 2 for 49; 3 for 107; 4 for 133; 5 for 174; 6 for 180; 7 for 205; 8 for 205; 9 for 207; 10 for 237.

NEW ZEALANDERS (2nd Innings)

Scott not out	23
Radbone not out	22
Extras	3
Total for (no loss)	48

Secunderabad Races

ACCEPTANCES FOR TOMORROW

HYDERABAD, (Dn.): July 7: The following are acceptances for first day's races to be run at Secunderabad on July 9.

The first race starts at 2.30 p.m.

THE KUNIGAL PLATE Dist. six Furlongs

Guardstone 9.4, Duchess of Ramgarh 9.0 Raj Luxmi 8.13, Utter Panic 8.9, Whispering 8.4

THE BANGALORE PLATE— Dist. Five Furlongs

Onyx 9.4, Joe Louis 9.0, Happy Moments 8.5 Rasili 8.4, Fair Gold 7.13, Sarojini 7.12, Moon Dust 7.10 Golden Hind 7.4

THE ALEXANDRIA PLATE—Dist. Five Furlongs

Russian Bandit 9.8, Mars 9.6, Patriot 9.1, Black Hazard 8-13, Barq Dahman 8.8, Naufal 8.5, Hormazdiyar 7.10, Time Step 7.9, Ratib Al Zaman 7.7, Khalid Zobae 7.5, Mamluk 7.4 at Last 7.4.

THE ASCOT PLATE— Dist.Five Furlongs

Ghizala 9.4, King's Dream 9.1, Very Little 8.13, Nizamuddin 8.7, Ric Doce 8.6, Sunny Boy 8.4 Tajik 7.13, Kurleshwari 7.9, Lady Limarch 7.8, Judil 7.4

THE ARABIAN PLATE— Seven Furlongs.

Jowrat Al Iraq 9.4 Mozan 9.4 Abu Muslim 8.12, Officer 8.9 Assaf Mahmud 8.6 Mandub Al Ghrb 8.4, Eden 7.12 Young Krush 7.10, Sharjeel 7.7 Al Ameen II 7.4.

THE AHMEDNAGAR PLATE—Dist One Mile

Turf Star 9.4, New Era 9.1, Lady Bird 9.0, Chetna 8.13, Billy Boy 8.10, Pure Emerald 8.7 Pillar of Honour 8.3 Gay Wren 8.0 Torrent 7.12 Suraiya 7.12 Prince Dara 7.9, Huzur 7.9, Yipee 7.7, Tap Dance 7.6 Libas 7.5 Highland Reel 7.4, Sunlight 7.5.

Races selected for Treble Event are 3 5 and 6

COUNTY CRICKET RESULTS

LONDON July 7, (PTI-Reuter): The following were the close of play scores in the Country Cricket League

AT BIRMINGHAM:

Warwickshire beat Royal Navy by ten wickets.

Warwickshire 329 (for 7 declared), and 27 for zero Royal Navy 172 (Pritchard, 5 for 20, D. Taylor 3 for 23) and 182 (Townsend 6 for 24).

AT OVAL

Surrey beat Worcestshire by 10 wickets.

Worcestershire 123, and 152 (Outschoorn 50 Laker 4 for 35) Surrey 210 (Jenkins 7 for 104) and 66 for zero.

AT DUBLIN

Yorkshire beat Gentlemen of Ireland by 162 runs.

Yorkshire 293, and 174 (for 8 declared) (Boucher 5 for 45) Gentleman or Ireland 57 and 246 (Pollack 89, Barnes 59 Wardle 5 for 105).

AT WORTHING

Sussex versus Northamptionshire Northamptionshire 368 and 12 for zero. Sussex 339, (Bartlett 76 Cox not out 144).

AT BRISTOL

Gloucestershire beat Kent by seven wickets Kent 121 and 209 (Ames 79 Cook for 23) Gloucestershire 205 and 129 for three (Young not out 63).

AT NOTTINGHAM

Nottinghamshire versus Glamorgan

Nottinghamshire 481 (Keeton 208 Hardstaf 124, Wooler, 6 for 154) Glamorgan 203 for 2 (E. Davies 111 Parkhouse not out 74.)

AT LEICESTER

Leicestershire versus Essex

Leicestershire 218 and 149 for 5 (Lester 60) Essex 275 (Vigar not out 114 Eve 60 Walsh 7 for 109).

AT CHESTERFIELD .....

Derbyshire versus Hampshire.

Debyshire 130 and 120 for three. Hampshire 361 (Eager 51, Arnold 58 Copson 4 for 45).

SWALLOW TAIL TO RUN IN ECLIPSE STAKES

LONDON, July 7 (PTI-Reuter): Eight final acceptors were announced today for Eclipse Stakes runnings over one mile and quarter at Sandown Park on Friday, July 15.

They are:— Djeddah 9/4, Tennyson 9.0, Swallow Tail 8.12 Hindustan 8.12, Faux Tirace 8.9, Bobo 8.9 Moondust 8.6 and Nazami 8.6.

Bombay Faculty Of Indian Systems Of Medicine

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A draft of the Bombay Faculty of Indian Systems of Medicine Rules. 1949, which the Government of Bombay proposes to issue, has been published in Part IV-B of the Bombay Government Gazette, of July 4. Objections or suggestions to the draft which may be received by the Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Health and Local Government Department, Secretariat, Bombay, up to July 18 1949, will be considered by the Government.

Raiders Enter Village, Decamp After Looting

KURNOOL, July 5 (P.T.I.): A party of raiders armed with firearms entered Mangampalli village, terrorised the people by opening fire twice and bolted away with cash after causing injury to one of the villagers, reports reaching here today said.

Round The World Educational Flight

NEW YORK, July 7. (P.T.I.-Reuter): A group of American students, professors and clergymen will leave Connecticut, on Saturday for a nine week round-the-world educational flight which will take in Tokyo, Hongkong, Bangkok, Calcutta and New Delhi.

ATTEMPT TO BRIBE OFFICIAL

Landowner Convicted

BOMBAY, Thursday.

N. L. Kumbhejkar, a petty landowner from Sholapur District was convicted of the offence of trying to offer bribe to Mr. S. G. Sawant, Assistant Secretary to the Revenue Department of the Government of Bombay, and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 300 in default to undergo three months' further rigorous imprisonment, by Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate, at Esplanade Court today.

According to Prosecution, the accused, who had a dispute with one of his tenants, had applied to the Government of Bombay for the reconsideration of final order which had gone in favour of his tenant. The accused was asked to contact the complainant, Mr. Sawant, at the Secretariat in Bombay.

The accused is stated to have gone to Mr. Sawant's residence in January last and produced a bundle of documents, which Mr. Sawant refused to read. Thereafter, the accused is alleged to have produced two 100-rupee notes and offered to the complainant, who refused to accept any "hush money."

According to Prosecution, the "hush money" was offered by the accused to the complainant as illegal gratification to show him favour in the tenancy case in which he had applied to Government for reconsideration.

The complainant, however, reported the matter to Mr. Sardesai, Secretary to the Revenue Department of the Government of Bombay and the matter was finally reported to the Police.

The accused was arrested at Sholapur on April 22 on a warrant issued by Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate Bombay and brought to Bombay. He was kept in jail custody as he could not furnish bail.

In the course of his judgment, the Magistrate remarked that the conduct of the accused during the hearing of the case in Court had been "reprehensible" and his allegation that the complainant demanded a bribe of Rs. 1,000 was "outrageous."

REDUCING CONGESTION IN BOMBAY PORT

Suggestion To Divert Ships

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, July 7, Mr. Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President of the Gujrat Chamber of Commerce it is learnt, in the course of his talk with Mr. Santanam, Minister for Transport, Government of India, pointed out the great congestion at the Bombay port causing great harm to trade and industry of the country.

He suggested that some ships should be diverted to the ports of Saurashtra, Marmagao and Cochin. If this was done congestion at the port of Bombay would be reduced. He also strongly protested against heavy demurage charges of the Bombay Port Trust.

Federal Court To Hear Malwa Union Appeals

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE July 7: An important step towards the association of the judicial administration of a States Union with that of India has been taken by the order passed by the Government of India stating that "the Federal Court of India is now entitled to hear appeals in matters relating to interpretation of constitutional points against the decision of High Court of Malwa, Union.

Another step towards the progress in judiciary has been announced by the Government of the Malwa Union according to which all courts of Honorary Magistrate in the Union territory will stand abolished by the beginning of August.

NEWS BRIEFS

(Compiled from P. T. I., U. P. A. and U. P. I. despatches.)

The Supreme Allied Command announced on July 7 that three Japanese convicted of war crimes by an Australian War Crimes Court at Hongkong have been hanged in Tokyo. They were convicted of the death of 24 Australian civilian internees, said to have been strangled and dropped into the sea at Kavieng, New Ireland.

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Mr. Justice K. T. Mangalmurti of the Nagpur High Court will shortly visit Mr. M. S. Golwalkar, the R. S. S. Chief, now detained in Betul jail, "to see things for himself".

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The Calcutta police recovered a number of bombs and some unlicensed arms from a house in Central Calcutta on July 7. Nine persons were arrested in this connection.

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About 30,000 acres of land in the Kanara district (Bombay) will shortly come under a Government scheme for the multiplication and distribution of improved strains of transplanted paddy seeds. The scheme will be completed within three years.

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Moveable evacuee property worth Rs. 1,56,920 was recovered from the urban areas of East Punjab during May, bringing the total value of such property recovered to Rs. 46,16,130.

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The Chief Justice Mr. Pudupalli Krishna Pillai, formally opened the High Court of the United Statt of Travancore and Cochin at Ernakulam on July 7. Those present included the Premier and other Ministers of the Union.

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Col D. K. Palit of the 9th Ghurka Rifles took up duties as Military Attache to the Indian Embassy at Cairo on July 7. He is the first military envoy from an Asiatic country to be appointed in Cairo.

The Bombay Chronicle

Great generals, even in the exercise of their profession, are not above the pettiness in motive and temper which has marred many a promising enterprise in other spheres.

—LLOYD GEORGE.

THE CHOICE

Addressing a press conference at Allahabad, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai said that the Congress could be reoriented either by bringing in new blood or purging undesirable elements from the party. Academically the alternatives might be both there and both of equal value. But reorientation is sought presumably to create a stronger Congress, a better organisation and a more effective political party. It is necessary that the Congress should stand for as large a number of persons as possible whether one looks at it as a political party or as a national agreement. This is hardly likely to be helped by purges in the party which have generally a tendency not only to send away members who have done useful work in the past and might with some care be made to render equally useful work now, but even to reduce the party appeal and drive away others who might be inclined to join the organisation. The phrase "undesirable elements" is elastic enough to be persuasive and effective at the same time. It can cover even the worst form of heresy-hunting. No well-wisher of the Congress would recommend the system "reorientation by purges" for purges have as weakening an effect on the national as on the physical system.

That leaves the "new blood" method. It is a rather curious phenomenon that the Congress, the premier National institution for six decades, should be spoken of in terms more appropriate to a decaying organisation. The Congress should not be "reoriented" by bringing in new blood; it should be reoriented to bring in new blood. Mr. Kidwai is not the only one who has suggested that the Congress is losing its interest or its influence. Mr. Rajagopalachari in his food talk on Wednesday contrasted the Congress on the food front with the work of the Congress in the past on matters like temple entry, untouchables, khadi and so on. Whether the present failure is due to lethargy or incapacity, it has to be attended to. It would be worth the effort to develop a list of priorities for the party which will start with the most important and immediate problems and work down to the less essential. If this is done, it would be possible to concentrate attention on that which needs doing, getting down to it and in the process obtaining the support of all who accept the national importance of these particular items. In the good old days, Rajaji once observed that he believed in the law of compensation and in adapting one's policies to the working of this law. Progress, he said, could not be all-sided, and the less important had to be sacrificed and even the possibility of reaction accepted in matters that counted less in order to secure the ends one cherished most. The advice has a deeper application now.

Crisis In Britain

It was no exaggeration for Sir Stafford Cripps to say in the Commons that Britain's present financial crisis was the worst since she was forced off the gold standard in 1931. Nothing less could be said of a situation in which Britain's gold reserves had dropped to £406,000,000, far below the normal safety point of £500,000,000. There has been a steady trend downward in the reserves since 1947, when they stood at £587,000,000. Any serious further drop might force devaluation of the pound sterling. So far Sir Stafford has stubbornly rejected such a suggestion. To the dangerous drop in the gold reserves is to be added an acute shortage of dollars. The dollar deficit, which was 82 million sterling in the first quarter of 1949 had grown to 157 million sterling by June 30. All this is mainly due, according to Sir Stafford, to a decline of business activity in many parts of the the world, to the difficulty of maintaining exports when an erstwhile buyers' market, compelled to maintain a high level of imports of raw materials for her export drive and other essential articles, Britain found herself facing a slump in her exports and a consequent drain on her gold reserves and a serious dollar deficit.

The question now is how to get over the crisis. To some extent, the causes of the crisis suggest the way out. To maintain the balance of trade and avert further serious depletion of gold reserves, Britain must check her imports, particularly those from dollar areas in view of a growing dollar deficit, and should devise ways to stimulate exports in the face of declining prices. Sir Stafford has already announced a stand-still agreement on dollar purchases which would last for at least three months. While existing contracts and commitments will remain in force, special authority will be required for any new dollar purchases. It is also proposed to reduce consumption of certain selected foodstuffs which are primarily drawn from the dollar area. It will also be necessary to reduce the imports of certain raw materials the finished products of which cannot be easily exported. Much reduction in Government expenditure will be inevitable, and the Conservatives have already threatened to attack the rising expenditure of the Government.

As regards increasing exports, this is much easier said than done. Indeed, failure in this direction has created the present crisis. The precise problem is how to reduce the prices of exports. The Government has neither the intention nor the capacity to reduce wages. It has, however, proposed to prevent a rise in the wages. Sir Stafford wants to cut down costs mainly through increased production. So far as this is possible, it is the best means of permanently ending the present difficulties. Many in America, France and other European countries have suggested an immediate devaluation of the pound sterling as that would stimulate exports to dollar areas. And this is doubtless easier than increasing production or otherwise reducing prices. British opinion has stoutly resisted this suggestion, on account of the higher price that will have to be paid for necessary imports. Moreover, the immediate results of devaluation will not last long. The remedy has to be adopted [illegible] there is no better one.

Britain's crisis affects India's in several ways. At a time when her gold reserves are dwindling Britain will be in no position to release a larger proportion of the sterling balances due to us. India has already overdrawn her allotment for 1948-49 to the extent of Rs. 42 million. The balances, no doubt, constitute the price of the commodities and services supplied by India during the war and the over-draft will be settled without much serious difficulty.

In the negotiations between India and Britain, as important as a fair release of the sterling balances is the need for a fair proportion of these being made multilaterally convertible. This is a much easier adjustment than the payment of the debt to India partially in gold. The last agreement on the balances provided for the conversion by India into dollars of £15 million only for the year ending June 1949. We need dollars and Britain, but for her present difficulties, would have to meet the obligations to India. In this connection the period assertions by British publicists evading or even repudiating these debts create difficulties on this side. Between India's needs and Britain's current incapacity some arrangement will be arrived at since both sides approach these questions in a spirit of reason and understanding.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

LONDON, July 6 (U.P.A.): A chain of 55 British cinemas on Wednesday decided to stop showing news-reels.

"They invariably bore the audience" the group's managing director complained.

* * *

In its latest "move", the U. N. Kashmir Commission, has proposed an inter-dominion conference of military experts, assuring that the sessions "will not be for military purposes. Political issues will not be considered."

They will only automatically follow in due course.

* * *

At a largely attended meeting of Muslims held in Beg Mohammad Bag, Bombay, to felicitate Mr. S. K. Patil, Mr. Patil, we read, was garlanded on behalf of 84 Muslim organisations.

We don't envy Mr. Patil. We should have been crushed under the load and —bored too.

* * *

NEW COMET DISCOVERED

—Headline.

Will he start a new Indian political party or only generally join the opposition?

* * *

According to reports current in Karachi, Sir Francis Mudie, Governor of West Bengal has submitted his resignation.

But, if true, it is not clear as to who is letting down whom, Mudie Liaqat Ali, or Liaqat Ali Mudie.

* * *

Apropos of Mr. Suhrawardy's recent criticisms, Mian Jaffar Shah, a Ministerial colleague of Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, said in Karachi: "I would ask Mr. Suhrawardy to go and see things in the Frontier Province instead of sitting in a den and conspiring with people, who want to stab us in the back."

Mr. Suhrawardy might well argue that in that case he would quite probably be stabbed in the back by people, who would put Mr. Suhrawardy in a closer den.

* * *

Berlin, July: The Soviet zone police have closed the Glienicker Bridge over a main road linking West Berlin and the surrounding Russian zone to all food and vehicular traffic because of "technical difficulties and necessary repair work."

Wait a minute, wait a minute. Oh, DON'T disturb, we are thinking.... yes, we recall now, or don't we? We mean, isn't it why the rail and road routes to Berlin were closed?

* * *

The World Federation of Trade Unions Congress at Milan has been asked by the chief Soviet delegate to issue a manifesto to world's workers, urging a wider struggle for lasting peace.

A militant struggle conducted on—er—all fronts by—er—every means and method?

* * *

Declares General MacArthur complacently: "The great masses of the Japanese people were quite unmoved by the line of Communist propaganda, since they fully understood the incipient threat of Communist Government."

The great masses of any country are always quite unmoved until they find, post facto, along with the rest of the world, that they have been well and fully moved.

* * *

Reports, says a Berlin message, from Eastern Europe indicated today that Soviet-backed guerillas would rise against the Government of Marshal Tito, between August 1 and 10.

This is merely supporting our own intelligent anticipation except for the time schedule, which we do not necessarily support.

SMART JOURNALISM UNMASKED

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON.

BRITISH press barons are at high jinks. They have obtained a verdict of "not guilty" from His Majesty's "trusty and well beloved" Commissioners who were enjoined to enquire into the working of the press in this country.

The Commissioners say that the Press is free from corruption. It is alert to any attempts by advertisers to influence their treatment of public questions. It is not mysteriously financed and controlled by hidden influences. It is independent of extrenal interests. Yet, much of what it says is not very flattering. It animadverts upon albeit mildly, partisanship, distorting sense of news value, triviality and sensationalism of the popular press. Many papers fall short of the standard. Neither truth nor accuracy is adhered to.

Mr. John Gordon, the editor of the Sunday Express, once wrote to his sub-editors, "Whenever we see a story in a newspaper concerning something we know about, it is more often wrong than right". The Commission agrees this observation has a substantial element of truth. Even where basic facts are correct they are sometimes so fitted together as to make the wrong picture.

Some popular papers are almost entirely frivolous on nearly every subject they handle. Their appeal is largest to the lowest common denominator of taste and interest. The indictment is supported by a collection of examples which, the Manchester Guardian says, "should put to shame even our most skilful virtuosi in smart journalism and do good by exposure". But this view of the Manchester Guardian is not shared by others. It is recognised that there is always room for improvement but it is asserted that British journalism has done nothing to be ashamed of. In these circumstances it will be futile to expect the popular press to turn over a new leaf and discharge the true functions of a newspaper of publishing accurate reports.

UNCHECKED HARM

Undoubtedly distorted journalism is doing untold harm. Yet, it is very difficult to curb the evil. The State cannot and must not intervene. "there can be no legal remedy for the doctoring of news", as Sir Hartley Cross Attorney General, pointed out in the House of Commons some years ago The Press itself for the sake of its good name must remove the defects which have been emphasied in the Royal Commission Report. There are good & true men in Fleet Street who are distressed at the doctoring of news, who would like the Press to help in shaping the mind and taste of democracy. But their number is neither large nor their influence wide. Almost the entire British Press is commercial press run largely for profits. But the Commission does not think that this is a dangerous tendency.

PRE-REQUISITE OF FREE PRESS

In fact it lays down that private enterprise in the production of newspapers is a pre-requisite of a free press" In the concentration of an ever-growing proportion of the country's newspapers in the hands of a few big owners in the view of the Commission, there is nothing approaching a monopoly as a whole. We should not be alarmed, says the Commision, by an increase in the number of relatively small chains; but we should deplore the tendency on the part of the larger chains to expand.

The Commission does not think that the present degree of concentration of ownership in the newspaper press as a whole is so great as to prejudice the free expression of opinion or the accurate presentation of news of the contray to the best interests of the public. With this opinion not many are likely to agree It is the chain newspapers who are largely guilty of the offences which the Commission itself has catalogued. It is they who have brought journalism into disrepute.

REAL MENACE

It is not suggested that there are no white sheep in the British Press. Not all of them are primarily commercial. The Times, Manchester Guardian, Yorkshire Post Scotman, are papers of which any country may be proud. Most of these are Conservative, but their raison de'etre is neither commercial nor personal. The Commission rightly calls them 'quality' newspapers. It is the popular or penny press which millions of people read, and which is largely owned my small groups of owners that is the real menace. The Labour Government was elected with a clear mandate. But throughout its office it has been confronted with in the main, by a bitterly hostile Press which reflects not the interest and aspirations of the people but, those of capatalism. It might be argued that nothing prevents Socialists from starting own press But it should be realised that it costs a at least two million pounds to set up a national daily today.

FORMIDABLE COST

Some newspapers in the past, as The Observers says, have willingly permitted their costs of production to rise, allowing many consequent anachronism to flourish so as to injure a financially weaker competitor The effect of this process today is that production costs are so high that it is made even harder than heretofore for a new and wholly independent competitor to enter the field "It almost seems that we are condemned to reading the newspapers that exist today for ever and ever" says the journal. Is this prospect a satisfactory example of free enterprise or freedom of choice for the consumer?

"If I were a ruler of the country I would make it law that no one owner should control more than one newspaper", once observed John Gordon, one of the chief lieutenants of Lord Beaverbrook. Indeed a limit to the number of newspapers a group or a person should control ought to have been prescribed specially as the Commission itself says that personal and political bias often dictate the way in which an event is reported. Today the British press is dominated by a small group of newspapers owners who are hostile to the Government. If Press is "virtually a part of the country's political machinery" as the Commission says, is it not necessary that this part of the machinery should not be in the sole control of one section of society?

A PRESS COUNCIL

The only recommendation the Commission makes is for the setting up a Press Council—largely representative of the press itself, to rectify the many faults from which the press

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 7)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

An Appeal To The Bombay Government

Will you permit me to draw the attention of our local Government to the following matter?

Recently I have had occasion to request Government Central Press to furnish to me copies of the following publications.

(1) List of Public Trusts for the year ending March, 1947 which was published in the Bombay Government Gazette of 29th January, 1948.

(2) The Report of the Government Committee on Fair Wages for Employees.

(3) A Report on Partnership in Profit for Employees.

I am given to understand that the two last reports were published only a few months back.

To my surprise I find that no copies are available. Perhaps this is due to the desire to economise on paper and printing to make up for the deficit of several crores on prohibition! What is more regrettable is that when I sent my peon with a note to the Press the clerks who received this note have not even the courtesy to put a line on my letter saying that the copies are not available. The peon is brushed off with a verbal intimation to go away as there is no reply. I am sure a little more courtesy is due to the public by men employed in the public services who have been repeatedly told that they are servants of the public.

We are told that we live in an age of Democracy. A democratic form of Government implies that the citizens who can take an intelligent interest in public affairs should have facilities for information of Government activities. If reports printed only a few months or a year back are not available to those who are interested, democracy may become a farce.

—P. A. WADIA.

Switch On To Wheat

Pandit Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, has urged a substantial reduction in rice consumption in his recent broadcast. He has called upon rice eaters to switch on to wheat. According to him wheat prices which are almost half that of rice, and the necessity of cutting the rice imports are the main reasons calling for a 'very small sacrifice" of eating wheat.

Over and above the financial considerations mentioned by the Prime Minister, there are many more reasons why the Indian rice eating.. population should switch on to wheat. Going by our present knowledge of human nutrition, it is very difficult to balance any vegetarian diet without including wheat. The main source of protein in the vegetarian diet is wheat. (The rice eating population of the south not only avoid wheat, but also pulses). For obvious reasons of Indian poverty milk is out of question. For equally obvious reasons of religious sentiment, it is not possible to suggest a non-vegetarian diet at this stage.

Apart from the question of balancing diet, the wheat intake would provide some of the essential food factors which are absent from rice. During the course of my professional duties, I have observed that there are more frequent cases of infantile uterus and habitual obortion amongst the people having wheat-free diet. It is an established fact that the lack of Vitamin "E" in the diet invariably leads to abortion. There is also some evidence to show that infantile uterus is also to an extent due to lack of vitamin "E".

These observations, if substantiated by the nutrition research workers, if any, of the Central Government, will readily convince the rice eaters to switch on the wheat, as these observations affceted every rice eating individual directly. There will be then no need to give a call for any "sacrifice." Mere reasons of state finance and imports are not strong enough to eradicate prejudice regarding change in food habit as these do not affect the individual directly.

In the West the best of scientists and nutrition experts have been fighting this prejudice. One would expect that two World Wars during the course of a generation would have made their task easier. Still the prejudice against certain species of animals, birds and fishes amongst [illegible] vegetarian people of the west persists. From this one need not conclude that it will be equally difficult in India to switch on rice eaters to wheat eating. In India, however, if the job is tackled correctly, it is an easy task. Right type of propaganda tion of knowledge (I am deliberately not using the word propaganda even though it means the same thing,) regarding nutrition and diet should do the trick. But then, there must be right type of people, without inborn prejudices, equipped with the required knowledge and the ability to put it accross to handle this great work of human interest and well being.

—S. P. VAIDYA.

Prohibition In Practice

The Reception which was to be held on the occasion of the American Independence Day on Monday July 4 had to be put off by a day since Monday was dry day and our Prime Minister and the Excise Minister would not allow liquor to be served in a public place on a dry day in pursuance of the prohibition policy of the Government of Bombay. The reception was duly held yesterday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Timberlake, at the American Consulate when a large and distinguished gathering which included our popular Governor (who came down from Poona specially for the purpose) and the Prime Minister Mr. Kher Liquor must have been served on a large scale and the Governor and the Ministers who were present must have been idle spectators at the function. I believe Government sometime ago issued instructions to their officers not to attend functions at which liquor is served. If that is so, an explanation is necessary why the Head of the presidency and the Prime Minister attended yesterday's reception.

—V. R. B.

Threat To T. U. C.

"It is becoming evident to all lovers of liberty that a dead-set is being made with unrelenting haste on Trade Union rights and activities—not of course of those unions that are subordinate to the powers that be, the I.N.T.U.C., has now reached colosal size according to its spousers. The latest invesion is the arrest of the prominent leaders and workers of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union. They are now under detention along with many officials of the A.I.T.U.C. which is opposed to the Government policy of converting bonus amounts to National Saving Certificates. The offices of the Girni Kamgar Union have been shut up under police supervision thus preventing normal union activities. All this is being done with a view to coerce the union. Another instance, recalling a similar happening in Golden Rock, is the attempt being made to deliver possession of the union office of the G.I.P. Railwaymen's Union, Jubbulpore, to the rival INTUC. I appeal to both the Central and Provincial Governments to end this war and liberate our men and allow legitimate activities: and I appeal also to the Civil Liberties Union Conference to be held soon in Madras to voice its emphatic protest against these and other acts of overt and covert attacks on our Unions."

V. Chakkarai Chettiar President All India Trade Union Congress

Rice Ration

Pandit Nehru's appeal to those who mainly eat wheat to completely eliminate rice from their menu will be of no avail unless the Government grants the facility to cancel our quantum of rice ration. Otherwise there is the danger of rice thus saved by self denial of many going into the Black Market. Government declaration on this point will be very welcome.

—H. MEHTA

Rainfall Forecast

From today till 25th July, the Sun is intercepting Venus and Mercury longitudinally, therefore there should be occasional showers and weak monsoonish conditions should continue

From 26th July to 23rd September 1949, Mercury and Venus are both in advance of the Sun longitudinally. All planets are transitting watery Nakshatras. Therefore Monsoon will strengthen considerably all over India and Ceylon. The rainfall during this period will be very good indeed and well distributed. Every part of India would receive beneficial rains. Rainfall should be above normal on the whole during this monsoon season. Bombay should enjoy rainfall of 85 to 90 inches instead of 75 inches rainfall.

The probable dates of heavy rainfall are:

July 1949: 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th.

August 1949: 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, and 26th.

September 1949: 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, and 22nd.

After 23rd September 1949, the South West Monsoon season should be considered to have ended for all practical purposes.

—T. G. BUTANEY.
Chapel Road, Bandra.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Mr. Rajagopalachari's Appeal

So long as the present food shortage persists there is need for repeated appeals from esteemed leaders to the public urging them to plan their diet according to the food-stuffs available in the country. To the one recently made by the Prime Minister has been added another by the Governor-General. The latter should particularly like the B.C.G. Adequate nutrition is absolutely necessary both for the prevention and the cure of the disease. Nay, as Dr. Adhikari pointed out at the conference, poverty and consequent malnutrition, insanitary living in extremely congested houses, ignorance and unhealthful social customs and the prevalence of malaria have all combined to bring about a high incidence of tuberculosis in India. Yet the State has so far made only meagre attempts to fight the disease. The position must be retrieved before it [illegible] sumption of rice and use more ragi, maize or millets as a substitute. Ragi is far more nutritious than rice and is richer in calcium than any other grain. A particularly notable point in Mr. Rajagopalachari's broadcast is his suggestion to the so-called upper classes to set an example to the common people by suitably modifying their diet so as to lighten the load on rice. An example set by Congress Ministers and other leaders is bound to be impressive. Even with regard to general food propaganda, Mr. Rajagopalachari rightly suggests that Congress, which led many great movements in the past, should now "lead the movement for food-growing and save the country from bankruptcy."

War Against T. B.

The Commonwealth Tuberculosis Conference, which opened in London on Tuesday, is but one of the many organised attempts to fight this dread disease. But so far these attempts have failed to yield appreciable results in the East, where the annual tuberculosis mortality is said to have varied from 150 to 350 per 100,000 as against 30 in the United States. In India the present rate is 150 but here as in other parts of the world the rate is sure to increase unless strenuous efforts are made to check it. Most fruitful efforts must necessarily be preventive but it is no use relying too much on vaccines [illegible] widespread food shortage.

Return To Jogjakarta

After a great deal of unwarranted discussions, arguments and procrastinations by the Dutch, what is called the Sultanate of Jogjakarta has been evacuated by the Dutch, the capital Jogjakarta has been restored to the Republican Government and the popular leaders of the Republic have at least returned to their headquarters, from which they were forcibly taken away by British trained, British-equipped Dutch paratroopers. This restoration of Jogjakarta, let us nope, constitutes a hopeful augury for the future, including a satisfactory arrangement of "cease-fire" which is immediately to follow. But what is justified is strictly cautious hope. The main issues underlying the conflict between the West-supported Dutch and Asia-supported Indonesian Republic have to be dealt with at the Round Table Conference for which all these has been a preliminary preparation. The world knows by now the history of the efforts, strategies and intrigues of the Imperialists among the Dutch, who would, failing directly then by roundabout methods, deprive the Republicans of their recognised rights. These Imperialists are neither downhearted nor crushed and they will fight their battle in the R.T.C. themselves and through those Indonesians, who may be willing to serve as the instrument of their sinister designs. Meanwhile, it will interest the world to know how Dr. Soekarna and his colleagues returned to the Republican capital. As a Babaira report says: "the eight-mile route from the airfield to the President's palace, decorated with coconut palm arches, was lined with cheering crowds carrying red and white flags and shouting 'Merdeka' (freedom)" So much for Dutch propaganda about Republican unpopularity!

Inevitable Boomerang

Says a Durban message dated, July 6: Hundreds of African bus passengers, chanting 'Zulu, Zulu', swarmed aboard African-owned buses at Chesterville terminus before dawn today beginning what Indian operators said was a "virtually complete" boycott of their vehicles. It was the first day of a new communal African and Indian bus service....". It has been known that the antagonism between Indians and Africans in South Africa has been deliberately and sedulously fostered by enthusiastic European agents of the policy of "Apartheid". This has been since then almost officially confirmed. At any rate,, Dr. Donges, the Minister of the Interior, has publicly confessed that segregation between Indians and Africans too is the policy and objective adopted and aimed at by the Malan Government. It is, of course, an old strategy to set one section of the exploited people against another for the benefit of the ruling race and class. The Malanists are doing no more than unintelligently following the same strategy. We say "unintelligently," because it fails in the long run; and in these modern times it will strike back in the manner and with the force of a boomerang. All the Africans are not anti-Indian. But even if they were and made life in South Africa difficult for the Indian; one day—and sooner than later—the African war cry of "Zulu, Zule" would be heard by and against the exploiting and essentially foreign white race in South Africa.

In the OPEN AIR

What a number of different types of nests ants make for themselves! The other day we watched the large and fierce Red Ants in the jungle round Pawai Lake as they constructed their leaf-nests. Dozens of ants hurried busily up and down the leaves, bending them over into the required position, but their movements were so very rapid that it was impossible to see how they succeeded in knitting the leaves together with the fine silken threads. Rosalie Lulham, in her Introduction to Zoology, however, gives the following interesting description of the operation. "No adult insects known have the power of spinning silk, though their larvae frequently possess it, and in order to make their silken nests, the adult ants exploit the silk-spinning capacity of their grubs. They seize a grub and hold it out with the head forward, pressing this gently against the leaf, and then pull the larva away. A very fine silk thread is then drawn out from its mouth, and this thread is attached again by once more pressing the head of the grub against the leaf; the process is repeated until the whole web is woven."

D. R.

No Transgression Of The Law

ANOTHER DETENU RELEASED

MADRAS, July 7 (PTI)—Mr. Justice Horwill and Mr. Justice Balkrishna Iyer of the Madras High Court today allowed a habeas corpus petition filed on behalf of Srimathi Suryavathi who has been under detention under the Madras Maintenance of Public Order Act since July 1948.

Directing her release, their lordships observed that barring a single allegation that she had taken out a procession in defiance of a prohibitory order in April 1948, absolutely nothing which could be regarded as unlawful had been attributed to her.

Their lordships added: "The ground merely stites that her husband is an ardent Communist and that under his influence she became a member of the Communist Party. The ground also alleges that she gifted her entire property worth Rs 20,000 to the Party.

"Granting all these to be true, the fact remains that so long as the Communist Party has not been declared to be an unlawful association, none of these acts involves transgression of the law.

DISMISSED

Their lordships dismissed the habeas corpus petitions filed on behalf of two other ladies Srimathi Vimala Devi and Mrs. Subbayya Kamlam, questioning the validity of their detention.

Dimissing Vimala Devi's petition, their lordships remarked that there was sufficient material to justify the District Magistrate coming to the conclusion that she was acting in a manner prejudicial to public safety.

In respect of Mrs. Subbayya Kamalam's detention, their lordships found that the order of detention was, on the whole, more precise and specific.

TROOPS MARCH INTO LONDON'S DOCKS

New Wave Of Walkouts

LONDON, July 7 (UPA): Britain's crack guards' regiments marched into London dockyards today and started unloading food from strike-bound ships in an effort to crack the longshoremen's strike. Troops from the Grenadier, Coldstream, Scots and Irish Guards, dressed in overalls and berets, loaded pears into trucks at the docksside and removed loads of frozen meat. Trucks rolled off to London's big market with fruit. Meat was loaded into waiting freightcars.

But as soon as the guards stated unloading food from a ship at the Royal Victoria Docks, 250 workers walked off their jobs at the nearby London and Saint Katherine Docks which had not been affected by the strike. Some 2,700 others at London and Saint Katherine decided to meet Friday morning during working hours to vote on whether to join the strike.

Delhi's Municipal Men To Strike

NEW DELHI July 7 (PTI): Delhi's water supply will be affected if the proposed strike of about 500 technical workers, including 60 from the Waterworks Department of the Delhi Municipality, materialised.

The decision to strike from tomorrow has been arrived at by the Municipal Workers Union "due to the failure of the municipal authorities to implement the revised scales of pay as recommended by the Pay Commission and sanctioned by the executive and finance sub-committee of the municipality, with retrospective effect."

Congressman Arrested

AMBALA, July 7 (PTI): Sardar Jeet Singh Sawhney, a Congress worker of Ambala, was arrested last night under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act for alleged misuse of steel and iron permits granted to him.

He was produced before the Special Magistrate this evening who remanded him to police lockup.

The trade agreement between the Government of India and the Egyptian Government, which was signed at New Delhi on May 10 last has been approved by both the Governments. The agreement takes effect from July 6, 1949 except in regard to the provisions relating to supply of rice by Egypt to India and allocation of jute goods by India to Egypt which took effect from May 10.

Stop Press

CALCUTTA MATRIC.

CALCUTTA, July 7, (U. P. I.): The results of the Matriculation Examination of the Calcutta University were published today. Fifty-one per cent of 35,000 candidates succeeded. Last year the percentage was higher by six per cent. Only 350 students have secured first division.

TRUMAN SILENT.

WASHINGTON, July 7, (PTI—Reuter): President Truman said he would not comment today on possible American aid in the British economic situation because discussions on that subject were now in progress in Paris and London.

ATLANTIC PACT

WASHINGTON, July 7 (UPA): Senator Alexander Wiley today asked the Senate to ratify the North Atlantic Pact to "effectively consummate" United Nations ideals.

The Wisconsin Republican coupled his endorsement with a warning that Britain's dollar troubles may "throw a monkey wrench" into U. S. foreign assistance programmes.

ELECTION RIGHT NOW IMPOSSIBLE

Pattabhi On Need For Revised Electoral Rolls

MADRAS, July 7, (PTI): THE Congress President Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya today dismissed the suggestion of holding immediate elections on the basis of the 1935 Act as "not only absurd but impossible."

Rumours of such elections he said apparently originated from some informal talks in Delhi as to whether it would be appropriate to sound the electorate now on the representative character of the Constituent Assembly and on the confidence that continues to be enjoyed by the Provincial Legislatures elected in February 1946.

UNIVERSAL ELECTIONS

"Any elections held to ascertain public opinion cannot be confined either to the Centre or the Province," he declared. "There must be fresh elections, it is said. For elections to be fresh electoral rolls must be fresh and upto date. For elections to be fresh electoral rolls must be fresh and upto-date. For elections to deserve the name, they must be universal."

It is obvious, the Congress President said, that if these electoral rolls are to be based on adult franchise "it will take more than a year to prepare them."

The 1935 Act contemplated the reform of the Constitution in two Chapters, the first relating to Provincial Autonomy and the second to the Federal Centre. "The latter had never been put into force", he asserted.

"Rules and regulations necessary to implement the Federal Chapter had never been prepared nor electoral rolls prepared for implementing the Federal Chapter.

'OUT OF TUNE'

Dr. Pattabhi said the 1935 Act was "out of tune" with present day conditions and could not be applied to any elections held today. It was for this reason he said that the 1946 elections to the Centre was held under the 1919 Act while the provincial elections were held under the 1935 Act.

In regard to elections to the Provincial Legislatures, Dr. Pattabhi said, the present rolls with separate communal electorates and reservation of seats was based on "an out of date system" and must be considered defective". Even the rolls were not upto date and there was thus no means of holding elections in the Provinces.

"The country's opinion cannot be said to be tested by taking the vote of 1-11th of the population or 3/17th of what would be the real list ..of voters on the basis of adult franchise" Dr. Pattabhi added. "It would be ..a mockery of what the election claims to achieve."

Dr. Pattabhi said that if the provincial elections were held over, the holding of fresh elections to the Centre on the basis of indirect election by members of the Provincial Legislatures—themselves elected on the 1946 voters list—would mean "that each person returned to the Centre would have to his credit 3-3/4 votes."

"To call this the voice of the people and, therefore, of God, is both a travesty of truth and blasphemy against God" Dr. Pattabhi declared.

LAND REFORM IN U.P.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1)

cepted by the Socialists, who have now defected and it will be improper not to honour the manifesto which pledged equitable compensation to intermediaries."

Pandit Pant said that the abolition of zamindari would lead to intensive cultivation by the peasants who would zealously till the soil without fear of oppression or interference. Land experts had observed that unless the Land Tenure System was reformed, the food problem could not be satisfactorily solved.

Explaining various provisions of the Bill, the Premier said that it would vitally affect only 2,000 zamindars because vast majority were small zamindars paying less than Rs. 250 land revenue.

Pandit Pant urged the zamindars to emulate the example set by 6// Indian princes who had "voluntarily surrendered" their rights to the people without receiving any compensation.

AMENDMENT

Raja Jagannath Bux Singh leader of the Zamindari Party moved an amendment seeking to circulate the bill for eliciting public opinion thereon upto December 31, 1949.

The Raja said that the Bill contained many "objectionable features" of the Estate Duty Bil and the Hindu Code Bill and its consideration should be postponed for the present. The public should be given an opportunity to express its opinion on the Bill.

He said that the zamindars had borne the main brunt of foreign oppression. It was inadvisable to liquidate an order which had proved its mettle in fighting the enemies of the country. India was passing through a great crisis and there were many enemies of the State. "Do not think that you will not need the help of the zamindar class in future, he said.

The Raja said that the question whether compensation proposed in the Bill was equitable or not should not be decided by the majority vote in the Legislature, but should be referred to judicial courts.

Mr. Roshan Zaman Khan (Socialist) characterised the amendment for circulation of the Bill as an attempt "to delay abolition and gain more time for blood—sucking the peasants."

THE CONGRESS PRESIDENT

DO NOT BE APPREHENSIVE OF FUTURE

Nehru's Message Of Love And Goodwill To Ladhakis

HEMIS (Ladakh), July 7 (P.T.I.).

"WE have come to you from distant parts of India to convey to you a message of love and goodwill from your brethren in other parts of India," said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressing the august gathering of Buddhist priests and laymen, at an impressive ceremony, here last Tuesday.

India's Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, presented on Tuesday last, to the Head Lamas of the Yellow and Red sects one sect each of an ivory casket containing transparent photographs of Sarnath Buddha, of the Sanchi Stupa and of the Buddha Gaya temple and two statutettes of the Buddha, one in bronze and the other in stone.

The presentation was made at an impressive ceremony. The Head Lama of the Hemis Gumpa (Monastery) was also presented with an enlarged portrait of Mahatma Gandhi. The Head Lama of the Yellow sect will receive a similar gift from Pandit Nehru at Leh.

A large crowd had assembled. They filed past and reverentially touched the gifts from India.

Mahatma Gandhi's photograph received special attention as the Mahatma occupies a special place in the hearts of the Buddhists as a true exponent of non-violence which was preached by the Buddha.

MUTUAL TIES

Addressing the gathering Pandit Nehru said, "We are bound to each other by political, cultural and religious ties and by many other affinities which no one can asunder. We have come to you from distant parts of India to convey to you a message of love and goodwill from your brethren in other parts of India."

"In the world of today", Pandit Nehru said, "we need each other and we have to learn each other. Those who are not alert, strong and progressive, become weak and lose their freedom. We wish to remain free. So holding fast to our past wisdom, we must acquire fresh knowledge so that we may become strong and tread the right path".

Earlier, the Indian Prime Minister said, "I have particularly come here with Sher-e-Kashmir Sheikh Mohamed Abdullah to assure you that you need have no fear about the future. Our troops came to Ladakh, thousands of miles away from India, because we consider Ladakh an integral part of India. Any attack on Ladakh will be an attack on India and wil be resisted with all our might."

Coming back to India's history, Pandit Nehru said: "I stand here today in this famous monastery in a Buddhist part of India where 2,500 years ago Buddhism flourished and spread to distant land. It has been my long cherished desire that we should study your ancient manuscripts and other works with the help of your wise and learned men to our and to your advantage."

Pandit Nehru today bade good bye to his host, the nine-year-old Head Lama of Hemis monastery, after presenting him with a wrist watch. The Lama was much moved by the gift and remarked later, "This is from the great leader of India."

Pandit Nehru had lunch in a poplar and willow garden at Chechot where 50 primary school children entertained him to acrobatics and dance. He distributed sweets to the boys.

Pandit Nehru and Sheikh Abdullah are halting for the night at Choklamsar, on the right bank of the Indus, five miles from Leh. They are dining with the Raja of Stok, the descendant of the original ruler of Ladakh.

It is understood the Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly will meet certain special invitees on July 26 to discuss the articles in the Constitution relating to citizenship.

SECURITY PRISONERS IN CALCUTTA

Cases Against 156 Persons To Be Withdrawn

CALCUTTA, July 7 (PTI): The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta today allowed the withdrawal of cases against 156 security and under-trial prisoners, arising out of the recent disturbances in the Presidency Jail.

One hundred fortyfour of these prisoners, all male, were prosecuted on charges of assault, causing grievous hurt to the police, etc., while the remaining twelve—all women, were charged with violating jail rules.

As reported earlier, Government had decided to withdraw the cases following the abandonment of the hunger-strike by the security and under-trial prisoners in Calcutta jails on July 1.

PILOT KILLED IN AIR CRASH

MADRAS, July 7, (PTI):— Information has been received here of the death last night of Mr. T. Mathew (22) pilot-trainee, who was involved in the tiger-moth plane crash at Cuddapah yesterday.

It is learnt that the plane after taking off from the Cuddapah air field crashed and was burnt.

Compensation To British Officers In India

LONDON, July 6, (PTI-Reuter):— The British Government is to pay a lump sum towards loss of pension of certain British members of the non-Secretary of State Services in India and Pakistan who had to quit the service between August 15, 1947, and November 17, 1948 because of marked deterioration in the conditions. Lord Addison, Lord Privy Seal, announced this in the House of Lords today after protests by Lord Wavell, former Viceroy of India, that these men were being unjustly treated. Lord Wavell accepted a Government offer to be consulted in each case on whether a grant was justified. Lord Addison said the Indian and Pakistan Governments had been exceedingly generous in paying a proportionate pension to numerous public servants whom they could ill spare and who had not served their full term.

Cottage Industries Scheme In U. P.

KANPUR, July 6— Consumer goods worth several lakhs of rupees, it is learnt, are at present being produced at production-cum-training centres which were recently opened by the United Provinces Government for the development of cottage industries. Centres have so far been opened by the industries department at 118 places in the province.

The Industries Department proposes to extend this scheme to 150 centres by March 1950 and it is pointed out that when all these centres will develop into full-fledged production centres, they will produce consumer goods worth rupees one crore annually.

The scheme will cost the provincial Government rupees ten lakhs annually.

Dollar-Saving Device

CENTRE'S ADVICE TO IMPORTERS

NEW DELHI, July 7 (PTI): To save dollar and other hard currencies, the Government of India have urged importers to obtain their imports from the soft currency countries with which India has bilateral agreements.

The Government recently entered into bilateral agreements with several countries in order to facilitate exchanges of goods and to establish and further trade with them.

Some of the commodities hiterto often imported from dollar and hard currency countries, a Press Note issued by the Ministry of Commerce says, are available from soft currency areas for import under the terms of the agreements.

The Press Note lists the following articles which can be imported from countries with which India has entered into bilateral agreements:—

Lithopone:— Hungary, Poland, Czechoslovakia; Newsprint:— Yugoslavia, Finland, Poland, Czechoslovakia; Cigarette paper:— Yugoslavia, Finland; Diesel Engines (150-20 H.P. horizontal and 13-400 H.P. vertical or complete with generator):— Hungary; Calcium Carbide Acetic Acid: Yugoslavia; Soft wood (sawn birch for manufacturing bobbins):— Finland; Coal Tar Dyes:— Czechoslovakia, Poland; Titanium Oxide, moulding powder (cellulose acetate polysterene powder only):—Czechoslovakia; Soft wood in scantlings, raw film:—Poland, Rongalite, Potassium Ferro-Cyanide:—Czechoslovakia.

100 Million Indians Are Tuberculin Negative

DR. BENJAMIN OUTLINES PLAN OF MASS B C G INOCULATION

LONDON, July 7 (PTI-Reuter).

INDIA'S plan of campaign to bring down the annual deathroll from tuberculosis of 500,000 people by mass inoculation with B.C.G. vaccine was outlined in London today by Dr. P. Verghese Benjamin, Tuberculosis Adviser to the Government of India.

He told the Commonwealth Tuberculosis Conference, attended by delegates from 50 countries, that is B.C.G. had reduced tuberculosis mortality among the North American Indians by four-fifths, it was reasonable for India to anticipate a reduction by the same method.

It was too much, however, to expect that B.C.G. could make any appreciable effect upon the epidemiology of tuberculosis in India unless it was carried out on a mass scale and this in the shortest possible time.

100 MILLION AFFECTED

"It is estimated" Dr Benjamin added "that 100,000,000 people in India are likely to be tuberculin negative and will need vaccination. They are mostly in the age groups below twenty.

"If at least 80 per cent of these can be vaccinated during the next five years, and if succeeding generations can be continuously tested and vaccinated then in about 15 to 20 years we may be able to note an appreciable reduction in tuberculosis morbidity and mortality.

"If a reduction in mortality similar to that achieved among the North American Indians can be attained in India, the present annual mortality of 500,000 can be reduced to 100,000.

CAN IT BE DONE?

"This is what we aim to achieve by B.C.G. vaccination. Can it be done?

"One team of vaccinators consisting of a doctor, a nurse or health visitor and other necessary staff with a mobile van can test and vaccinate about 100,000 persons a year. Two hundred such teams should be able to test all the tuberculin-negative people in the country in five years.

"Two hundred teams could be equipped at a cost of Rs. 30,000,000 and work at the cost of another Rs. 30,000,000 per year.

"We require roughly 40,000 tuberculosis clinics and bout 500,000 leeds for tubercular patients; about 1,500 doctors and a large number of nurses, health visitors and ancillar staff.

"Against this we have at present only about 125 clinics 7,500 beds for tuberculosis patients and about 200 odds trained personnel.

THE COST

"For thousand clinics would need about 400,000,000 of rupees and the provision of 500,000 beds would require at least 4,000,000,000 of rupees. The cost of running these institutions is not included in these figures, nor is the amount needed for improving housing, sanitation, education and so on.

"The expenditure of about six crores of rupees per year for the next 15 years would probably save three and a half times that cost on the construction of institutions. Vaccination is therefore probably the cheapest way in which tuberculosis can be controlled.

"The first B.C.G. centre in India was inaugurated in August 1948 at Madanapalli. It is hoped that 200 teams will be trained and working by the end of 1950.

"B.C.G. has been in use for over twenty years among small groups of population in different western countries. The results of controlled investigations show that tuberculosis mortality and morbidity can be reduced considerably by this vaccination.

"It should be noted that wherever these investigations were done, the standard of living and the conditions in which people lived were better than what they are in India at present.

"These countries also had well-coordinated anti-tuberculosis measures with a large number of institutions and tuberculosis had been controlled to a large extent even without B.C.G. vaccination.

"Whether B.C.G. can be expected to show as good results in India as show by the controlled investigations in the west is a matter which cannot be definitely answered at present. Some years would have to pass before results could be noted."

Among those present was Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Indian Health Minister.

SMART JOURNALISM UNMASKED

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 6)

suffers. The first reaction of the popular press is to oppose it. If they must have a Council it should be voluntary and not statutory.

The papers like the "Times" and "Manchester Guardian", who do not oppose the idea of a Press Council, are not convinced it would prove useful in actual working. The Council without power, says the New Statesman and Nation, is not much to think of. The Manchester Guardian reminds that the Council would be representative of newspaper organisations and among them "dog does not usually eat dog" In the opinion of the Times, the Council would be tempted to talk without effect....it might at best merely paper the crack."

Dr. John Matthai, India's Finance Minister, will have a busy fortnight in London. He will first be engaged in talks with British Treasury on the question of Sterling Balances & later join the conference of Commonwealth Finance Ministers.

Some of his Commonwealth colleagues are very critical of India's expenditure of dollars beyond her allocation. India is not the only country to offend in this respect. But there is tendency to characterise India's overspending as irresponsible. But it is believed Dr. Matthai would be able to silence his critics. South Africa is anxious to raise the official price of gold. This may find an important place on the agenda as the revaluation of gold would have effect on the valuation of sterling area's resources. But no change can be effected without the sanction of the Monetary Fund which under the lead of U.S.A. is opposed to any such project. The Commonwealth Finance Ministers may, therefore, confine their discussions on the subject to currency values. Sir Stafford Cripps, it is said, has prepared for the Commonwealth Ministers an important document, discussing relations between sterling and dollar areas during the past twenty years. It is not adequately realised, it is said, that the world has been in deficit on its trading account with the United States for more than a quarter of a century. That is why the world's free monetary gold finds its way to Fort Knox Sir Stafford Cripps likes to find a way whereby U.S.A. will encourage foreign imports while at the same time accepting the classic role of the world's creditor, which carries the obligation to disburse a vast volume of foreign investment. It is his view that U.S.A. should encourage overseas imports to meet these outgoings.

WORLD GOVERNMENT

Professor Catlin, a friend of India, discussed many aspects of World Government in the course of a discussion at Friends Meeting House. He said we should not worry about World Government being a mass movement. But it could become so. Was not the appeal of Communism based largely on its appeal to all men across national frontiers? The present job of those who believed in world Government was to appeal to "key-men" A world Government in Professor Catlin's view, did not mean increase of centralisation, nor suppression of national traditions or local cultures. All it involved was better distribution of power—from the group to the region, the region to the nation, the national to the international authority. The primary object of the World Government was to maintain peace. Therefore its first purpose was to procure the reign of international law. He recognised that the international authority was might find the use of force sometime necessary. But he thought, like Gandhi, that by the time men had been trained to be strictly impartial the whole conception of non-violence as a means of settling disputes would spread. Indeed non-violence is even more effective waepon than coercive force. instance.

For instance if the coloured people of South Africa were to embark on non-violent non-coperation towards their persecutors they would force a recognition of their rights. Undoubtedly their White rulers would try to crush the revolt by the most-brutal means. But if they manifest the necessary inner strength and are not afraid to die, they would undoubtedly come out of the ordeal with flying colour.

After all even racial maniacs cannot wipe out every Negro. But for the success of non-violence it is necessary that we should shed fear of death. Unfortunately most of us prefer a miserable existence to death even though we know Death must come sooner or later. There can be no world Government unless we have agreed to certain fundamental truths on which only a world Government can be built. Professor Catlin was right in saying that as to time when World Government would come, they "must let God take care of that."

The electricity supply of Paris city was slashed by an estimated 25 per cent on July 7 after 20,000 gas and electricity workers voted to go on strike for higher wages.

Bevin Invites Abdullah

LONDON, July 7 (PTI-Reuter): Foreign Secretary Mr. Ernest Bevin has invited King Abdullah to visit him in London.

King Abdullah has accepted and will probably fly to London in the first week of August.

A Foreign office spokesman making the announcement tonight refused to disclose the reason for the visit.

People IN THE NEWS

N. V. Gadgil At Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Deccan), July 7, (P.T.I.): Mr N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, arrived here this morning from Bangalore by air.

He was received at the Hakimpet airport among others by Mr. D. S. Bakhle, Chief Civil Administrator of Hyderabad, and Swamy Ramanand Tirth, President of the Hyderabad State Congress.

Mr. Gadgil then motored to Shah Manzil and is staying there as the guest of Mr. D. S. Bakhle.

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GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. M. D. Bhat and Mr. P. P. Nayak. He visited the All India Radio Office, Bombay, where he was received by Serdar Iqqbal Singh.

The Governor presided over a function in honour of the Rover Scouts of the Boy Scouts Association leaving for Norway to attend the World Rover Moot.

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MR. H. A. LALLJEE

BOMBAY, July 7 (PTI)—Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee, President of the All Parties Shia Conference, has been advised by his doctors to take complete rest.

Mr. Lalljee has been suffering for the last nine months from conorary thrombosis of the heart.

U. S. Attempt To Boycott U. K. Ships Fails

NEW YORK, July 7 (P.T.I.-Reuter): A boycott of all British ships in Eastern United States ports, threatened from midnight last night as a reprisal against British dockers' unofficial support of striking members of the Canadian Seamens' Union, failed to materialise.

An official the Seafarers' International Union, which has been engaged in a three-month old war with the C.S.U. said yesterday that members of his union would enforce the boycott. He added that the United States Maritime Trade Council comprising seamen, longshoremen and other ports workers', had assured the C.S.U. of its support. But later the Council, which is affiliated to the American Federation of Labour, said Mr. Bann's announcement was "premature", though there would be a boycott exentually.

MYSORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL DROPS BILLS

BANGALORE, July 6— Following the signing of a supplementary Instrument of Accession by the Maharaja of Mysore, certain bills which were before the Mysore Legislative Council have been dropped.

The Chief Minister stated in the Council today that in view of the supplementary Instrument of Accession Government felt it might not be necessary to proceed with these bills but if found necessary on examination at a later stage, they would do so.

A motion for adjournment of the House to raise a debate on this, was disallowed by the Chair in the light of the statement made by the Chief Minister.

R

SALE OF MEDIUM AND COARSE CLOTH

In continuation of their Press Note, dated the 27th June, 1949, lifting the quantitative restrictions on the purchase of medium and coarse cloth by consumers throughout this Province through approved shops, Government have now decided that all varieties of medium and coarse cloth should also be sold through all Government cloth shops functioning throughout the Province. As usual, consumers will have to produce their cloth sheets along with the foodgrains ration card of the head of the family in the cities and cloth cards in the rest of the Province before any sale is effected. Entries of the sale of medium and coarse cloth will be made on the cloth sheets in the cities and on the cloth cards in the rest of the Province.

This concession will take immediate effect and will remain in force until further orders.

R

BADAMI CHARCOAL

According to Government Notification No. 32/IV-D(a) dated 16th February 1949 the prices of Badami Charcoal fixed by Government in Greater Bombay and the Scheduled Villages of Thana District are wholesale Rs. 62 per ton ex-factory, Re. 0-12-6 per quarter ex-factory and Re. 1/- per quarter for delivery at the consumer's residence ex-retail shop. There is a misapprehension among certain producers that under the Notification it is permissible to sell Badami Charcoal in retail at the factory site at Re. 1/- per quarter as the ex-factory retail price has not been specified separately therein. It is quite obvious that the retail rates ex-factory and for delivery at the consumer's place cannot be the same. In order, however, not to allow any excuse for profiteering, Government have amended the Notification specifying separately the retail price at which producers should sell to consumers at the site of production viz., Re. 0-12-6 per quarter.

Increased Selling Pressure In Tata Steels Depresses Prices To New Low Levels

Bombay, July 7.

The local Stock Exchange displayed easier tendency to-day with increased selling in Tata Steel shares which reached new low levels. There was utter absence of any support except short covering. As pointed out before there is absence of confidence. The sales of Silver are expected to drain out money from the public and proceeds will find their way into investments of Government Securities. Thus the remaining effect of inflation will soon disappear which in turn will lower the cost of living in due course.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1130 and sharply declined at Rs. 1097-8 when scattered covering arrested the downward trend and the market rallied at Rs. 1105. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 237 and after declining at Rs. 232 steadied at Rs. 233.

Some professional operators who have a fairly large long interest in Bombay Dyeings are lending their support in this scrip. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 936 and after declining at Rs. 930 steadied at Rs. 931. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 232 and after declining at Rs. 230 improved at Rs. 234. Svadeshi shares opened at Rs. 256 and after declining at Rs. 253 rallied at Rs. 256. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 12-12 and after declining at Rs. 12-10 improved at Rs. 12-13.

Thereafter trading was slow and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1100 and Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 232/8. Indian Irons came into business at Rs. 20/1 while Bengal Steels were placed at Rs. 15/10. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 932/8. Central Indias were quoted at Rs. 192/8 while Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 229/6. Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 230 and Simplexes were done at Rs. 143. Tata Powers were quoted at Rs. 1720 Associated Cements and Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 130 and Rs. 171/4 respectively. Bombay Burmas changed hands at Rs. 246 while Scindias were placed at Rs. 12/12. Central Banks were offered at Rs. 74.

Towards the close there was scattered short covering on technical considerations and Defds. were placed at Rs. 1107 while Ordinary Shares were done at Rs. 232. Closing tone was quiet with Steel Shares showing further losses and Mill shares were comparatively steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	932 8
Kohinoor Mills (4-2)	233 8
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	254 0
Central India Mills (4)	194 6
Simplex Mills (3)	144 0
New Great Eastern (8)	123 0
Indore (9 plus 3)	111 4
Gokak Mills (12) XD	229 0
Century Spinning (15)	200 0
Colaba (12)	111 4
India Bleaching (6) X.D.	126 0
Swan Mills (20)	275 0
Finlay Mills (15)	226 0
Morarji Goculdas	407 8
Edward Sassoon (30)	185 0
Meyer (12)	110 10
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 4
India United Ordinary (0-13-9)	10 7
India United Defd. (0-3-0)	1 8 6
Madhusudan Mills (15)	156 4
Podar (8)	130 0
Khatau Makanji (5)	189 0
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	232 4
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13)	1110 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-3)	134 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	131 4
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	246 14
Belapur Sugar (9)	174 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	19 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	12 14
Premier Construction	74 0
Tata Chemical	7 11
Tata Oil (2)	43 0
Indian Iron (0-12)	20 2
Bengal Steel (0-8-9	15 10
British India Corp. (6-9)	7 3
I. Copper	1 11 6
Wimco	153 12
Alcock	226 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1420 0
Andhra Valley (30)	1375 0
Tata Hydro (3)	145 8

CASH SECTION

MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (9)	50 8
Phoenix	135 0
Indian Mfg	4150 0
Kuria	117 8
New City (4)	147 8
Minerva (12)	113 12
Bradbury	313 2
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 9
Bharat-Mills (2)	27 0
Mysore Silk Mills (8)	172 8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14 8
Model Mills (12-8)	161 4
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	583 12
Vishnu Cotton (8)	183 12
Western India (40)	5070 0
Standard (15)	205 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	2650 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	15 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	42 8
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	246 4
Ahmedabad Advance New	198 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	31 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15 8
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35 0
Srinivas Mills (8)	153 12
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	87 0
Berar Mills	281 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
New Great New	156 0
ELECTRICS (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (4-9)	118 2
Ahmedabad New	42 4
Surat Electric (2-8)	128 12
Karachi Electric (2)	131 4
Broach (0-5)	7 0
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 4
Amalgamated (0-12)	12-8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	28 4
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146 14
Bombay Suburban (3) XR	126 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1760 0
Imperial Bank of India pp (8-12)	442 8
Central Bank	74 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	72 0
Bank of India (4)	175 0
Union	7 2
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	119 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40 0
United Commercial (8)	38 12
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35 8
Hindustan Commercial	28 12
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-5)	105 0
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	4070 0
Empire (10)	625 0
easy.	
New India (7)	54 0
Jupiter (1-4)	14 4
Vulcan (0-10)	12 8
Indian Mercantile (21)	32 0
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B. I. G. (1)	17 2
Industrial and Prudential	29 8
Neptune	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India General	15 10
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	111 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	215 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	93 8
Burma Petrol	1 4
Mackenzie (6)	65 0
Port Canning (3)	64 0
Kemp and Co. (30)	398 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	128 8
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84 0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	32 0
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16 0
Alembic (15)	150 0
Supreme India X.R.	
Jam Wire (6)	67 4
Bombay Uganda	60 4
Bombay Motor Cycle	30 0
Indian Cement (1937)	20 0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	122 8
United Motor	32 0
Associated Cement New (3)	127 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880 0
Hydary Construction	19 10
Mahmadi Steam	96 0
Gujarat Motor	20 0
Sardar Carbolic X.D.	700 0
Harvey Press	810 0
Estrela Batteries	51 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	192 4
Andhra Valley (7)	1235 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1310 0
Hydro Electric (7)	128 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	217 8
Central India (5)	625 0
Swadeshi Mills	126 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	646 4
Lakshmi Mills	258 12
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 0
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106 4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	305 0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 10
Pre. Construction First	98 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	100 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	113 12
Walchandnagar	130 0
Jupiter	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyor	110 0
Mackenzie (1st)	85 0
Mackenzie (2nd)	80 0
Standard	99 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mill	50 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 12
Morarji	94 8
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	103 8
Gula Kalamsingh	8 9
Rubber Planting	17 0
Bombay Steamer	96 8
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchandnagar	105 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 2
New Victoria Mills	2 0
New Victoria 2(Pref.)	4 4
Faltan (8)	105 0
Gold Mohoor	312 8
New Kaiser Hind	360 0
Sajjan Mill (20)	160 0
Osmanshahi (10)	237 8
Azamshahi	255 0
Air Services	12 6
Air India Tata	80 0
Hind Motor	3 6
India Steam	5 2

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 7.

Tata Ordinary 232-4; Tata Deferred 1110; Indian Iron 20-3; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 15-10; Bombay Dyeing 932-8; Central India 194-6; Gokak 229-6; Kohinoor 233-12; Simplex 144; Swadeshi 254-6; Tata Power 1420; Associated Cement 131-4; Belapur 174-6; Bombay Burma (Old) 246-14; Scindia 12-14; Central Bank 74; New India 54; Tata 2nd Pref. 134-6.

Federal Controls For Maketing Of Cotton

WASHINGTON, July 7. (PTI-Reuter): The Senate has approved a new plan for Federal controls over the planning and marketing of cotton, aimed at curtailing threatened post-war cotton surpluses

The measure was sent to the House of Representatives. It provides both for the cutting down of cotton and the re-allocation of the controlled acres between cotton producing States.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, July 7

To-day the Reserve Bank accepted Silver tenders from Rs. 172 to Rs. 172-8 and to-morrow tenders for 200 bars are called. It is generally believed that large quantities of Silver held by States will now be available with depressing effect on prices. At present the market is supported by professional operators who have a fairly large long interest in Ashad settlement. There is very little demand for ready and with declining tendency, there will be very little demand. It is doubtful whether present prices will be seen for years. This supply of Silver will remove the remaining inflation.

Ashad Silver opened at Rs. 172 and after declining at Rs. 169 steadied at Rs. 170. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 169-10. Ashad Gold opened at Rs. 109-4 and after declining at Rs. 108-2 steadied at Rs. 108-10. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 109-14 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 73-4.

Later on there was heavy unloading by members of the Bull Syndicate and a sharp slump in Silver price was recorded; It is the first time since the war, that Bulls were caught and Bears took full advantage of the situation. It is reported that some 8,000 bars of Ashad delivery were pressed for sale and the market recorded very sharp decline. It is said in some quarters that local Bulls are short in up country markets. Tomorrow is the settlement day for Teji Mandi and Bulls are badly caught. Unnder extensive unloading Silver declined at Rs. 160-8 and Gold was quoted at Rs. 107-4. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p
Silver Ashad	161	0	0
Silver Ready	159	8	0
Gold Ashad	107	12	0
Gold Ready	109	4	0
Sovereign	72	8	0

After the close Silver for Ashad was quoted at Rs. 165 and Gold at Rs. 109 on the announcement that the Bank will offer daily 100 bars only up to 15th instant.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton September contract is 594 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, July 6.

KARNAK			
July	65.10	+	190
November	54.83	+	73
January	53.20	+	65
ASHMOUNI			
August	43.70	+	76
October	43.80	+	77
December	43.86	+	78

Indian Cotton Figures

BOMBAY, July 5.

	1948-49	1947-48
	Bales	Bales
Receipts (By Rail and Sea) 1st July to 4th July	6706	17222
Receipts (By Rail and Sea) 1st September to 4th July	1420312	1955676
Shipments 1st to 4th July		
United Kingdom	....	529
Continent	220	5150
China	....	....
Japan	....	8900
Coast Ports	743	600
Total	963	15179
Shipments: 1st Sept. to 4th July		
United Kingdom	22171	66851
Continent	152580	336166
China	22601	224990
Japan	47184	194786
U. S. A.	15483	42274
Other Foreign Countries	5094	25065
Total all Foreign Countries	265113	890132
Coast Ports	147445	107765
Total	412558	997897
Transhipment in Bombay Harbour During the month of May Total	15	888
1st Sept. to 31st May Total	1670	18728

ART SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, July 7.

120 Ready Japan	3	1	0
150 Ready Japan	3	1	6
120 Ready Italy	2	10	6
150 Ready Italy	3	1	3
150 D. Box July	619	0	0
150 D. Box August	628	0	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 7:

The produce market was quiet with slightly increased selling influenced by reports of rain in upcouutry. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	39	0	0
Coromandal Ready	38	0	0
Bold Ready	38	0	0
June-July	38	1	0
August-September	37	10	0
November-December	32	10	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	26	4	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	29	0	0
June-July	28	14	0
August-September	28	9	0
GROUNDNUT OIL—			
Local Mills	21	6	0
Ready Mills	21	1	0
July	21	1	0
August	20	15	0
September	20	14	0
October	20	2	0
November	18	12	0
CASTORSEED OIL—			
First pressing quality	17	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	18	8	0

Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS, July 7.

Following are today's closing quotations:—

SECURITIES: Government of India Three per cent Paper 98-6, Ditto 1986 98-4, Ditto 1953-55 100-15, Ditto 1970-75 100-1, Government of Madras Three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 14-2.

SUGAR AND BEWERIES: Deccan 15-14, Travancore 5-1, Ditto Pref. 7-8.

PLANTINGS: Blue Mountain 2-3, Chembra 4-2, Cochin Malabar 3-10, Midland 3-2 Nelliampathy 0-15-6, Ouchterlony 4-10, Periakaramalai 17-2, Pullangode 9-14, Thirumbadi 1-6, T. R. and T. Co. 4-6.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 126-8, Ditto Pref. 189-4, Cambodia 9, Coimbatore CM 112, Lakshmi 66-8, Madura 34-12,, Mettur 287, Radhakrishna 136-8, Rajalakshmi 52-8, Ranga Vilas 49-4, Trichinopoly 10-4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 64-8, F. A. C. T. 3-2, Mettur Chem. 5-11, Mysort Chem. Fart. 7.

NEW YORK CLOSING STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES.

NEW YORK, July 6.

Texas Gulf Sulphur	60-1/2
Tidewatter Oil	21-5/8
Timken Roller Bearing	39
Union Carbide	36-7/8
U. S. Industrial Chemical	20-5/8
U. S. Gypsun	97-1/2
U. S. Steel Pref.	133
Western Union "A"	14-1/4
West Pennsylvania Electric	20
Consolidated Gas of Baltimore	60-5/8
Youngstown Sheet & Tube	60-1/8
Aluminium Corporation	48-3/4
American Cyanamid	41-7/8
American Gas & Electric	44-7/8
Brazilian Traction bid	16-3/8
Consolidated Gas of Baltimore	60-5/8
Louisiana Land	19-1/8
Baltimore & Ohio (bid)	8-3/8

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 7.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2½ per cent 1950	100	10	0
2½ per cent 1955	99	14	0
2½ per cent 1961	96	11	0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	11	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	7	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	96	0	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	4	0
3 per cent 1966 Con.	98	4	0
3 per cent 1949-52	100	3	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	9	0
3 per cent 1953-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	9	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	5	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	3	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3½ per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
3½ per cent 1960-70	11	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	102	8	0
4½ per cent 1955-60	110	12	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	6	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	10	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	99	12	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	4	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	4	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	4	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	0	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	99	14	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	12	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	110	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent B Municipal 1954	115	0	0
3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60	107	0	0

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 7

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 245 46/4
Apollo 2/3/6 2/4
B. Dyeing 935 31/4 38/2 28/12 32/8
C. India 195/8 96 92 95 94
C. Pref. 625
Century 200
Colaba 111/4
E. Textiles 185
Elphinstone Ord. 50/8
Finlay 226 24 26
Gokak 227 29
I. U. Defd. 1/8/6 1/9 1/8/6
I. U. Ord. 10/6 10/6/6 10/5/6 10/7
Indore 112/8 7/8 11/4
Kohinoor 232 30 31/8 30 35 33/8
Madhusudan 156/4
Model 161/4
Morarji 400 7/8
New Great 123
Phoenix 135
Podar 130
Sassoon Silk 31
Simplex 143/8 42/8 44 43 44/8 44
Svadeshi 255 56 53 56 54
Tata Mills 43 42/8
Vishnu 183/12 z
C. P. Rly 111 (Ex Div).

STEAMER

B. Steam 213/12 12/8 13/12
B. S. Pref. 217/8
Scindia 12/13 12/10/6 12/14/6 12/14

BANKS

Baroda 117/8 19
Central 74/8 73/8 74
Central New 72/8 72
Imperial Old 1765 60
India 174/8 75
Union 7/1 7/2
U. Commercial 38/8 38/12

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 118|2 18|12 18|2
Ajmer 10|4
Suburban 126|4
Hydro 145|8
Power 1420 22|8 17|8 20

INSURANCE

B.I.G. 17|2
New India 54|8 54|12 54
Vulcan 11|8

STEEL

B. Steel 15|10 15|8 15|10
I Iron 20|2 20|5 19|15 20|2 20 20|1 20|3
Tata Defd. 1130 35 8/12 15 1095 1117 8/12 12/8 10
Tata Ord 237 36|8 33 35|8 32|8 34 32|4
Tata Ist Pref. 192|8
Tata IInd Pref 134 34|4 34

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 217|8 25 20
A.C.C. Old 131|4 29|12 31|8 31|4
A.C.C. New 127
Belapur 171 72 71 74|8 74
B.B. Old 248|12 46|4 46|14
B.I.C. 7|3
I. Copper 1|11|6
Dharamsey 33 32
Port Canning 64
P. Const 75 72 74|8 74
Tata Chem 7|12 7|11
Tata Oil 43|4 43
Wimco 152|8 53|12

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 42|4
Madhusudan B 27

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 7.

B C Rates T T D D 1-5 15/16 Ready. B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.

New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs. 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 8100.

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 8320.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl. 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305.

Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T T D D. Rs. 165 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52. 57 53-43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50, London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London Discts. 3 Mos 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mons. 1-1/4 p.c., 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 1st July:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,27,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Banks, Current and other Accounts	255,97,81,000
Sundries	3,64,78,000
Total Rs.	271,52,59,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	90,71,35,000
Other Authorised Investments	9,92,74,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	26,93,84,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	81,52,75,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	11,94,50,000
Dead Stock	1,56,21,000
Sundries	2,62,94,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	34,75,59,000
Balance with other Banks	11,52,67,000
Total Rs.	271,52,59,000

NEW YORK PEPPER VERY QUIET

NEW YORK, July 6 (PTI-Reuter):

BLACK PEPPER: The market for black pepper on the spot remained very quiet with buyers displaying virtually no interest. Sellers however were holding firm at the 98 cent level reflecting lack of pressure from producing areas as well as the tight supply situation locally. The current dullness in the market was due to the fact that a number of grinders have closed for the summer holidays. Today's Closing quotations: Black Pepper: Spot 98.00 asked July 100.00 asked Sept. 100.00 nom. Oct. 97.00 asked Dec. 92.00 nom. Jan. 76.00 nom March 65.00 nom. May 64.00 nom.

LONDON PEPPER INACTIVE

LONDON, July 6 (PTI-Reuter):

London Pepper market was inactive but prices firm. Black Lampong. July|Aug., sold for 4s. 11-1|2d c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar nominally unchanged at 560 shillings cwt c.i.f. for July|Aug. shipment basis ports and New York. White sarawark and white Muntock quoted at 7s. 5 pound sellers c.i.f. basis ports.

SINGAPORE PAPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, July 6:

Business in Black Lampong loose peppers was reportedly done on the Singapore market today, 40 tons changing hands at 265 dollars per picul. The price of Black ex-godown was raised three dollars to 268 while white Muntock held unchanged at 396 dollars per picul exgodown.

Increased Selling In New York Cotton Market

NEW YORK, July 6, (PTI-Reuter):

COTTON: Early steadiness was again featured by operations in spot July in which more aggressive short-covering found contracts scarce. New crops again reflected uneasiness over the crop situation and increasing complaints about weevil activities. The ECA announcement of a third quarter cotton credit authorisation, particularly the increased figure named for the United Kingdom, had little market effect. Demand subsequently waned and increased profittaking brought newcrops back and these showed moderate losses at noon.

The market stumbled during the afternoon with a decline around two dollars a bale in spot July following the cessation urgent covering serving to unsettle the remainder of the list. Newcrops gave ground rather readily though not to the same extent. Increased profittaking in these found buyers indifferent possibly worried over the market's position after the recent steady rise and disappointed by the failure of demand broaden as a result of the uncertain crop outlook. The trade believes that the setback in newcrops may have partially reflected the slightly better views of the weekly weather summary compared with the recent reports. The United Kingdom allocation of 24,000-000 dollars by the ECA will cover about 130,000 bales. The session closed barely steady with sales at 135,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, July 6

July	32.80	—27
October	29.44	—12
October Highest	29.58	+02
October Lowest	29.35	—21
December	29.38	—13
March	29.30	—16
Middling Spot	33.25	—32

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, July 6

July	32.85	—17
October	29.29	—17
December	28.27	—18
March	29.19	—19
Middling Spot	32.30	—20

CHICAGO GRAINS STRONG

CHICAGO, July 6. (PTI-Reuter):—

GRAINS: Prices developed a strong undertone under the leadership of wheat and rye on a general buying movement largely prompted by unfavourable crop advices and indications that large flour business was continuing. Buying of soyabeans was based on the belief that the next Government report will show a sharp reduction in old stocks and expectations that the acreage will show a reduction as compared with last year.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, July 6.

July	2.01 1/4
September	2.03 7/8
December	2.05 1/4
March	2.03 1/4

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, July 6.

Australian wheat f.o.b bulk 89/7 1/2 July-August.

LULL IN WORTHSTREET CLOTH MARKET

NEW YORK, July 6 (PTI-Reuter):

There was little activity in most grey and finished cloths in the past week with buyers making time because of July vacations. The lull brought several downward price adjustments but most quarters believe that these will be straightened out when the holidays are over.

There is an undercurrent of optimism in the market mainly brought about by the law inventory position of many buyers and indications of a good potential demand with the belief that the price of important constructions is now at the lowest. Basic 39 inch eightsquare grey printcloths are available both spot and nearby at 17-3|4 cents a yard but some producers are now not willing to quote below 18 because of the cost of production. In industrial greygoods, the present quietness is expected to give way to a good volume of demand around mid-July.

Exports of cotton textiles have been making a surprisingly good showing to the amazement of most exporters. It was earlier predicted that 1949 would see a continued decline but exports are said to be continuing to run ahead of last year and not too far behind the record of 1947. In the first four months of the year exports approximated 363,000,000 square yards against 332,000,000 in the same period of 1948 and 435,000,000 in 1947. At the same time, lack of forward orders is disturbing exporters together with the continued recovery of European production and the recurring threats of currency devaluation there.

Large Turnover And Firm Closing In Wall Street Market

NEW YORK, July 4, (PTI-Reuter): Some 810,000 shares changed hands in final four of trading as Wall Street moved to a firm close today, this was the largest for the last hour of the day since May 1948 and brought the day's turnover to 1,410,000 shares largest for about a month. A few breaks in the clouds of business uncertainty gave the market a good start and "bulls" heartened by continued lightness of pressure, extended their efforts during the afternoon.

The statements by Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer about Britain's dollar problem had little effect. Traders pointing out that domestic considerations were of more overriding concern for them than "the British question." Coppers enjoyed some prominence with an advance of one cent in the custom smelter price to 17 cents per pound.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, July 6.

	£	
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	75	1/4
Conversion Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	102	5/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	3	1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 and after	100	5/8
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	9	15/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London	87	1/2
National Bank of India	34	

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange were officially placed at 7.0091

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, July 6.

T. T. London on	Selling	Buying
New York	4.0275	4.0325
Montreal	4.027	4.0325
Zurich	17.34	17.36
Sweden	14.47 to	14.50

NEW YORK SILVER QUIET

NEW YORK July 6 (PTI-Reuter):

SILVER : The market was quiet with only about 25,000 ounces sold at unchanged 71-3|4 cents per ounce. Meanwhile in connection with the decision of the Federal Reserve Bank of India to offer silver again to Indian buyers, it is pointed out that the offering is purely an internal matter and probably would have little, if any influence on outside silver market.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, July 6.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 71-1/2 cents

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, July 6.

SILVER: Spot and Forward both 43-1/2d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-12-3.

London price for exporttable sterling area Silver 57 to 59 nominal.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, July 7.

ARRIVALS

S.S. LOMBOK (Netherland) from San Francisco, on July 3 with general cargo 4158 tons. Agents Volkart.

S.S. BHARAT BALA (Bharat) from Cochin on July 7 with general cargo. Agents Bharat.

S.S. MAHARASHMI (S.E. Asiatic) from Colombo on July 7 with general cargo. Agents Gin Co.

S.S. RAZWANI (Mogul) from Jeddah on July 7 with general cargo 1100 tons. Agents Turner Morrison.

RINGERD (Ringdal) from Gottenburg on July 7 with general cargo 2101 tons. Agents United Lines.

BRITISH GOVERNOR (British Tanker) from Abadan on July 7 with oil 10,292 tons. Agents Anglo-Iranian Oil.

DEPARTURES

BURMINGHAM (Allerman Line) for Karachi on July 5 with general cargo.

STEEL KING (Isthamus) for Calcutta on July 6 with general cargo.

SILVERASH (Silver Line) for Calcutta on July 6 with general cargo.

CARLSBAD (Overseas Tankship) for Baherein on July 6.

ST. THOMAS (E. Asiatic for Copenhagen on July 6 with general cargo.

COTTON PRESSED IN INDIA

BOMBAY, July 5.

(RUNNING BALES)

	Week ending 1949	17th June 1948	1st Sept. to 17th June 1948-49	1947-48
Madras	6596	8681	785204	311318
Bombay	5913	9826	268241	515384
West Bengal	146	4	3335	5052
United Provinces	....	....	216	1086

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.

NEW YORK, July 7.

Previous Closing	29.44
Today's Opening	29.41
Difference	—3
Today's Closing	29.43
Difference	—1

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, July 7.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Ashad	163	8
Gold Ashad	109	4
Silver Bullion	163	0
Gold Ready	110	12
Sovereign	73	8

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, July 7.

Opening:—
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 38-1/4.
General Motors dol. 58-3/4.
U. S. Steel Common dol. 21-7/8.
Pref. unquoted.—(PTI-Reuter).

Philippine Import Control On Txtiles

NEW YORK, July 6.

American textile exporters have asked the Philippine Government to extend their import control order for 30 days to allow them to ship and deliver goods already ordered. The request came as the August 1st deadline approached when new import quotas affecting a wide variety of goods will be imposed.

Mr. John Murray, spokesman for the Textile Exporters Association, said he is confident that the Philippine Government would favourably consider the request when it is advised that certain orders, which are currently in the process of manufacture would not be deliverable before the deadline.

Industry sources meanwhile interpreted the Philippine move as an indication that at last world economic conditions which have plagued Britain, Western Europe and dollars scarce areas, finally is catching up with the free spending Philippines. The Philippines until lately had an unusual amount of dollars principally because the United States Government dollar expenditure between the war's end and December 1948 totalled 1,500,000,000 dollars in the form of government disbursements, war damage claims and other expenditures. These are scheduled to end in June next year and the Philippines, which otherwise would have an unfavourable balance of trade, faces a drain on her foreign exchange.

The Philippine six-point move, which largely cuts down luxury imports and narrows quotas and reduces price limits above which imports may not be landed conforms in principle with suggestions made by the Joint Philippine American mission some time back.

New York Rubber Futures Lower

NEW YORK, July 6.

Rubber futures drifted lower in quiet dealings as traders paused to evaluate Sir Stafford Cripps' statement and sterling devaluation possibilities.

Domestic factory demand for actuals remained on the slow side because of foreign exchange vagaries and pending government stockpile buying. Consumers additionally were inclined to hold off on the theory that considerable amount of rubber purchased abroad with sterling as a means of achieving a "short" sterling position will come on the market if and when the British devalue. Because of the overhanging uncertainties few traders were inclined to express decided opinions pending the sterling and stockpiling developments.

The market closed eight to eleven points lower. London and Singapore prices were both unchanged.

Closing prices: July 16.15 bid; September 16.07; December 15.97 bid; August 16.11 nominal; October 16.03 nominal; November 16.00 nominal; January 15.86 nominal; February 15.76 nominal; March 15.66 bid; April 15.60 nominal.

Copra Market Slow

NEW YORK, July 6. (UPA).

Trading on the copra market remained slow. Because of the low demand for cocoanut oil crushers generally are not entering new copra engagements, brokers said. Offerings for July shipment were reported available at 155 dollars a short ton c.i.f. Pacific Coast.

Cocoanut oil was an entirely nominal and unchanged affair with prompt material quoted at 15 1/2 cents; July 14 1/2; August 12 1/2; and September at 12.

Copper Market Up Slightly

NEW YORK, July 6.

The copper market advanced one cent per pound reversing the lower trend which has been under way since late March. Sales developed at 17 cents a pound, an advance of one cent, a pound over custom smelter price of 116 cents that had prevailed since June 16th. During the recent decline the metal dropped from 23 1/2 to 16 cents a pound.

A Russian Government spokesman told a United Nations committee on July 7 that prostitution "no longer exists" in the Soviet Union. Vladimir Kulagenkov, Russian delegate to the United Nations Economic and Social Council, said prostitution was brought about by bad living conditions. "These conditions have been removed in Russia and so prostitution no longer exists," he added. The committee was discussing the convention of suppression of white slavery.

Republicans Reoccupy Jogjakarta Residency

DUTCH RELINQUISH 2,000-MILE AREA: NO INCIDENTS

JOGJAKARTA, July 6. (PTI)— The re-occupation by Republican forces of the 2,000 square mile area of the Jogjakarta Residency in Central Java after the evacuation of Dutch troops on June 30, completed the first of the chain of events envisaged in the Van Royen-Roem agreement.

The Sultan of Jogjakarta, Hamangku Buwano The Ninth (meaning one who has the universe in his lap) took over control of the residency—over which his ancestors have ruled for centuries, on that day on behalf of the Republican Government of Indonesia, writes N. Rajamani, PTI Correspondent at Jogjakarta, who witnessed the changeover.

PEACEFUL CHANGEOVER

Arriving by a United Nations plane —the only means of travel now between Republican Java and other Dutch controlled areas—to see the exit of the Dutch troops and the taking over by the Republicans one is struck by the perfect calm and ease with which the change-over has taken place. United Nations Observers stationed in the Residency testifying to this, said there had not been one single incident to mark the peace and quiet of the country during the change-over or since then.

The Sultan of Jogjakarta drove visiting pressmen round the city and its environments in a jeep when Republican forces were taking over control in various areas. Hardly had the last Dutch trooper left, when Republican soldiers who have been harassing the Dutch in various parts of the Residency began to assemble in the city and under orders from the Sultan began to occupy the city. Some of these soldiers have no full uniforms. They wear only trousers and singlets or only a loungi. But apart from this, as they parade the streets with their guns cocked, they seem none the worse for their six months of warfare and campaigning against the Dutch.

DUTCH HARASSED

While the Sultan drove the jeep, his officers, told pressmen how throughout the Dutch occupation, the republican underground was right in the city, collecting information regarding activities and strength of the Dutch and passing it along through walking couriers to Republican forces in various parts of the country including the residency. This underground included many young girls also.

Another wing of the underground organised hit-and-run raids against Dutch soldiers patrolling the city. Sometimes, lone soldiers bicycling on the road were waylaid and their guns snatched from behind their backs.

Such attacks were invariably and inevitably followed. Republicans stated, by Dutch "clearing action" in the particular locality. The locality was searched, the persons screened. During these "clearing actions", outrages inevitably occurred. Ali Budijarjo, one of the Republican military leaders they resent the term guerillas—who out headquarters in the Mkntainmus has just walked back from his hide-village close to Jogjarkarta, said he feared that the Republican Delegation negotiating the agreement have under-estimated the strength and capacity of the Republican forces.

Although the Republican Government had gone into exile after the Dutch attack on Jogjakarta on December 19, 1948, he said, the Republican forces had been fighting the Dutch everywhere in Jogjakarta. What was more they had re-established their control over many areas in west and east Java which before the attack were under the control of the Dutch. Even in north Java Dutch control of the Dutch. Even in north Java, Dutch control after the attack was limited to the towns. The Dutch could not with safety and certainty even maintain inter-town communication.

RECENT AGREEMENT

Ali Budiarjo claimed that Republican forces were still a centrally controlled and centrally directed army, operating according to plans of the Republican high command, although the soldiers were dispersed in small groups living amongst the people in the villages. In fact, but for the people in the hamlets completely identifying themselves with the Republican cause and sheltering the soldiers and feeding them and refusing to give information to the Dutch, it might not have been possible for the Republican soldiers to continue their struggle, he stated.

Ali Budiarjo said General Sudirman, Commander-in-Chief of the Republican army, was somewhere in Java and would come to Jogjakarta very soon. He could not say where he was or when and how he would reach Jogjakarta.

The Republican army would view the recent agreement with the Dutch from two aspects. Firstly, whether it would ensure immunity from further Dutch attacks like the previous ones and secondly, how far it would carry the Indonesians forward towards their goal of independence.

In this context, the provisions in the agreement regarding the Round Table Conference and the terms of transferring power to the United States of Indonesia would come in for close scrutiny at the hands of the army leaders. But once the Republican Government leadership convinced them on these two points, there would be absolutely no difficulty in enforcing the ceasefire, for the Republican Army consisted of disciplined soldiers who would obey their orders, Ali Budiarjo added.

With the return of Jogjakarta to the Republicans, the Republican flag —red and white—has begun to appear everywhere in the city and suburbs. Slogans of Indonesian freedom—once free, for ever free "sekalip merdekh", "tatap merdeka", "boung-karno" (boung means brother)—have begun to be scrawled all over the city. Whenever you pass sople in the streets and they recognise you as pressmen, they stop to raise the slogan 'merdeka'.

U.S. MUST HAVE FULL EMPLOYMENT

Only Solution To Dollar Crisis—Says Nash

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, July 6 (PTI-Reuter): Solution to the present economic crisis was full employment in the United States, Finance Minister Walter Nash told the New Zealand House of Representatives today on the eve of his departure for the London dollar talks.

It might help towards a solution, he suggested, if the United States could follow the policy Britain has pursued from 1870 onwards—continue to export freely and leave her surpluses invested in foreign countries.

"The dilemma as I see it," he said, is that to the extent the United Kingom, Australia, New Zealand and other sterling area countries cut dollar imports we will increase unemployment in the United States.

"If we buy less from the United States we will accentuate the very problem we are trying to solve.

"That is the major problem we have to face in London".

BRITISH MILITARY AID TO BURMA

Gen. Ne Win Meets Army Chiefs

LONDON, July 6 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Lieutenant General Ne Win, Burmese Deputy Premier and Defence Minister, who is visiting Britain as a guest of the British Government, today saw Field Marshall Sir William Slim, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, at the war office here. General Ne Win, made a courtesy call on British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin at the foreign office. Mr. R. J. Bowker, British Ambassador in Rangoon, who is on leave in Britain, was present. Mr. Bowker is a member of a committee of commonwealth representatives in Rangoon which has been working on details of financial and military aid to Burma. General Ne Win, who brought Burmese service chiefs with him, will devote three days next week to visiting military establishments.

Soviet Observatory In Tian-Shan Mountains

MOSCOW, July 7 (PTI-Reuter).— Soviet scientists have established a station thousands of feet up in the Tian-shan mountains adjoining India and China, to observe glacier movements, soil deposit, and erosion, "Tass", Soviet News Agency, reported.

Baldev Singh In Simla

SIMLA, July 5— Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister of the Government of India arrived in Simla today on a private visit. He is likely to stay here for a couple of days.

Administration Of Chandernagore

HANDING OVER AFTER TREATY

PARIS, July 6 (PTI-Reuter): A French foreign office spokesman said to-day that French authorities would remain in full control in Chandernagore, French possession on the outskirts of Calcutta, until the French and Indian Governments had drawn up a treaty and worked out all details for the transfer of the district to India.

He denied a report that the transfer would take place within two months, and that the Indian Government would meanwhile resume joint responsibility with the French authorities.

The inhabitants of Chandernagore voted last month to join the Indian Union.

AVOIDING DOUBLE TAXATION

India's View Expressed In U. N. E. S. C.

GENEVA, July 6. (P.T.I-Reuter): India set out her views here today on ways of avoiding double taxation by bilateral agreements between Governments.

Mr. Pyare Lal Uppal, Under-Secretary of the Indian Finance Ministry told Economic Commission of the United Nations Economic and Social Council at its meeting here, "the proper basis for defending the field of taxation is not by reference to nationality, residence or place of registration, but by reference to the 'status' (location) of the source of income of the country where the income, in truth, arises.

The revenue intetests of the capital exporting countries are best served if the income is taxed in the home of the creditors. The revenue interests of the capital importing countries are served if the income is taxed where the capital is actually invested and produces income".

Mr. Uppal continued, "after all, it may not be an unsound principle that the country which consumes the goods and pays the profits is the Country which is not entitled to tax such profits.

"These arguments also apply to ships and aircraft registered in one country but operating also in other countries. Ships and aircraft of the underdeveloped ccuntries cannot to an equal extent be operating in other countries.

"It would not, to the extent it is considered, impede the operation of international transport enterprises if the profits in proportion to the receipts in the country where the traffic originates, are taxed in that country".

The Commission approved a recommendation that Governments should "actively pursue a policy of negotiating bilateral agreements wherever appropriate for the avoidance of double taxation".

MORE CUTS IN IMPORTS FROM DOLLAR AREA

WASHINGTON, July 6 (PTI-Reuter): British purchase of American tobacco, cotton and petrol are likely to be among the first cuts under Britain's new restricted import programme, official circles here believe. Officials were reluctant to make any forecast of the extent to which Britain could curtail her purchase from the dollar area, but they pointed out that British dollar spending was already on an austerity level and alternative sources of supply were thoroughly exploited. They believe Britain is already running close to a level of dollar imports which she cannot lower without damage to her internal economy.

ATLANTIC PACT

"Best Means To Stop Another War"

WASHINGTON, July 6 (UPA).— Republican Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg urged the Senate to approve the Atlantic Pact as the best means to "stop another war before it starts." The ranking Republican member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee said that "no nation need lose one night's sleep over its purposes or its ultimate impact unless that nation plans voluntarily to identify itself as an international criminal by armed aggression against its peace-loving neighbours."

Vandenberg re-emphasised the main points of yesterday's speech by Foreign Relations Chairman Tom Connally as the Senate continued debate on the 12-nation mutual defense treaty. Vandenburg stressed that the pact's strength does not depend entirely on backing it up with the companion arms to Europe program.

"It is the potential which counts," he said. He said that the potential is the "awesome fact that any aggressor upon the North Atlantic community knows in advance that from the very moment he launches his conquest he will forthwith face the cumulative opposition of these united allies. We are not launching a vast arms race. Quite the contrary, we depend largely upon potentials."

Vandenberg said that the pact "binds potential and indispensable allies to us as well as us to them. It spells it out." He added that "this candor can be as powerful as an atom bomb." The American reviewed the "peace momentum" of the United States and United Nations efforts since World War II and said that "this is no time to let this peace momentum lag or lapse."

Godse To Appeal Against Conspiracy Charge

COUNSEL INSTRUCTED TO MAKE ARRANGEMENTS

NEW DELHI, July 7 (P.T.I.): Nathuram Godse, assassin of Mahatma Gandhi, who was recently sentenced to death by the East Punjab High Court has written to Mr. Ganpatrai, one of the defence counsel in the case, requesting him to make necessary arrangements to appeal to the Privy Council, or to the Supreme Court of India if India is declared a republic by that time against the findings of the East Punjab High Court charging him with conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. Ganpatrai has approached the Chief Commissioner of Delhi with a request that Nathuram Godse, Narayan Apte, Vishnu Karkare, Madanlal Pahwa and Gopal Godse be transferred to Delhi jail to enable the defence to have consultations with them regarding the appeal.

In view of the intention to appeal to the Privy Council, Mr. Ganpatrai has also requested the Chief Commissioner for delay of the execution of Nathuram Godse and Narayan Apte until the disposal of the appeal.

NEW TOWNSHIP FOR REFUGEES IN PATIALA

70,000 To Be Settled

PATIALA, July 6— Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Constituent Assembly has accepted the Chairmanship of the Ratpura Township Development Board, it is learnt here today.

The new township will accommodate more than 70,000 refugees.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad is expected to visit Patiala on July 14.

East & West Bengal Police Chiefs Meet

DACCA, July 6 (P.T.I.): Police and jail chiefs of East and West Bengal are meeting here today to discuss the question of exchange of prisoners.

The meeting will also consider certain other matters referred to them by the last conference of the chief secretaries including the question of division of police stores.

Mr. Sukumar Gupta, Inspector General of Police, West Bengal, accompanied by Dr. P. K. Biswas, Inspector General of Prisons and other members of the delegation arrived here yesterday by air from Calcutta. The party is expected to return to Calcutta after the conference this evening.

CALCUTTA, July 7 (PTI).—Telegrams in plain languages only are now admitted for the following cities in North-Eastern China, states a Posts and Telegraphs Department Notification: Antung, Changchun, Harbin, Kirin, Mukeden (Shengyang), Newchaang, (Yinkow) and Tsitshar.

Need For Reorientation Of Congress

BRING IN NEW BLOOD OR PURGE UNDESIRABLES, SUGGESTS KIDWAI

ALLAHABAD, July 6 (PTI): Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Communications Minister Government of India, told pressmen here "there was necessity for the Indian National Congress to create confidence in pubic mind on the eve of the coming elections.

The Minister said that re-orientation of the Congress could be done either by bringing in new blood or by purging the undesirable elements from the Congress fold.

He said in some places there were complaints of different political workers interfering with the administration. He thought the Press had a big and important role to play by pointing out such mistakes and misdeeds not only in the administration but among public workers.

C. P. EXAMPLE

The Minister referred to the Central Provinces where he said there was no complaint of interference with the administration by political leaders. Instructions issued by the Government there were being strictly enforced. He thought that it should be so everywhere. Otherwise the country would go the way of the Kuomintang in China.

Mr. Kidwai said that he had no information of the supposed talks for bringing about an alliance between the Congress and the Socialists as published in some papers in the U.P.

The Communications Minister during his short stay in Allahabad visited the refugee camps at Phaphamu and Darbhanga Castle and heard the grievances of the refugees sheltered there. He also inspected the industrial work of the refugees in the camps. He left for Lucknow today.

Yoshida Threatened With Murder

TOKYO, July 7 (PTI-Reuter).—Japanese police headquarters announced today that a "Repatriates Blood League" last week threatened to assassinate Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida and Sadarnori Shimayama, State Railway Chairman whose mutilated body was found on a Railway track yesterday. The death threat prompted fears in Supreme Command quarters that the wave of political assasinations which marked the years between world wars one and two would return to Japan.

Yoshida on Monday received a death threat written on notepaper belonging to the heriditary House of Peers and signed "Repatriates Blood League."

It declared: "We will assassinate Yoshida, all Cabinet Ministers, Police Chief Tanaka, Rail President Shimayama and Vice-President Kagayama."

Iraqi Minister To India

BAGHDAD, July 6, (PTI-Reuter):— Mohammed Salim Alradi, former Iraqi Minister to Teherann has been appointed the first Iraqi Minister to India and will soon leave for New Delhi.

"They like tea... but they don't know what good tea is. How can they? For they add milk in the pot and spoil the tea before it is even poured out. Good tea demands that milk shall be added in the cup, not in the pot."

Millions of people turn to tea for cheer and refreshment. How sad then that so many who drink tea do not know what *good* tea is. Good tea costs no more and is the result of observing five simple rules. To get the full value for your money and the full flavour of your tea learn these rules by heart and see that they are always followed in your home.

THE FIVE SIMPLE RULES

1. Use only freshly drawn and freshly boiled water. 2. Warm the pot before use. 3. Use one teaspoonful of good tea for every person served and one for the pot. 4. Let the tea infuse for 3 to 5 minutes before serving. 5. Add milk in the cup, not in the pot.

A free booklet 'TIPS ON TEA' may be had in either English, Bengali, Hindi, Urdu or Tamil on application to the Commissioner, Indian Tea Market Expansion Board, 101, Netaji Subhas Road, Post Box No. 2172, Calcutta 1.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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WILL CRISIS LEAD TO CABINET'S END?

Conservative Line-Up For Censure

VEHEMENT CRITICISM IN BRITISH PRESS

LONDON, July 1 (UPA).

BRITAIN'S socialist government looked for American help to save it from bankruptcy but the nation's press took it to task for not doing more itself to meet the crisis.

Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir Stafford Cripps formally will ask the United States to help Britain overcome its worst postwar financial crisis at a conference beginning on Friday with Secretary of the Treasury John Snyder.

Snapped the "Financial Times" in one of its agriest editorials in months. "Why is it impossible for this government to contemplate action commensurate with the gravity of the crisis? Government is determined to preserve the ark of socialism, come what may. This crisis cannot be dealt with in an ostrich-like manner. Its a crisis for the country. And it would be well for the country if it produced a crisis for Government."

The "Times" commented bitterly that experience has already shown that "first aid measures of this restrictive sort can only buy time for necessary adjustments in economic policy to stem the tide. The time has come to face the real challenge."

Said the ultra-Conservative "Daily Mail": "This country needs expansion, not contraction. Freedom not restriction."

For once, the 'Mail' and the Communist "Daily Worker" agreed. The 'Worker' said: "Remedies which failed in the last two years have to be applied ever more brutally."

However, all papers supported Cripps' stand against devaluation of the pound.

CRUCIAL STAGE

But reaction to Cripps' statement was overshadowed by the importance of his forthcoming conference with Snyder which may prove as crucial as those of nearly 25 years ago when Britain went off the gold standard and the world was plunged into the blackest economic depression in history.

Sitting in with Cripps and Snyder will be Canadian Finance Minister Douglas Abbot who came here for the Commonwealth Financial Conference next week. Canada's financial future is linked closely with those of both the United States and Britain.

Cripps indicated at a press conference on Wednesday night that he will present a concrete plan to Snyder. The details are a closely guarded secret but Cripps hinted it would include the suggestion that the United States buy more British goods for its own sake as well as Britain's.

PARIS PARLEYS

Meanwhile, in Paris, Mr. Snyder met with his top economic experts to study the grim report on Britain's financial situation made on Wednesday by Cripps. He then conferred again on Thursday with French Finance Minister Maurice Petsche. Snyder and American Aid Ambassador will leave here early on Friday for London to see Cripps.

The press attacks on the Government's policy of socialism and dependence upon the U. S. instead of the Empire indicated the line the Conservative Opposition will take when the critical debate opens in Commons next Thursday. It remains to be seen whether the debate will be made the occasion for a vote of confidence in the Labour Government but there has been increasing talk of the need for a Coalition Government to cope with the crisis.

Initial Shake-Up In British Securities

According to PTI-Reuter, British Government securities opened a little more firmly on the London Stock Exchange this morning, after Sir Stafford Cripps' "dollar" speech last night. In mid-morning, however, they weakened again.

Gold shares, after opening lower because of Sir Stafford Cripps' denial of any sterling devaluation to come, quietly turned harder again.

Bank rate, which has been unchanged for nearly ten years, was again unchanged at its weekly fixing this morning.

Informed opinion was that while money might well become dearer, this would be done in ways other than the obsolete bank rate technique.

City Bankers Welcome Cripps's Statement

BOMBAY, Thursday: The announcement by Sir Stafford Cripps, on the determination of the British Government not to devalue sterling, had a mixed reception in financial and banking circles in Bombay.

Banking circles welcomed the decision and said that an impetus to exports to hard currency countries could be given by slashing production costs in the United Kingdom. With no rigid check on internal costs of production, any advantages of devaluation would be nullified as had happened in the case of France.

These sources thought that American insistence on devaluation of the pound sterling arose from a desire to provide the sterling with a lever to bridge the gap in balance of payments with the dollar area. With more than half the world on dollar aid, American public opinion probably was that such a step would provide some relief to the hard-pressed dollar-bloc.

Sir Chunilal B. Mehta, a well-known financier of Bombay, in an interview said today that the "pound sterling will have to be devalued." He added: "The earlier this takes place, the better for Britain."

NO HITCH AT ALL IN KERALA UNION

V.P. Menon's Assurance

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the Ministry of States, Government of India, said in an interview here today that the new Ministry of the Travancore-Cochin Union was working as a team.

"There is no hitch whatsoever and Mr. Narayana Pillai, the Premier, has the fullest co-operation of his colleagues," Mr. Menon said. "The Rajpramukh and the Premier are working with a single-minded devotion for the progress of the youngest union. They are determined to make the union strong and prosperous."

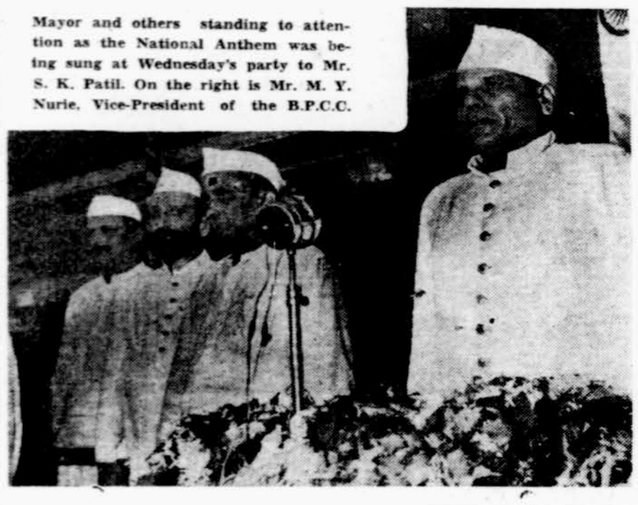
Mr. Menon, during his brief stay in the city, saw the Premier of Bombay Mr. Kher, and discussed general constitutional problems relating to the newly integrated States of the Bombay province.

Mr. Menon left this evening by the Frontier Mail for Delhi.

MINDSZENTY APPEAL

BUDAPEST, July 7 (PTI-Reuter): The National Council of People's Courts, the supreme judicial body in Hungary, yesterday began considering an appeal by Cardinal Mindszenty, Primate of Hungary, imprisoned for life for treason.

The court heard pleas for reduced sentences for the Cardinal and six others sentenced with him.



Mayor and others standing to attention as the National Anthem was being sung at Wednesday's party to Mr. S. K. Patil. On the right is Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Vice-President of the B.P.C.C.

GANDHI MEMORIAL BILL

Acheson's Support

WASHINGTON, July 7 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Dean Acheson, United States Secretary of State, has given his support to the Gandhi Memorial Bill which would permit the erection of a monument in Washington to the Father of the Indian Nation.

In a letter to a Congressional Sub-Committee which is considering the Bill, Mr. Acheson said: "This resolution represents a constructive and appropriate approach to the commemoration of a great men of peace whose impact upon history is indeed undeniable."

He said the erection of a monument, paid for by individual subscriptions, would "make a definite contribution to the genuine friendliness between the people of the United States and the people of India.

Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, who has taken a leading part in the movement to erect the monument said he expected a favourable report from the sub-committee.

The Bill was expected to go before the Full Administration Committee on July 13.

Central India P. C. C. Resignations

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, July 7.—It is understood that Mr. Krishna Vijayavargiya, President of the Central India Provincial Congress Committee has accepted resignations from the membership of the Working Committee of the P.C.C. of Mr. Liladhar Joshi, former Premier, Mr. Radhelal Vyas, ex-Minister and Mr. Kanahiyalal Khadiwala, President of the Indore City Congress Committee.

Mr. Laxmansingh Chauhan and some other young Congressmen of Indore city have formed a Samaj Sudhar Committee, members of which have engaged themselves in activities designed to bring an end to all anti-social malpractices.

Details are now available of the two incidents which took place here this week when lives of two loyal state servants were lost. The first incident took place in a police station in the heart of the city when a person arrested only a few minutes back on suspicion of theft, stabbed the C.I.D. Sub-Inspector Mr. G. L. Tiwari and Station Officer Mr. Ibrahimkhan.

He also injured a bypasser who attempted to prevent the accused from running away. Mr. Tiwari died after a few hours in the hospital and his body was cremated with police honours. The accused was arrested.

In the other incident some miscreants killed the wardman at Dewas court and ran away with some money in the treasury. Both the cases are being thoroughly investigated.

BURMA FIGHTING

RANGOON, July 7 (PTI-Reuter): Burma Government troops repulsed a five-hour attack on the oil town of Yenangyaung, 260 miles north-west of Rangoon, Burma Army Radio reported tonight.

The attackers were said to be 350 Communists, White Band volunteers and army deserters.

Of the insurgents 104 were killed and three captured, the Radio added. The Government losses were put as one killed and three wounded.

FAILURE TO FEED THE HUNGRY

Indian Attack On F.A.O.

GENEVA, July 7, (U. P. A.): Delegates from Russia and India attacked the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization today for alleged failure to increase food production. Paul Morozov, of Russia told the Economic Committee of the Economic and Social Council that FAO "has done little to increase food production and has, instead, concerned itself with maintaining present high prices."

India's Pyare Uppal said that "no significant results" have been achieved in United Nations efforts to feed the hungry millions of the world." He said that the policies of "some countries" would have serious political and economic consequences. He added that a critical problem was created by the existence of a "so-called food surplus" in some parts of the world while other regions showed desperate need for food.

SOLVING POLITICAL PROBLEMS OF STATES

NEW DELHI, July 7, (PTI.): It has been tentatively decided to hold a series of conferences beginning on July 18 at the States Ministry with the Premiers of States Unions, Rajpramukhs and certain other representatives of States to discuss a number of administrative and political problems concerning the States.

The main subject, it is understood, would relate to Rao Committee's report on a model constitution for the States. States participation in the Indian Administrative service and the reorganisation of the Indian States Forces.

WORLD MONETARY FUND'S INDIA OFFICE

Headquarters Located In Bombay

BOMBAY, Thursday: The International Monetary Fund has established a regional office in India with headquarters at Bombay, Mr. B. R. Shenoy, formerly Director of Research, Reserve Bank of India, has been appointed as technical representative for the Far East of the International Monetary Fund.

Mr. Shenoy was recently in Washington for some months to study the working and the policy of the International Monetary Fund. During his stay in Washington, it is understood, the Fund authorities availed themselves of his advice on Indian affairs.

The appointment of a technical representative of the Fund in the Far East, it is stated, is indicative of the interest the Fund takes in monetary problems of the countries of the Far Eastern region. By this process, it is hoped to develop closer contacts with member countries and to strengthen their friendly relations with the fund. The technical representative of the Fund will provide a free flow of information on monetary and economic problems.

MEMBERS

Member countries in the Far Eastern region of the Fund are China, India, the Philippines and Thailand. Pakistan is expected to join the Fund in the near future. India is the fifth largest member of the fund, the first four being the United States of America, the United Kingdom, China and France.

Member countries have borrowed from the Fund over 725 million U.S. dollars (about rupees 242 crores). The assets of the Fund held in currencies of member countries or in gold exceed 8,000 million dollars.

The fund has two other regional offices—one at Paris and the other at Cairo—serving Europe and the Middle East respectively. A regional office for South America is under consideration.

India will shortly receive a loan from the International Monetary Fund which will be utilised for railroad, rehabilitation, certain agricultural and irrigation projects and two steel plants.

VICE-CONSULATE AT KANDAHAR

NEW DELHI, July 7. (P. T. I.): The Government of India have decided to open a Vice-Consulate at Kandahar, it was officially announced today.

Mr. Ram Chand Kalra has been appointed the first Indian Vice-Consul there.

INDIA'S LEAD IN DEALING WITH PROBLEM OF LEPROSY

Rev. Cochrane Pays Tribute To Indian Delegation

LONDON, July 6 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The view that the new drug, sulphone, used in the treatment of leprosy, was beginning to give satisfactory results, was expressed by Rev. G. Cochrane today.

He was speaking at a luncheon party given by Indian High Commissioner Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon to Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Indian Minister of Health and leader of the Indian delegation to the World Health Organisation conference which concluded its session recently in Rome.

Rev. Cochrane said that India had given a lead in dealing with the problem of leprosy. It was beginning to be realised that leprosy was a medical disease and not a social stigma.

He paid a tribute to Mahatma Gandhi's appreciation of the importance of work in the field of leprosy treatment.

COST OF TREATMENT

Rev. Chochrane said that through the old treatment of leprosy was not superseded, the new sulphone drug was expected to bring greater relief than hitherto to inefectives.

He added that it was most important for India that there should be a reduction in the price of drugs and he expressed the view that there was hope that within the next year the cost of treatment per case would be reduced to 20 rupees.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur stated that the Indian delegation had been able to interest the World Health Organisation in leprosy work.

GAIN CLINICAL EXPERIENCE

Mr. Aneuran Bevan, British Minister of Health, said that it was necessary for doctors to be seconded to India and other parts of the Commonwealth, to gain valuable clinical experience. He draw attention to the recent incident where smallpox cases were discovered on board a ship in a British harbour and the doctor found difficulty in distinguishing between the symptoms of chickenpox and smallpox. Mr. Bevan expressed gratification at the co-operation that exists today in many fields of beneficial activity between India and Britain.

CRISIS EXPECTED IN MADHYA BHARAT

Undeclared War

(From Our Own Correspondent).

GWALIOR, July 7.—In spite of the lull prevailing at present in Madhya Bharat, the possibility of another political crisis in the near future is not totally ruled out in informed circles. The internal rivalry between the two undeclared groups within the Madhya Bharat Provincial Congress can invite crisis at any moment.

It is an open secret now that the one group is being led by Shri Gopi Krishna Vijayaxargiya, the present Premier of Madhya Bharat, and the other group is being led by Shri Liladhar Joshi, the former Prime Minister.

Though neither of the groups or the groupleaders is prepared to accept the possibility of any crisis in the future or even the existence of any group politics within the Congress organisation, impartial political circles presume that the first crisis of the near future may follow the election of the Provincial Congress President in the last week of this month, when both the groups will put up their candidates to contest that election.

Shri Kashinath Trivedi, who was with Mahatma Gandhi at Wardha for several years in the past, is expected to contest this election on behalf of the Vijayavargiya group and Shri Kanhaiyalal Khadiwala or Shri Liladhar Joshi himself will stand against him on behalf of the rival group. As a result of this contest much bitterness is expected to spread among the Congress workers.

Another crisis is expected to follow this, when the Joshi group will, presumably, press its old demand of inclusion of Shri Yashvant Singh Kushwah, a hot favourite of Shri Joshi, in the present Cabinet of Shri Vijayavargiya which Shri Vijayavargiya is not expected to accept in any case.

This may, presumably, result in the resignation from the Cabinet of Shris Ramakrishna Dixit, Wishrilal Gangwal, Kaluram Virulkar, and Jagmohan Lal Shrivastav, said to be the representatives of the Joshi group in the present cabinet.

Both of these rival groups within the Provincial Congress have their staunch supporters in the daily newspapers of Indore. Both of them are said to be trying now to start one daily newspaper from Gwalior.

JUNAGADH NAWAB RUNS A HOTEL

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 7.

The Nawab of Junagadh, who has taken shelter in Pakistan, is reported to be running the local Carlton Hotel, one of the oldest and most spacious European-style hotels of the city.

Nawab Saheb is reported to have acquired this hotel quite recently at a cost of some lakhs of rupees. Besides, he has now started investing his funds in various other business in order to meet his heavy expenses. All his 'Begums' have been provided with separate bungalows in different quarters of the city, the maintenance of which has to be arranged by Nawab Saheb. Nawab Saheb has, however, reduced his personal expenditure to a bare minimum and has now only three servants with him.

Most of the Nawab Saheb's dogs have been sold away although he still continues to have a few selected ones with him.

GUERILLA FAUJ FOR PAKISTAN

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 7.

Apropos the recent Ordinance authorising nationals of other foreign countries to be enrolled in various wings of the Pakistan Army, a number of Czechs and Polish Nationals have already joined the Pakistan ranks in appreciable numbers while many more are expected to join in the near future.

It is learnt, Pakistan has, of late, been going on with this recruitment programme with much vigour in order to meet the expected war dangers in Kashmir and Afghanistan.

In this connection, it is further learnt that a 'Guerilla Fauj' of over a lakh strong has been created by Pakistan for the threatened war in Kashmir. Enrolment of this fauj has been made from amongst the residents of N.W.F.P., West Punjab and Azad Kashmir areas. Most of these Guerillas have already had their necessary training while the others are still reported to be receiving it in various centres opened for the purpose.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

APROPOS nothing in particular I remembered monkeys. Considering our simian ancestry, it seems natural enough. It should need no particular provocation to remember monkeys.

What did provoke my memory, however, was the case of the four monkeys which were 'arrested' at Karachi, as soon as they arrived there by a B.O.A.C. plane en route to Calcutta and were 'externed' from Pakistan. They were kept in an isolation hospital, taken to Basra, where they must wait in quarantine till the period of incubation for yellow fever is over before resuming their broken journey.

This surely is monkey business. If they had started their journey from Brussels, the other way round the Globe and come via the American Continent and the Pacific, they would have reached their destination in comfort, because yellow fever does not prevail among the 'yellow' races of what the Europeans term the Far East, but only among the Arabs of the Middle East.

Considering its dreaded nature, you cannot monkey with yellow fever. It is the juxtaposition of that verb with its noun root that proved the decider in my dilating upon the subject of the unfortunate monkeys.

The other day there was a report that an American professor had set out to streamline the English language. He was out to "reform" it in such a way that every letter will have the same sound and every word the same meaning all the time. There is not the slightest doubt that the English script is an odd affair, compared to our Sanskrit or Nagari script. In Sanskrit there is no spelling to be memorised, every letter in the alphabet has the same sound everywhere and there is a scientific segregation of vowels and consonants.

That is all very good. But you have to go to English for that elasticity which can make a verb out of a noun. See the ease with which the word 'monkeying' has been coined. It was Sir James Grigg, a renowned Finance Minister of India of the British days who gave political currency to that word by telling the Central Assembly that he would not tolerate any "monkeying" with the rupee ration. This earned him a cartoon by Shankar, showing Grigg as a runaway monkey which had pinched the rupee ration and climbed into an inaccessible branch of a high tree, while patriotic members of the Indian Assembly stood down and tried to hit it with futile badly aimed stones.

The way I have rambled off, no doubt amounts to monkeying with the subject of the monkeys with which I started. But that was bound to happen when I started by invoking our ancestors. After all monkeys cannot be expected to spot the subtle distinction between a Grumbler and a Rambler!

HEALTH OF BOMBAY CITY

Mortality Down

BOMBAY, Thursday.

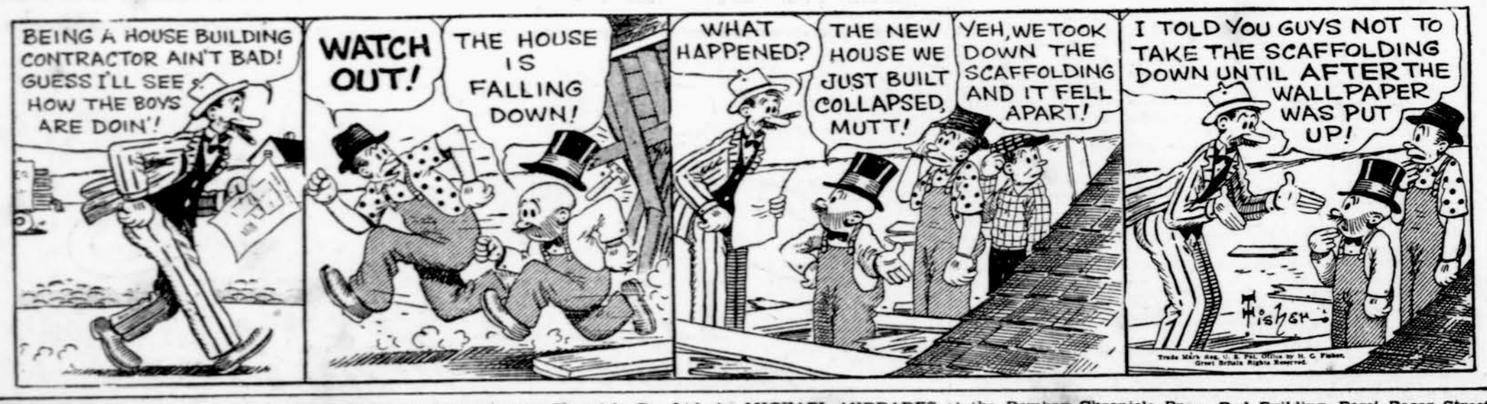
The mortality 779 of Bombay City was 13 less than in the preceding week and the death rate registered was 27.2 on the census population of 1941 as against 656 and 22.9 deaths and death rate respectively for the 27th week of 1948.

The present population is ascertained to be 27,40,933 and the death rate calculated on this population is 14.8. The average mortality for the corresponding week of the preceding quinquennium was 700 and the death rate 24.4 Out of the total deaths, 190 were among infants under one year of age.

Plague and Cholera were absent. Small-pox caused 15 attacks (including four imported one each from Kurla, Benaras, Ghodbundar and Bandra) and three deaths. There were 68 attacks (including seven cases imported, one each from Chembur and Benu (C.P.) and five from Navsari and 14 deaths from Typhoid fever.

Live births registered during the week were 1,087 and the birth rate was 37.9 as against 1,050 and 36.6 the births and birth rate respectively for the 27th week of 1948. The birth rate calculated on the present population (which is ascertained to be 27,40,933) comes to 20.6. The average number of births registered during the corresponding week of the quinquennium 1944-48 was 907 births.

MUTT AND JEFF—Sure Do Get Some Strong Colors In Wallpaper Nowadays — BY BUD FISHER


BEING A HOUSE BUILDING CONTRACTOR AIN'T BAD! GUESS I'LL SEE HOW THE BOYS ARE DOIN'!
WATCH OUT!
THE HOUSE IS FALLING DOWN!
WHAT HAPPENED?
THE NEW HOUSE WE JUST BUILT COLLAPSED, MUTT!
YEH, WE TOOK DOWN THE SCAFFOLDING AND IT FELL APART!
I TOLD YOU GUYS NOT TO TAKE THE SCAFFOLDING DOWN UNTIL AFTER THE WALLPAPER WAS PUT UP!
Fisher

Fair Referendum Impossible In Pondicherry Now

MADRAS, July 7. (U. P. I.): An emphatic assertion that in the atmosphere prevailing in the South Indian French settlements at present, it would be impossible to hold a fair and free referendum, was made by Mr. D. Zeevarathinam, Vice-President of the Pondicherry National Liberation Front, who is on a short visit to Madras, in the course of an interview to the United Press of India.

Mr. Zeevarathinam said that in some locality or other in Pondicherry there was daily hooliganism even before six months of the date of referendum, and the French police was not intervening in any of the incidents. He added that if the referendum was to be conducted in a calm atmosphere and if the actual verdict of the people was to be obtained, Indian police should be posted at strategic points to ensure safety to the voters.

He felt that such measures could be taken only after diplomatic talks between the Government of India and the French Governments. If the French Government stood for a fair referendum, as they professed to do, they should have no objection to the above arrangement, Mr. Zeevarathinam added.

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.